THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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RUSSIANS AT ONE ANOTHER'S THROATS

Lloyd-George Tired of Entente Mistakes

ERROR HAS PUSHED ON HEELS OF ERROR, SAYS THE PREMIER

Lloyd-George Declares He Had Made Up His Mind to No Longer Accept Responsibility Unless There Was Change.

MISFORTUNE OF ITALY MAY SAVE THE ENTENTE

By Forcing Unity Among Foes of Germany, the Lack of Which Has Been Responsible for Disasters. Particularism Has Cursed Allied Cause.

Paris, November 12.—"A single front, a single army, a single nation—that is the program requisite for future victory," said Premier Painleve at a luncheon today in honor of David Lloyd-George, the British prime minister, who has just returned from the Italian war zone, and Signor Baronini, Italian minister of education. "If after forty months of war, after all the lessons the war has taught us, the allies were not capable of that sacred international union, then in spite of their sacrifices they would not be worthy of victory."

In discussing the manner of accomplishment of this fusion, to which the allies have long aspired, M. Painleve said:

"The enemies' alliance realized unity of effort by brutal discipline, one of the peoples among them having mastered the others and rendered them serviceable. But we are free peoples. We do not admit of subjection to other peoples in time of war. That independence is at the same time a source of strength and weakness of strength, because there is a capacity for resistance which is unknown to subject peoples, and of weakness because it renders more difficult co-ordination of military operations. To reconcile this independence with the need for unity of direction which is required to achieve an efficacious war policy will be the work of the inter-allied war committee, or of the superior war council just created by the allies."

Lloyd-George on the Situation.

Premier Lloyd-George, alluding to a centralized direction of the allied efforts, said:

"Unfortunately we did not have time to consult the United States or Russia before creating this council. The Italian disaster necessitated action without delay to repair it. This made it indispensable to commence right now with the powers whose forces may be employed on the Italian front.

"But, in order to assure the complete success of this great experiment, which I believe is essential to the victory of our cause, it will be necessary that all our great allies be represented in the deliberations. I am persuaded that we shall obtain the consent of these two great countries, and their co-operation in the work of the inter-allied council."

Mr. Lloyd-George developed at considerable length the reasons for not taking the step earlier. He referred to "timidities and susceptibilities" when it came to treating questions on any front not commanded by generals

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Army of Hunters Bag One Little Possum for Billy

Sunday and His Party Enjoy Outing Arranged by Dr. McConnell at Big Pinehurst Plantation.

By Ned McIntosh.

Thomaston, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—The biggest 'possum hunting party that ever sallied forth into the night in Georgia was organized at the big country home of Rev. Lincoln McConnell, 13 miles from here, tonight to initiate Billy Sunday and his co-workers into real pleasure of the sport. More than 150 people, led by experienced negro 'possum hunters and a pack of a score of hounds, gave chase for hours through the woods and cotton patches on Dr. McConnell's big plantation and so far as the eye of the chronicler of the mighty chase has actually observed, caught one 'possum, slightly larger than a three-weeks-old kitten! Members of the party which went in other directions, strongly aver that four 'possums were caught.

Certain it is that Billy Sunday saw but one 'possum caught, but he saw everything there was to see about the process, and he followed the details of the capture with the interest of a child.

The Sunday party, consisting of Billy and Ma and George and Mrs. George, Mrs. Asher, Miss Kinney, Bob Matthews, George Outlaw, Rody and Rody's trombone arrived in Barnesville about 2:30 o'clock after a two hours' train trip from Atlanta. They were accompanied by a small army of newspaper men.

Present for Billy.

At the station they were met by Dr. and Mrs. McConnell and Mr. McNeese, cashier of the Yatesville Banking company. Billy and Dr. McConnell had met before and Dr. McConnell and Rody were old chums, so everything was lovely right from the kick-off. As Billy says, "half the population of Barnesville was out at the station to see Billy." They held aloof for quite a spell, till York Mabry, an old ante-bellum negro who sell peanuts at the station, broke the ice by presenting the great evangelist with a bag of Pike county goobers.

In cars the entire party was taken across country 21 miles to "Pinehurst," the beautiful country home of Dr. McConnell, arriving at 4 o'clock. Ma and George and Mrs. George and Billy and the rest of the party were taken upon a tour of inspection of the turnip patch and the two big bay mules in the barn and the Duroc pig in the barnyard and the electric light plant and the water plant and everything around the farm. A jumping contest was staged in the back yard, in which George made a record of 7 feet, and Mrs. Asher made a record of 2½ feet, and by the time Mrs. McConnell announced supper everybody was more than ready. Great heavens! Such a supper! Rody wanted a job as hired hand for the rest of his life, and Billy declared he believed he'd buy a farm nearby.

Some Prize Hunters.

After supper the neighbors began to come in from a score of miles around and by 6 o'clock a small army had gathered in the yard. There was a powerful baying of dogs and bustling about of negroes who were anxious for the honor of acting as guide to "Mister Billy."

There was Dr. M'Connell's prize possum-hunting negro, "Bunk," whose very voice is said to send the chill of doom into the hearts of a 'possum, and Bob Hightower, Jr., was over from Thomaston with Shaw Rogers, who is reputed to be the real champion 'possum hunter of all these parts.

When the hunters filed down the big road from the house, armed with blazing light wood tourches, it looked like a democratic election procession. Pretty soon everybody left the road and dived into the depths of the piny woods. Within fifteen minutes a deep-voiced chorus of hounds a few hundred yards away announced that the first 'possum had been "treed." There was a tremendous scramble and rush through the woods to get there in time to see this monster which Shaw and his dogs had surrounded. Leading the rush was Billy Sunday, and Ma and the rest

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METHODISTS MAKE BUT FEW CHANGES IN CITY PULPITS

Rev. Marvin Williams Comes to Grace Church, Succeeding Rev. Luke Johnson, Who Goes to Newnan.

BODY IS ADDRESSED BY BISHOP CANDLER

Rev. C. M. Lippham Succeeds Rev. L. W. Collins at Calvary — Few Other Changes.

LaGrange, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—Concluding the final session of the North Georgia conference, Bishop Candler addressed the body at some length, regarding the difficulties encountered in arranging all the appointments, declaring that the very best possible had been done for the men and the different churches.

Greatest interest centered in the appointments for the Atlanta churches, where comparatively few changes were made. Rev. Luke G. Johnson is succeeded at Grace church by Rev. Marvin Williams, while he goes to Newnan. Rev. L. W. Collins is succeeded at cavalry by Rev. C. M. Lippham, who comes from Calhoun, while Mr. Collins goes to Manchester to succeed Rev. J. F. Robert, who succeeds Mr. Williams at Greensboro. Rev. Wallace Rogers and Dr. Fletcher Walton exchange places at Park Street and Druid Hills churches. Dr. C. O. Jones, Dr. J. E. Dickey, Dr. W. R. Hendrix, Dr. J. A. Sharp and Rev. R. A. Edmondson all return to their former charges as this year.

Other important changes that are of conference-wide interest are those of Rev. S. A. Harris, who goes from Elberton to Cartersville, exchanging places with Rev. J. G. Logan. Rev. S. E. Wasson leaves First church, Rome, to go to LaGrange, while he is succeeded by Rev. T. R. Kendall, Jr., while Rev. T. J. Christian succeeds him at Covington. All the presiding elders are returned to their districts and many other pominent men are also returned to their pastorate, as Dr. S. R. Belk, at Athens; Revs. J. S. Jenkins and A. M. Pierce, both at Augusta; Dr. J. D. Hammond, at Dalton; Rev. G. M. Eakes, at Gainesville; Rev. W. P. King, at Griffin; Rev. R. G. Smith, at Marietta; Rev. M. S. Williams, at Oxford. The full list of all the appointments is as follows:

Full Appointment List.

Athens District.

S. P. Wiggins, presiding elder.

Appalachee, J. R. Jordon; Athens, First church, S. R. Belk; Athens, Oconee Street, A. S. Hutchison; Athens, Young Harris Memorial, A. J. Sears; Athens Circuit, J. S. Askew; Bishop, L. W. Neff; Broad River, F. S. Hudson; Buckhead, J. W. Stephens; Green Circuit, W. H. Speer; Greensboro, J. F. Roberts; Lexington, L. P. Huckaby; Little River, J. R. Allen; Madison, H. B. Mays; Princeton Mission, W. B. Mills; B. H. Smith, junior preacher. Rutledge, V. A. Roark; Sharon, M. B. Whittaker; Union Point, W. W. Benson; Washington, G. S. Frazier; Watkinsville, W. W. Carroll; West Wilkes, C. S. Martin; White Plains and Siloam, N. A. White; Winterville and Cherokee Corner, G. D. Stone; district commissioner of education, G. S. Frazer.

North Atlanta District.

J. H. Eakes, presiding elder.

Atlanta, Center Street and Howell Mill, M. L. Underwood; Atlanta, Collins Memorial and Maysons, F. J. Mashburn; Atlanta, Decatur and Orphans' Home, J. M. Tumlin; Atlanta, Druid Hills, Wallace Rogers; Atlanta, Epworth, J. A. Gray; Atlanta, English avenue and Bethany, J. L. Jones, supply; Atlanta, First church, J. E. Dickey; Atlanta, Grace, Marvin Williams; Atlanta, Inman Park, R. C. Cleckler; Atlanta, Jefferson Street, to be supplied; Atlanta, Mount Vernon, Claude Hendrick; Atlanta, Oakhurst, C. B. Drake; Atlanta, Payne Memorial, H. M. Quillian; Atlanta, St. James, H. E. Stipe; Atlanta, St. Mark's, W. R. Hendrix; Atlanta, Wesley Memorial, J. A. Sharp; Dunwoody, B. H. Green; Lawrenceville, W. Dunbar; Loganville, Walter Millican; Norcross Circuit, V. B. Hambrick; Norcross and Prospect, G. P. Gary; Redan Circuit, J. H. Allison; Stone Mountain, E. G. Thomasson; superintendent of Orphans' home, J. M. Hawkins, Decatur, Q. C.; professor in Emory university, H. H. Harris, Wesley Memorial, Q. C.; president Missionary Training school, J. A. Sharp; conference secretary of education, C. C. Jarrell; district commissioner of education, J. E. Dickey; commissioner of education for Emory university, C. C. Jarrell, Druid Hill Q. C.; students in Emory university, C. P. Harris, Wesley Memorial, Q. C.; Army Y. M. C. A. secretaries, J. H. Barton and R. E. Rutland.

South Atlanta District.

Atlanta, Bonnie Brae, J. L. Allgood; Atlanta, Calvary and Bethel, C. M. Lippham; one to be supplied, W. H. Boring; Atlanta, Capitol View, E. M. Burks; Atlanta, College Park, J. F. Yarbrough; Atlanta, East Point and Gate City Mills,

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Constant Cannonade Along New Line Held By the Italian Army

Austro - German Invaders Have Reached East Bank of Piave River and Italians Are in Battle Array on the West Bank.

ITALIANS STOUTLY HOLD ON THEIR ENTIRE FRONT

The Invaders, However, Have Not Yet Brought Up Their Heavy Artillery. Berlin Claims 14,000 More Italians Have Been Captured.

New York, November 12.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—The Italians and the Austro-German armies are in battle array along the Piave river from the hilly region in the north to the Adriatic sea—the Italians on the western side and the enemy along the eastern bank.

The main army of the Austro-Hungarians and Germans has taken the place of tre advanced guard which has been scattered along the stream for several days, and already throughout the entire region the guns of both sides are engaged in duels. Thus far, however, the enemy is using only 5-inch guns, having been unable as yet to bring his heavier pieces into action. The guns of the Italians consist in considerable numbers of those they were able to bring back with them during the retreat from the Isonzo front.

ITALIANS HOLDING PIAVE RIVER LINE.

The Italians are stoutly holding the line along the Piave, and also in the region running westward through the hilly country from the vicinity of Feltre to the Sette Comuni. Several attempts made by the enemy to pierce the northern front and encircle the Italian left wing have failed.

The Berlin official communication asserts that on the upper Piave, 10,000 Italians have been cut off and forced to surrender, and also that the Teutonic allies have pressed southwestward from Belluno and now are standing before the town of Feltre, on the west bank of the Piave. It is considered possible that the enemy may make an attempt to press southward from this region along the valley and the railroad, but the Italians here are entrenched in strong positions which apparently cannot be taken except under heavy losses.

On the battle fronts in France and Belgium comparative calm prevails, except for the usual artillery activity and raiding operations.

TURKS RETREAT IN PALESTINE.

In Palestine the Turks who have been pushed back on numerous sectors by the British forces under General Allenby, now are preparing defensive positions twenty miles southwest of Jerusalem, near Hebron. The British, however, are using their mounted troops, and again have made some progress toward El Tine. Scottish infantry also has attacked the enemy's right flank successfully and captured a number of machine guns.

Gas masks are being worn by the American troops in the trenches in France as a result of the Germans using gas shells against them. Both the Americans and the Germans are using considerable quantities of shrapnel against opposing positions.

The supplementary report from general headquarters tonight reads:

"In Cordevole valley, west of Belluno, 4,000 Italian prisoners were taken."

ITALIANS CHECK TEUTON ADVANCE ON THE PIAVE LINE

Italian Headquarters in Northern Italy, November 12.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Italians are holding the Austro-German advance on the Piave line. Early reports from the front today were favorable. Heavy shelling is in progress all along the new front.

The Italians are entenched back of the west bank of the Piave river, and the Austro-German force now is taking the place of the advanced guard on the east bank. The strip of water between the opposing lines is about half a mile, widening to some points to a mile.

Cannonade Is Continuous

An observer just back from a tour

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SUNDAY WORKERS REST ON MONDAY

Billy and Other Members of His Party Go to Thomaston to Hunt 'Possum. Two Services Today.

Billy Sunday's workers took a day off Monday—all except Billy. Instead of resting, Billy went down to Thomaston for a 'possum hunt—the first he had ever tackled, and it's needless to say that Billy'll have some experiences to relate on his return. There will be two services today, at 2:30 and 7:30 o'clock.

Walter Candler, treasurer of the Atlanta campaign committee, Monday gave out a statement of the finances of the Sunday meetings:

.03 Cents to the Person.

"Atlanta is still a long way behind other cities in its offerings," he said. "There have been over 100,000 persons to attend the Sunday meetings at the tabernacle, and the free-will offerings haven't averaged .03 cents to the person. The Sunday tabernacle in New York got a reputation of being the 'tabernickel.' Atlanta can't even come up to this, yet."

But Mr. Candler and J. K. Orr, of the same committee, are expecting things to change out tabernacle way. There must be a lot more quarters put into the tin pans as they are passed by ushers, and some soft money, too—meaning bills.

Mr. Candler made it plain that Billy Sunday wasn't going to get one cent of the money until the last day, when a Billy offering will be taken. He will receive only what is given on that day to him.

Miss Alice Miriam Gamlin couldn't afford to spend the entire day, Monday, resting, but held a meeting of Sunday school workers at the First Baptist church, last night. She addressed them on "Soul-Winning Opportunities of the Sunday School."

Patronize Cafeteria.

The Sunday force wants the public to patronize the cafeteria at the tabernacle more than has been done. It's getting so one can't get a seat in the tabernacle thirty minutes before the meetings begin, and a business man needn't go home to supper at all. He can just board a street car, get off at the cafeteria, eat his lunch, and get a seat by 7 o'clock and be ready for the singing that precedes Billy's sermons at 7:30 o'clock each night.

Sunday morning's collection at the tabernacle was the biggest yet recorded. A total of $1,038.59 was given. This was equal to the total amount given at all three meetings of the Sunday prior —the first day of Billy's appearance in Atlanta.

SQUIERS INSPECTS AVIATION SCHOOL

Major General, Commanding U. S. Signal Corps, Expresses Unqualified Approval of Work at Tech.

After a thorough inspection of the aviation school yesterday afternoon Major General George O. Squiers, commanding the U. S. Signal corps, expressed his unqualified approval of the plant at Tech and of the men being trained there for the flying service.

General Squiers has been on an inspection tour. He will leave Atlanta for Washington, D. C., today.

Upon his arrival here he went directly to the Georgian Terrace with his aide-de-camp, Major Stedman S. Hanks, following which they went to the aviation school. In the evening General Squiers was the guest of Major General Eben Swift, commander of the Eighty-second division at Camp Gordon.

"Nothing of significance to my visit," said General Squiers last night. "General Swift and I are old-time friends, and it was just a visit to a friend. I had dinner with General Swift at his house at the camp."

General Squiers is head of the signal section of the entire U. S. army. In addition to the aviation students at Georgia Tech under his command there is a section of the Signal corps stationed at Camp Gordon.

PROBLEM OF TAXES WILL BE DISCUSSED BY WORLD EXPERTS

Men of National Importance Are Here for Eleventh Convention of the National Tax Association.

"COUNCIL OF STATES" OPENS ANNUAL SESSION

Governor Catts, of Florida, Delivers Patriotic Address—Judge John Hart and Others Make Interesting Talks.

With 150 delegates, representing practically every state in the union, in attendance, the first meeting of the Council of States, an organization which has for its purpose the economic readjustment of the state and federal taxes of the United States, was held in the convention hall of the Piedmont hotel last night.

Figures of national importance in both social and political economy are here to attend the convention, and the eleventh annual convention of the organization which helped to give it birth—the National Tax association, which will hold its first meeting this morning.

Samuel T. Howe, of Kansas, president of the national association, presided at the meeting last night. Judge John Hart, of the Georgia state tax commission, made the welcome address to the association, in which he assured them of the hearty support of Georgia in the task before them of practically revolutionizing the system of taxes in some parts of the country.

Officers Are Elected.

Zenas W. Bliss, of Providence, R. I., was unanimously elected temporary chairman of the convention, while Charles E. Tobin, of New York, was elected secretary. Mr. Bliss is former lieutenant governor of Rhode Island, and is at present a member of the state tax commission of New York, secretary-treasurer of the New York National Tax association and a delegate to the national convention here.

Scintillating with patriotism and enthusiasm for anything which will help America, the address of Governor Gordon Catts, of Florida, was met with by ovation after ovation, and Dr. Bliss, in remarking on the deviation from the program, said that he felt sure there were none who were not glad of the opportunity to hear Florida's chief executive, who promised to do all in his power to have the state legislature adopt measures recommended by the council.

Edward A. Dickson, of the California board of control, spoke on "The History and Purposes of Council of States." He told of how the organization was really born at the first meeting of the National Tax association ten years ago, and of the part which California played, as a direct result of which the present convention is being held. Governor Stephens, of California, recommended to the state legislature that they indorse such a movement, which they did, and he then, with the assistance of Dr. Howe, presented the matter to the governors of all states with the result that forty-four are represented at the council.

Relation in Taxation.

Professor Thomas W. Page, of the University of Virginia, delivered an admirable address on "The Relation of Federal to State Taxation." There is no relation at present, he observed, between the two; that heretofore the government has had certain grades of taxation form which it secured its revenue, chief of which are export duties and taxes on cigars, liquors and cigarettes; that it had seldom extended its scope to touch things within the state itself, but that it had a right to do so if it so desired, but that in the past the sources mentioned have supplied the government with sufficient funds to carry on its work.

But now, he continued, with the increase in expense to carry on the war, it will be necessary to tax a great many more things, and that if some method of equalization is ont established, certain industries and lines of business will be forced to bear the burden of the taxation.

Dr. Howe in his introductory talk, spoke along the lines of progress which has attended the history of the United States, and said that it has become necessary to make some changes in federal as well as state laws, as the framers of the constitution of the United States did not take into consideration the development in the modern times of railroads and street car lines, automobiles and telephones, hence laws of interstate commerce must necessarily undergo some changes.

One of the most interesting talks of the evening was made by Professor Fred Rogers Fairchild, of Yale university, secretary of the National Tax association, on "Why the States Must Take the Initiative in Working Out Adjustment of Tax Jurisdiction."

Hampered by Lack of Means.

He showed that the people of the United States are greatly inconven-

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KERENSKY FORCES ENGAGE RADICALS IN FIERCE BATTLE

Nelson Morris, United States Minister to Sweden, Hears Battle Was Fought Near Gatchina, But Result Has Not Been Learned.

FACTIONS ARE FIGHTING IN PETROGRAD STREETS

It Is Claimed the Followers of Kerensky Have Been Worsted in the Capital, Washington Officials Believe Radicals Will Be Overthrown.

Stockholm, November 12.—A bloody encounter has taken place near Gatchina between soldiers from the front, headed by Premier Kerensky and Bolsheviki forces from Petrograd, according to advices which have reached Ira Nelson Morris, the American minister, from reliable sources.

The result of the battle was not reported to Mr. Morris.

It is reported that M. Kerensky is still issuing proclamations as premier and that strong forces are rallying against the Bolsheviki, General Caldonies, former hetman of the Cossacks, has announced his refusal to recognize the Leninites, and Maxim Gorky is issuing daily bulletins against them. The committee of public safety which was appointed by the mayor and city duma has secured the support of the Mensheviki social revolutionists and the Bourgeoise parties generally, and also is receiving support from the railway employees' union and the central railway committee.

The committee of public safety sent an emissary to treat with the sailors of the fleet. He has reported that the sailors already are showing dissatisfaction with Lenine.

The reports also say that the committee has issued an appeal to the city population and to the city militia to abstain from violence against the Bolsheviki, who have the support of the sailors and 50,000 soldiers of the Petrograd garrison, and to await a peaceful solution of the situation.

All the ministers of the provisional government who were arrested at the commencement of the revolt have been released, except Forign Minister Terestchenko and one other. The banks in Petrograd are still closed, but the shops are open.

PETROGRAD HELD BY THE RADICALS.

Petrograd, November 12.—12:30 p. m.) Petrograd is still in the hands of the

Canada Calls 332,301 Men In Class A Under the Draft And 310,736 Ask Exemption

Ottawa, November 12.—For the call to arms of Class A men under the military service act there were registered 332,301 men, of which, when the incomplete figures were tabulated at the close of the period for which registration was possible there were 310,736 claims for exemption.

Weather Prophecy
PARTLY CLOUDY.

Washington—Forecast:
Georgia—Partly cloudy Tuesday, local rains east portion; Wednesday fair.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	56
Lowest temperature	49
Mean temperature	52
Normal temperature	53
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.27
Deficiency since 1st of month, ins.	.78
Excess since January 1, inches	2.79

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches
ATLANTA, cldy	53	56	.27
Baltimore, clear	56	66	.00
Birmingham, cldy	52	56	.01
Boston, clear	38	50	.00
Buffalo, clear	34	38	.00
Charleston, clear	60	74	.00
Chicago, cldy	44	44	.00
Denver, clear	48	54	.00
Des Moines, cldy	42	46	.00
Galveston, clear	64	70	.00
Hatteras, clear	58	70	.00
Jacksonville, clear	64	74	.00
Kansas City, rain	40	44	.00
Knoxville, cldy	54	60	.14
Louisville, cldy	44	56	.00
Memphis, cldy	56	56	.02
Miami, clear	72	78	.00
Mobile, clear	64	72	.00
Montgomery, p. c.	56	66	.01
Nashville, cldy	60	62	.28
New Orleans, clear	64	68	.00
New York, cldy	48	58	.00
Pittsburg, p. c.	44	56	.00
Portland, Ore., cldy	54	54	.20
Raleigh, clear	64	72	.00
San Francisco, clear	60	66	.00
St. Louis, cldy	44	44	.00
Shreveport, clear	64	68	.00
Spokane, rain	50	52	.08
Tampa, pt. cldy	70	76	.00
Toledo, cldy	38	42	.02
Vicksburg, clear	60	68	.00
Washington, clear	50	56	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

This Minister Knows Where to Get Best Presentation of Billy Sunday Sermons

Editor Constitution: You are to be congratulated by thousands of your readers outside of Atlanta for the service you are rendering them in publishing each day in full the sermons of Billy Sunday, **delivered,** even up to the night before.

The fact that you publish them in FULL, makes them much more interesting and valuable than if published only in part.

These messages are easily filed for future reference, because of the admirable way you present them on two pages instead of scattering them throughout the paper.

While Mr. Sunday was in Boston I took the leading paper of that city during his meeting in order to get his sermons and keep up with his work, but your service is far ahead of that given by that Boston paper.

Because you are rendering this splendid service to me and thousands of your readers out of the city of Atlanta, I take this means of expressing to you my personal appreciation of this valuable and interesting matter.

Rev. Alexis D. Kendrick,
Pastor First Baptist Church,
Americus, Ga.

Take Your Purchases Home With You and Help the Red Cross!

Bolshevil after desperate street battles Sunday in which a handful of military cadets were exterminated or captured by members of the Bolsheviki, upon whom they inflicted considerable losses.

The committee of public safety agents have gone to Gatchina to try to arrange a compromise between the Kerensky forces and the Bosheviki.

Early Sunday morning the cadets surprised the small group of Bolsheviki at the central telephone exchange and, backed by armored motor cars, forced the Bolsheviki to surrender. Until nearly dusk the Grand Morkaia was the scene of a battle between Bolsheviki troops and cadets to the number of about one hundred, who were firing from windows and supported by a machine gun in the armored car in the street in front of the building. The cadets surrendered when they had exhausted their ammunition.

On the Nevsky prospect cadets with an armored car also tried to make a stand and precipitated another battle in which most of them were killed or made prisoner. The cadets apparently were the same as those who were defending the winter palace Wednesday night and who were permitted their liberty by the Bolsheviki troops after the surrender of the place. In spite of sporadic firing crowds filled the Nevsky prospect, rushing to cover when it became necessary, but otherwise going about as though nothing unusual were happening. All the streets leading into the Morskaia in the vicinity of the telephone station contained crowds of curious persons who fled at every outburst of shooting, but returned to their posts of observation when lulls occurred. It is believed there were many victims of the fighting in the Morkaia.

From the windows of the Associated Press headquarters, situated a half block distant, an officer was observed to fall in the street, apparently dead. An an-looker hiding in a doorway was struck by a glancing bullet and wounded in the arm. The ambulances were kept busy.

New proclamations, both by the Bolsheviki and the adherents of Kerensky, appeared at intervals throughout the day. They called on the people and the troops to support this or that side and attracted crowds wherever posted. It is reported that one of the proclamations, signed by Kerensky and dated Gatchina, was dropped from an airplane.

MOSCOW FACTIONS COME TO TERMS.

London, November 12.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company sends the following:

"After heavy fighting at Moscow, in which there were 700 casualties, the parties came to terms on the basis of the creation of a socialistic government, including Bolsheviki.

"The Ptarograd Railway union sent an ultimatum to the workers' and soldiers' delegates and the safety of the country committee, demanding that they effect conciliation by organizing all the democratic power, otherwise the unon will call a general strike. The Bolsheviki agreed to this, but the other democratic groups were unwilling to negotiate with the Bolsheviki until they entirely surrendered. Negotiations, however, were resumed and the Railway union deferred the strike for 12 hours.

"The Bolsheviki have their offensive attitude, and now consider themselves in the position of organizers of defense revolutionists against the armies of Kerensky, Korniloff and Kaledines. The Petrograd garrison has eletced a special committee to guarantee the safety of the populace. Army headquarters express themselves in favor of a combination of the democratic groups."

CIVIL WAR SEEMS LIKELY.

London, November 12.—A Reuter dispatch from Stockholm says that travelers arriving on the frontier from Russia report that the attempt of Nikolai Lenine to form a cabinet in Petrograd failed, that the foreign office officials reused to accept Leon Trotzky as foreign minister and that in Moscow another government has been proclaimed and it is feared that there will be much bloodshed.

In Finland the travelers are reported as saying the situation is desperate. Anarchy is on the increase and acts of violence and even murder committed on the streets by the maxamilists are frequent occurrences.

AMERICAN SUPPLIES GOING TO RUSSIA.

Washington, November 12.—One of the encouraging signs seen here in today's news from Russia is the mention of Professor Paul N. Milukoff as one of those associated with the new provisional government rising at Moscow. Professor Milukoff, who was foreign minister in the original provisional government formed after the overthrow of the czar, is regarded here as one of the strongest men in Russia.

Confidence is stronger than ever among officials and diplomats that the Bolsheviki soon will be driven out of control at Petrograd and that in time a government really representative of Russia's aspirations will take the reins with a firmer grip than the Kerensky regime was able to establish.

It is predicted that while Premier Kerensky will continue to be one of the chief figures in the reorganized ministry, he will not again exercise the almost dictatorial powers he assumed when he became commander-in-chief of the army.

In spite of the unsettled state of Russian affairs, plans for shipment of supplies from this country are going forward. Contracts were approved today for 2,000,000 pairs of shoes for the Russian government at a conference of manufacturers, the Russian purchasing commission and representatives of the council of national defense. It is understood, however, that the contracts will not be signed immediately, the Russian commissionerse being given an opportunity to communicate with their government and await developments.

Beautify Your Complexion

Not artificially, but permanently, by drinking a glass of this delicious digestant with each meal

Shivar Ale

PURE DIGESTIVE AROMATICS WITH SHIVAR MINERAL WATER AND GINGER

Clarifies and puts roses and beauty in sallow cheeks of old and young. At all grocers and druggists. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded on first dozen.

Bottled and guaranteed by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Spring, Shelton, S. C. If your regular dealer cannot supply you telephone

McCORD-STEWART CO.
Distributors for Atlanta and Vicinity.

NEGLECTED COLDS ARE DANGEROUS

Play Safe! Prevent Serious Illness by promptly administering Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.

Prompt use of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey does more than break up your cough. It may be the "ounce of prevention" that saves you dangerous sickness. Doctors declare the common cold one of the serious diseases, with results like pneumonia and tuberculosis which cause a large portion of human mortality.

For years Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey has been remarkably successful with coughs, colds, grippe, croup and throat, chest or bronchial troubles. Time has proved its healing balsams will soothe and relieve irritation, breathing will be easier, while its antiseptic properties kill the germs which caused infection and are retarding recovery. Children like it.

That "putting off treatment" is dangerous. At the first sign of a cough, start taking Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.

Tear this ad. out and take it to your druggist with 25c and he will give you the genuine Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. —(adv.)

LIEUT. T. B. GRAY KILLED IN AUTO TRUCK CRASH

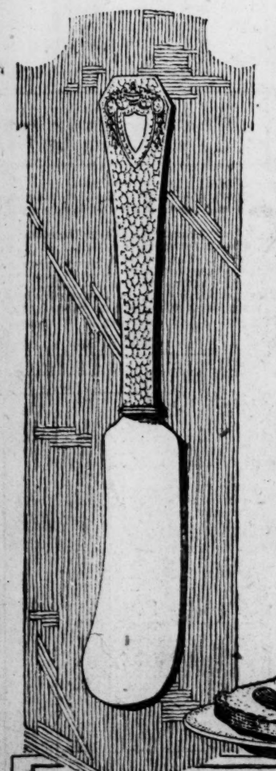
Little Rock, Ark., November 12.—Lieutenant Tillman B. Gray, of Montrose, Miss., was fatally injured here today when an automobile truck on which he and three other officers were riding plunged over an embankment on the road to Fort Roots. He died in the fort hospital four hours later. The other officers were not seriously injured. The accident was due to the giving way of a retaining wall of the road. Lieutenant Gray was with the 346th infantry regiment of the national army.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

1847—Seventy Year Plate—1917

1847 ROGERS BROS.
SILVERWARE



INDIVIDUAL butter spreaders are quite essential to correct table settings.

In the Heraldic Pattern, they add an additional note of distinctiveness common to this design which follows closely the hand-hammered work of the early silversmiths. Hollow ware also may be had in this same pattern.

Like all 1847 ROGERS BROS. designs, the beauty of the Heraldic Pattern has that essential foundation of quality based on seventy years of experience in the making of silverware.

Sold by leading dealers with an unqualified guarantee.

INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY
MERIDEN, CONN.

Wilson Sending Message to Boys In the Trenches

Gov. Beeckman Carries President's Greetings. Governor and Wife to Fly From London to Paris.

London, November 12.—Governor R. L. Beeckman, of Rhode Island, arrived in London today on his way to France, where he will deliver a personal message from President Wilson to the American troops, and the greetings of the people of the New England states to their sons in the United States army contingent. The governor, who is accompanied by Mrs. Beeckman, said to the Associated Press today:

"We plan to fly from London to Paris. Just when and where we will start cannot be divulged, owing to military requirements. I will fly in one machine and Mrs. Beeckman in another. We will start at the same time and expect to be in Paris about four hours later. Mrs. Beeckman is an experienced flier, having been up seven times in the United States. I have never flown.

"My reason for the proposed flight is simply that I want to face some dangers, when our brave boys in France are facing so many. I reasoned that they daily are taking such greater risks, and I thought that nothing would hearten them more than the knowledge that one of their governors took a sportsman's chance to bring them greetings from President Wilson and the people of New England."

Before leaving the United States Mr. Beeckman saw President Wilson, whose parting words were: "Tell our boys my greatest wish is that I might be with them."

NEW ARMY DRAFT RULES WILL SOON BE MAILED

They Will Be in Hands of Boards Next Week to Govern Future Calls.

Washington, November 12.—Copies of the new army draft regulations came off the press today for a final reading preparatory to mailing to the local exemption boards throughout the country. They will be in the hands of all boards next week to govern all future drafts.

Under the new plan the burden of applying information which will result in his being placed in his proper classification under the selective service law rests squarely upon the individual registrant.

All instructions now in the hands of the boards will be annulled upon the receipt of the new regulations, which are greatly reduced in extent and simplified in process.

Included in the new book is everything bearing on the draft processes as now organized, from the time the questionnaire to be sent to each registrant are filled out and returned to the boards, until accepted men are actually in the military service. Each book carries a copy of the statutes and also a verified copy of the master list of the drawing.

The questionnaire process will eliminate from considreation for military service probably 95 per cent of the men who would have been discharged or exempted under the old plan. Under the first call the average board was compelled to examine five men to obtain one for service. In some cases not more than one out of ten or twelve were sent to the camps.

It is exected that under the new scheme the average figures will be reversed, and at most, not more than one man in the five called up will fail to pass his physical examination and be repected.

The American Bar association and the American Medical association are at work now organizing the lawyers and doctors to aid registrants in their vicinity in filling out their questionnaires. With the aid of these associations it is hoped a high percentage of the questionnaires will come back in such form that the bords will have little more than a rubber stamp proceeding left to select the men to fill any call.

JURY NOT YET SECURED FOR TRIAL OF DAN SHAY

Indianapolis, Ind., November 13.—The jury for the trial of Dan Shay, former manager of the Milwaukee American Association baseball club, charged with murder, had not been completed when court adjourned tonight. It is believed the final jurors will be selected tomorrow and that which may be put on the stand in the afternoon.

Among questions asked prospective jurors otday were whether they had knowledge to a fund being raised for Shay's defense and whether they were baseball fans. Other questions indicated that Shay will plead self-defense.

The former baseball manager is under indictment for second degree murder, which in Indiana is punishable by life imprisonment. He is charged with killing a negro waiter in a local hotel cafe during a quarrel, the exact cause of which has not been brought out.

COMRADE TELLS HOW FAY ESCAPED FROM PRISON

Columbia, S. C., November 12.—Albert Orth, owner and publisher of The Deutsche Zeitung in Charleston, was placed on trial in the federal court here today, being charged with assisting Robert Fay and William Knobloch to effect their escape from the federal prison in Atlanta and with wilfully harboring Fay to prevent his discovery and arrest.

A pardon from President Wilson was introduced in the court to qualify Knobloch to testify. After reciting the manner in which the two men escaped from the prison and their various adventures until Knobloch arrived in Charleston, the witness testified that Orth told him "Fay was now making a new kind of bomb."

Fay was serving an eight-year sentence for conspiracy to destroy vessels in American harbors and Knobloch's sentence, imposed for using the mails to defraud, had almost expired.

Saving the Wheat is fun when a feller can have POST TOASTIES —Bobby (Made of Corn)



TWO AVIATORS KILLED WHEN AIRPLANE FALLS

Lieut. Johnson and Sergt. Maloney Were Flying Near Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Texas, November 12.—Second Lieutenant R. L. Johnson, royal flying corps, and Sergeant John J. Maloney, of the 139th United States aero squadron, were instantly killed when the airplane in which they were making an observation flight, crashed to earth from a height of about 2,500 feet near here this afternoon.

The machine was pilotid by Lieutenant Johnson, who had only been in America from the front a short time. Sergeant Maloney was acting as an observer.

The men were crushed beyond recognition. Both were dead when removed from the wreckage. According to persons who witnessed the fall, the men appeared to be trying to right the machine until it hit the ground.

It was learned that Johnson's home is in Toronto, Ont., and that he has been in Fort Worth only a few days. The address of Sergeant Maloney could not be learned. Officials at Hicks' aviation field were notified of the accident by a lieutenant who was in a machine following the one in which Johnson and Maloney were flying, and ambulances were sent immediately. The bodies were taken to a local undertaking establishment, where they will be held pending advices from relatives. The men, according to report, had been doing some practice work on the gunnery field and were making a test observation tour with the intention of returning to the field and reporting.

Rockefeller Foundation To Contribute $4,500,000 For Y. M. C. A. War Work

New York, November 12.—The Rockefeller foundation has promised to give outright $1,000,000 toward the $35,000,000 war work fund of the Young Men's Christian association, and to give in addition ten per cent of the entire amount raised, its total contribution not to exceed $3,500,000, it was announced tonight.

Dr. George E. Vincent, president of the foundation, in announcing the gift, said:

"One who visits the camps must be impressed with the efficiency of the Y. M. C. A. national organization, the serviceable character of the camp equipment, the well trained and devoted personnel of the local staffs, the varied and important nature of the services rendered and the co-operative spirit in which the whole undertaking is carried on."

Gifts of $600,000 from two contributors towards the $35,000,000 Y. M. C. A. war welfare fund were announced at a luncheon here today. J. P. Morgan & Co. gave $350,000 and the Standard Oil company of New Jersey for itself and subsidiaries gave $250,000.

This is in addition to gifts of $250,000 each from the International Harvester company, E. I. Dupont DeNemours company and $500,000 from the United States Steel corporation, which already have been announced.

GREAT SAVING OF CARS EFFECTED BY RAILWAYS

Washington, November 12.—Fairfax Harrison, chairman of the railroads' war board, authorizes the following:

On 77 of the principal railroads of the United States a saving of 114,109 cars was effected in one month this year solely by increasing the average loading of less than carload freight.

The reports on which these figures are based, the latest that have been compiled, cover the months of July this year and July, 1916. They show that the average loading for that class freight during July this year was 13,927 pounds as compared with an average of 11,619 pounds during the same month last year.

The 77 railroads from which reports have been received were able to move the total volume of less than carload freight last July in 579,180 cars. Had the average loading per car been at the same rate as during July, 1916, they would have been compelled to use 693,289 cars.

In addition to increasing transportation efficiency through intensive loading, the railroads are also waging a vigorous campaign to reduce the number of cars and locomotives under repair. The July reports show that the average number of freight locomotives in shop or awaiting repairs was 4,122 against 4,460 in the same month last year, a decrease of 7.6 per cent. Freight cars under repairs in July numbered 135,851, which was 8,647 less than in July, 1916, a decrease of 6 per cent.

BELGIUM MUST BE HELD, DECLARES VON TIRPITZ

Amsterdam, November 12.—At a meeting of the new fatherland party in Munich yesterday, Admiral von Tirpitz, former German minister of marine, made a violent annexationist speech. He said the question whether Germany or Great Britain became the protector of Belgium would be the decisive issue of the war.

"A mistaken solution of the Belgian question would stunt our exports and the reserve capital of our industry, and degrade us to being the bond slave of Anglo-Americanism," said the admiral. "Our military security lies in Belgium. It is the only way of obtaining compensation for our enormous economic losses."

The admiral added that it was a mistake to believe the submarine would prove sufficient protection against Great Britain, as some effective counter weapon was bound to be discovered. He declared Germany must have Antwerp, that Austria must become the principal protecting power of the mouth of the Danube, and that Germany was interested in the settlement of the Adriatic question.

"Germany's struggle," he added, "is a battle against the all-devouring tyranny of Anglo-Americanism."

LORD NORTHCLIFFE RETURNS TO LONDON

London, November 12.—Lord Northcliffe, Sir Charles Gordon, Lieutenant Colonel Campbell Stuart and other members of the British war mission to the United States have arrived in London and will remain here during the meetings of the inter-allied conference.

Lord Northcliffe declined to make a statement until he had reported to Premier Lloyd-George. He expressed enthusiasm, however, with the rapid progress of American aircraft construction.

OHIO TOWN LIFTS BAN ON FRIEDA HEMPEL

Youngstown, Ohio, November 12.—City authorities and the Monday Musical club reconsidered their decision not to permit Frieda Hempel, soprano of the Metropolitan Opera, to sing here when Miss Hempel's attorneys offered proof that she had been active in patriotic work. They denied the report circulated here that Miss Hempel had refused to sing "The Star Spangled Banner."

U. S. PATROL VESSEL ASHORE IN HOME WATERS

Washington, November 12.—The navy department announced today that a patrol boat had gone ashore in home waters, the name of the boat and its location being withheld. No one was injured so far as reports received show and efforts to refloat the vessel were begun at once.

'Barn Dance' Will Be Held Tomorrow At East Lake Club

Manager Thornton Is Making Every Effort to "Hooverize" This Party and the Members Are Asked to Help.

East Lake is going to be the scene of an old-fashioned celebration Wednesday night when a barn dance will be staged at the East Lake Country club.

Manager Thornton is urging members to make their reservations early for dinner, and help him to "Hooverize" the party. This is the first time a manager of a social club in Atlanta has sought to "Hooverize" club gatherings.

The barn dance is going to be one of those old-time, wholesome frolics that our grandfathers and grandmothers indulged in.

The interior of the East Lake Country club will be decorated as the inside of a big barn.

Guests will think they are in a barn yard, as everyone will be provided with noise-making favors which will imitate fowls and animals.

Guests are urged to wear rural costumes, and favors to the ladies will be aprons and bonnets and to the gentlemen will be given farm hats and sidewhiskers.

Clean Bill Established By Coca Cola Company On Its Modified Formula

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 12.—The celebrated Coca Cola case, known as the United States vs. Forty Barrels and Twenty Kegs of Coca Cola, was dismissed soon after the federal court convened here this morning. The charge in the case was misbranding and mislabeling shipments of Coca Cola, and the case was tried several years ago, resulting in a verdict for the Coca Cola company, and the government appealed, the supreme court finally remanding the case for a new trial.

The main question fought out in the first trial was whether the drink contained a habit-forming drug. When the case was called today counsel announced that the defendant company, without admitting the charges of either misbranding or aduleration, but expressly denying same, but stating that it has made certain modifications in the process of manufacture, on account of which a decision in the present controversy would not be conclusive against its present product, but wished, in order to dispose of its libel and to avoid this trial, to withdraw its claim and all other pleadings.

This was agreed to by the government counsel, and a decree of not guilty was entered. The Coca Cola in question will be released to the company.

PHYSICIANS OF SOUTH GATHER IN MEMPHIS

Memphis, Tenn., November 12.—The way was paved today for the formal opening of the eleventh annual convention of the Southern Medical association tomorrow morning by conclusion of meetings of two minor associations and preliminary sectional conferences on malaria, pediatrics and medical education. Coincident with the first public session of the association tomorrow the fifth annual meeting of women physicians of the Southern Medical association will be held tomorrow afternoon and the annual banquet of the women physicians tomorrow night. Alumni reunions of the different colleges will be held tomorrow evening and a reception and dance for officers, delegates and guests at a local hotel tomorrow night. Clinics and sectional meetings will also be held tomorrow.

The fifth annual meeting of the Southern States association of Railway Surgeons and the meeting of the Southern Gastro-enterological association were held today.

The Southern Gastro-enterological association at its meeting today reelected the following officers: Dr. J. C. Johnson, Atlanta, president; Dr. J. T. Rogers, Savannah, Ga., vice president, and Dr. M. H. Smith, Jacksonville, Fla., secretary-treasurer.

The sectional conference on pediatrics at its session elected the following: Dr. L. T. Royster, Norfolk, Va., chairman; Dr. J. D. Love, Jacksonville, Fla., vice chancellor, and L. W. Elias, Asheville, N. C., secretary.

ECONOMY NECESSARY IF WAR IS TO BE WON

New York, November 12.—Economy in man-power, food and raw materials is of supreme importance if the war is to be won, Sir Stephenson Kent, head of the special mission to the United States of the British ministry of munitions, told members of the chamber of commerce of the state of New York at a luncheon in honor of the visitors here today. He declared that the end of the conflict is not in sight and that "we must try to organize ourselves so perfectly that we shall be making war as economically and as perfectly as we can."

"I do want to emphasize that the economy of man-power is absolutely vital," he said. "The waste of manpower is a crime. The waste of skill is a crime."

In England, he said, an effort is made to see that every skilled mechanic in the country is employed to the uttermost of his skill, that he is never allowed to do a job that a less skilled man could do.

"The system of cost plus profit to my mind is a very vicious system," he said. "It leads to the negation of economy and to the most uneconomical use of man-power imaginable, and it is a direct inspiration for two men doing one man's job.

"Your nation will suffer from an insufficiency of skill. You will not have enough highly skilled mechanics. You will have to introduce unskilled men to do the work of highly skilled men. You will have to bring women to do work that you don't want women to do, but it is the necessity of war that you have to make use of women and of men, or whatever it is, to carry you through, to pull you through this very long job that we have in front of us."

BRITISH MILLS TO CUT ON AMERICAN COTTON

Manchester, November 12.—The cotton control board has decided that after November 19 no firm using American cotton may operate more than 60 per cent of its machines unless permitted by the government to extend that limit.

Jury Locked on Crenshaw.

Charlottesville, Va., November 12.—After being out an hour and a half the jury which today was given the case of S. Dabney Crenshaw, IV., charged with the theft of platinum and setting fire to the University of Virginia laboratory, reported that it could not agree on a verdict. Presiding Judge Fishburne ordered the jury to return to its deliberations and report again at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

To Cure A Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.

MORALE IS DECLINING AMONG GERMAN FORCES

Kaiser's Officers Run for Shelter When the British Troops Attack.

Canadian Army Headquarters in France, November 12.—Increasing disorganization among the enemy forces is indicated in statements made by captured prisoners while the decline in the morale of the officers is unquestioned. One officer states that when we attacked on Saturday all the other officers in his battalion ran back to shelter, some three hundred yards behind the front line, leaving the warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men to carry on. In another instance no fewer than eleven officers were captured in one dugout.

With such conduct growing discontent is reported among the rank and file. The statements of prisoners lead to the conclusion that the whole fabric of German arms is held together by little more than iron discipline.

Reserve battalions in Germany are stated to be almost empty, picked men and experienced constructors having been sent to the Italian front and the remaining available men in drafts to the western front.

"STORYVILLE" GOES FROM NEW ORLEANS AT MIDNIGHT HOUR

New Orleans, November 12.—"Storyville," the name by which New Orleans' legalized vice district has been commonly known for years, officially went out of existence at midnight tonight, when an ordinance passed by the city commission council, at the request of the navy department, became effective.

Approximately 750 women resided in the section, which is just one block off Canal street, one of the city's principal business thoroughfares. The police reported that possibly 200 of these had left the city or moved to other quarters here, and that the rest remained in the district, where extra details of police have been assigned with orders to see that the law, forbidding operation of disorderly houses anywhere in the city, is strictly enforced.

Judge King, in the civil drstrict court here, today refused to grant an injunction to a keeper of one of the more pretentious resorts to restrain the city authorities from enforcing the new ordiance which repealed the law creating the restricted district. The attorney for the resort keeper announced an appeal from Judge King's action would be taken to the state supreme court.

The resort keeper alleged the ordinance violated federal, state and city laws relating to property rights and that the city council had no authority to nullify her lease or relieve her of liability under it.

NAVY MEDAL OF HONOR AWARDED TO OHIO MAN

Washington, November 12.—The first navy medal of honor to be awarded since the United States entered the war, Secretary Daniels announced today, goes to Patrick McGunigal, of Youngstown, Ohio, a ship's fitter. At great hazard he recovered a kite balloon at sea. He also was awarded $100 in cash.

The following account of how McGunigal won the honors was authorized by Secretary Daniels:

"A rescue at sea, involving extraordinary heroism, has been brought to the attention of the navy department.

"A kite balloon used for observation purposes by one of the United States cruisers on duty in the war zone was struck by a squall when 400 feet in the air. The balloon dropped about 200 feet. The spare cable was hauled in aboardship, but the basket was whipped and twisted and the pilot was so entangled within the ropes that there was no possibility of his releasing himself. The balloon was finally hauled to the ship's side, but the basket, with the observer caged in it, trained in the water, submerging the pilot.

"Patrick McGunigal, ship's fitter, first class, who has been in the service about thirteen years, climbed down the side of the ship, jumped to the ropes leading to the basket, cleared the tangle sufficiently to release the pilot and, putting a bow line around him, had him hauled on deck. McGunigal was subsequently rescued and brought in safely to the deck of the ship."

ALL AKRON WALKING; STREET CAR MEN STRIKE

Akron, Ohio, November 12.—All Akron was walked to work this morning or hanging on overcrowded jitneys. More than 1,000 street car men were on strike on every line in the city and evey line originating from Akron.

The only cars touching Akron in operation were the Canton-Akron interurbans, employees of which are not included in the local division of the union.

A heavy fog hung over the city, making walking uncertain and driving unsafe. At every street car stop men and women, who did not realize that a strike was on, were waiting for cars to come. The men are striking for a wage increase of 10 cents an hour.

Chick Escapes on One Charge.

New York, November 12.—Joseph S. Chick, former treasurer of the Searritt Bible and Training school, was freed of one of eleven charges of embezzling $500,000 of the funds of the school today when Special Judge Alonzo D. Burnes directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty because of a technicality. The next case against Chick is set for December 17.



Soothe Skin Irritations With Cuticura

Delicate, sensitive skins with tendency to eczemas, rashes, redness or roughness should not be irritated by strongly medicated soaps. Why not use for every-day toilet purposes, Cuticura, a pure, gentle Soap, touching the first signs of pimples or irritation with Cuticura Ointment? For sample each free by mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 15G, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Use Constitution Want Ads

GERMAN GAS SHELLS FIRED AT AMERICANS

Pershing's Infantry Men and Artillerists Forced to Don Gas Masks.

With the American Army in France November, 12.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American infantry men in the trenches and artillerists in the gun pits have had their first real experience with gas shells. The Germans have let loose many during the last two days, making the use of gas masks necessary. Shrapnel also has been freely used by both sides.

During a recent night the enemy machine guns were again turned on the American trenches, the Americans replying with an equally vigorous fire.

GEN. PERSHING BUYS HIS WAR INSURANCE

Washington, November 12.—General Pershing has bought his war insurance, his application for a maximum $10,000 policyy bringing the total for members of the expeditionary force in France up to $2,200,000.

With his application General Pershing sent this message to Secretary McAdoo:

"The army in France is pleased at the announcement that the soldiers and sailors' insurance bill is now a law. By this act our government has given its soldiers a privilege which no other country has ever granted. The very low rate and other advantages of this insurance are so manifest that it is hoped that every man in the army who needs insurance for those dependent upon him will avail himself of this generous offer. I have made application for insurance myself."

ELECTRIC SEA RAIDERS USED BY THE GERMANS

London, November 12. — The admiralty has issued the following statement regarding the electrically controlled sea raiders which the Germans have been operating off Belgium and several of which have been destroyed:

"The electrically controlled motor boats used on the Belgian coast are twin petrol engine vessels, partly closed in, and travel at a high rate of speed. They carry a drum with between thirty and fifty miles of insulated core cable, through which the boat is controlled electrically. The forepart carries a considerable charge of high explosives, probably from 300 to 500 pounds in weight.

"The method of operating is to start the engine, after which the crew leave the boat. A seaplane, protected by a strong fighting patrol, then accompanies the vessel at a distance of from three to five miles and signals the shore operator of the helm. These signals need only be 'starboard,' 'port' or 'steady' the boat, is zigzagged while being steered into a ship and the charge exploded automatically.

"The device is a very old one. A boat simllarly controlled was used in H. M. S. Vernon, a torpedo experimental ship, as far back as 1885. The only new features in the German boat are the petrol engines and wireless signals, neither of which existed then."

ALSACE GIRLS FORCED TO WORK BY GERMANS

Washington, November 12.—Confirmation now has been given by the German government itself to the often denied reports current for the past year that young girls of Alsace-Lorraine have been carried away from their homes and forced to labor for the German army.

From Switzerland today there came a cable report of the reply made by the German under-secretary for war to a complaint of an Alsatian deputy in the reichstag against mistreatment of these young girls. The government's reply took the form of an official communique which in substance stated that the army administration had taken measures to assure the girls requisitioned in Alsace-Lorraine and actively employed in work at the front the benefits of moral and religious supervision. Only eight and a half per cent of the girls are less than 17 years of age, the deputy was assured, and scarcely one-half of them have been subjected by force to work at the front.

The German government, the reply set forth, wishing to meet the desires of the Alsatian population, had issued an order that young girls less than 17 years old who have been enrolled by force should be liberated at once.

TOUGH FOR BOW-WOWS WHO LIVE IN HOTELS

New York, November 12.—The latest rise in the price of food in New York will affect pet dogs as several of the leading hotels. Announcement was made today that the price of dog food has been raised to equal that charged guests. Shin bones will now cost fifty cents apiece and the price of chopped meat has been boosted from twenty cents a pound to seventy-five cents.

LAX-FOS—AN IMPROVED CASCARA
A digestive liquid laxative, cathartic and liver tonic. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe or disturb stomach. 50c.—(adv.)



INVESTMENT BANKERS NAME ROBY ROBINSON

As One of Governors of Association — Unnecessary Bond Issues Opposed During War.

Baltimore, November 12.—The Investment Bankers' association, which opened its convention here today, decided to use its influence against every unnecessary issue of securities while war financing impends.

The response came after an address by James F. Curtis, secretary of the federal reserve bank of New York, stressing the necessity of cutting off all securities not absolutely vital to the progress of the war, especially state and municipal issues.

"The invitation which Mr. Curtis has given is one to join the "suicide club," said Lewis B. Franklin, of New York, president of the assoication, "but," as he has apparently said, "there are about a million and a quarter men in khaki who have joined the 'suicide club' for us. They are doing it with their life blood; we are only considering the profit."

The association, it was said, probably will make a direct appeal to the governor of every state to issue a proclamation calling on financial boards of states and cities to withhold all bond issues which can be dispensed with at this time.

A warning was issued against "sharpers," who, it was said, are likely to take advantage of persons owining Liberty Bonds of small denominations.

The following officers were nominated: President, Warren S. Hayden, Cleveland, Ohio; vice presidents, K. G. Baker, Jr., Baltimore; John F. Oldham, Boston; Lawrence Chamberlain, New York; F. A. Yard, Chicago, and Daniel K. Drake, Los Angeles, Cal.; secretary, F. R. Fenton, Chicago; treasurer, G. W. Kendrick, third, Philadelphia; governors, J. S. Smith, St. Louis; Roy C. Osgood, Chicago; Herbert Witherspoon, Spokane, Wash.; J. A. Prescott, Kansas City, Mo.; T. J. Ward, Philadelphia; H. C. McEldowney, Pittsburg; W. H. Wade, Indianapolis; Roby Robinson, Atlanta, and J. S. Wilson, Jr., Baltimore.



A slender silk thread, in a child's hand is strong enough to make a heavily-loaded Shaw-Walker drawer "coast" open (from actual photograph).

SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILES

MAKE this test yourself. See how smooth the drawer action is. How noiseless.

Bang the drawer shut. It won't rebound. Stays shut without superfluous mechanism.

Shaw-Walkers are "Built Like a Skyscraper." And go the skyscraper one better, because they're electric-welded into one piece of solid steel. No nuts—bolts—rivets—rods—screws.

Compare a Shaw-Walker with the files in your office. See why we say: "If they're not the best files you ever used, *your money back.*" Phone us to send you one.

WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as supplies for all files.

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93 North Pryor St., Atlanta

Methodists Are to Introduce New Features in Church Work

North Georgia Conference Closes Session--Movement Started to Divide State Into Three Conferences.

MINISTERIAL CHARGES FOR THE COMING YEAR

Special Missionaries to Military Camps Are Appointed—May Make Atlanta Permanent Meeting Place for Conference.

LaGrange, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—The final sessions of the North Georgia Methodist conference, which has been in progress here for nearly a week, came to a close this afternoon at 5 o'clock, with several new features of church work to be introduced by the Methodist in this state during the coming year. Some of these contemplated measures refer to placing Rev. W. B. Dillard as field secretary of the Sunday school board, in charge of that work. Another work will be undertaken by Rev. C. L. Bass and Nath Thompson as special missionaries from this conference to work at Camp Gordon and Camp Hancock. A movement was also set on foot looking to the consolidation of the North and South Georgia conferences, with the purpose in mind of then dividing them into three conferences. Revs. C. C. Jarrell and John S. Jenkins were appointed as commissioners from this conference to take up the matter with the South Georgia conference. The consent of the general conference will have to be gained first, which consent will be sought at the meeting of that conference in Atlanta next May.

Atlanta in Future.

Still another new move is that of having the conference meet permanently each year in Atlanta hereafter. The matter of the meeting place was discussed at large by the members, with the final agreement being reached of letting the various presiding elders of the conference be a committee to determine the matter. On account of this movement there was no definite decision by the conference as to where they will meet next time.

During the last sessions of the conference today Professor J. M. Pound, of Barnesville, was chosen as lay leader of the conference, and locations were granted to Rev. S. L. Hagan, at his own request. George Sunday, Billy Sunday's business manager, extended a special invitation to the members of the conference and their wives to attend the Sunday meetings in Atlanta before they should make their way back home.

To Hear Billy Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Laprade, one of the executive committeemen, assured the members of the conference that seats would be provided for them. Something more than a hundred men declared they would attend the meetings.

Near the close of the conference Rev. Marvin Williams addressed the conference on some vitally important matters, one of which referred to the fact that during recent years the Methodists of the north Georgia section had not increased in membership in the same ratio of the population. Mr. Williams seemed very deeply concerned over the matter, and called upon the conference for a season of special prayer. Responding to his appeal the conference was led in prayer by Rev. G. W. Duval. The statistical secretary made his report as compiled from the preachers' reports in which it is shown that this conference this year has paid pastors $253,000 and presiding elders $36,000. The number of members of churches is 124,373, a decrease of 512 enrolled from the report of last year. The roll district, under the presiding eldership of Rev. J. R. King, made the highest percentage of increase in finances of any one of the twelve districts composing the conference, according to the secretary's statement.

OAKLAND DEALERS TO LEAVE DETROIT FOR HOMES TODAY

Pontiac, Mich., November 12.—(Special.)—The Oakland dealers of six southern states arrived in Detroit this morning from Atlanta and after being breakfasted there took two special interurban cars for this city, where they arrived shortly before noon.

The day was spent in visiting all departments of the mammoth Oakland factory, after which the entire party were the guests of W. H. Masten, general sales manager of the Oakland Motor Car company at a luncheon at the factory.

Tonight a supper was served at the chamber of commerce, after which the party were the guests of the factory heads at a theatrical performance.

The start for Atlanta will be made from here at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning with Fort Wayne, Ind., as the first stop.

Tomorrow night the route will go via Detroit, Ypsilanti, Adrian and Bryan.

There are 108 people in the party and eighty-six Oakland cars will be driven back over the entire journey.

Service Manager Prosper has given the cars the "once over" and they are awaiting only their drivers to be on their homeward journey.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor of The Constitution, will drive the lead car.

T. K. Johnson, special southern representative of the Oakland company, is in charge of the trip. Everyone has treated the party splendidly since their arrival here.

Mr. Nephler, assistant sales manager; Mr. Sullivan, of the advertising department, and Mr. Gordon, the Cincinnati distributor, met the prty in Latonia, Ohio, and escorted them all the way to the factory.

Mrs. Caldwell, wife of the Birmingham, Ala., dealer, is the only lady in the party.

The party is indebted to Mr. Linton, of the Louisville & Nashville, and to Mr. Murray, of the Big Four, for a pleasant train journey here. They looked after the big party in most approved style. The weather has been cloudy and raw all day, but promises are for a clear and cold day for the start Tuesday morning.

THREE SOLDIERS KILLED IN TROOP TRAIN WRECK

Denver, November 12.—Three soldiers were killed and sixteen injured today in a wreck of a troop train near Cotopaxi, Colo., according to a message received at the Denver and Rio Grande railroad offices here. The troops were said to be traveling east from Utah.

According to railroad officials the accident, which occurred shortly before 6 o'clock this morning, was a rear-end collision between sections two and three of a train carrying troops.

The conductor of the second section reported his train was traveling slowly when the third section, moving twenty-five miles an hour, crashed into him. Most of the troops were infantry from Salt Lake City, according to the report. Cotopaxi is 72 miles west of Pueblo.

"WETS" WIN IN OHIO BY MAJORITY OF 1,723

Total Vote Stands 522,430 for Prohibition and 524,153 Against.

Cincinnati, November 12.—With every county in Ohio having reported officially, 86 to the secretary of state and the remaining two by county seat officials, which have not yet been reported to the secretary of state, prohibition in Ohio has been defeated by a majority of 1,723 on the face of these returns. The total vote stands: For prohibition, 522,430; against prohibition, 524,153.

Shirts to Individual Measure

It is difficult for a man who has never had a shirt built to fit his own peculiarities, to appreciate the difference between a ready-made garment and one that is tailored to perfection.

If you try our shirts one time they will convince you very quickly on this point. Beautiful fall and winter fabrics now on display.



JEWELL SHIRT COMPANY

34½ PEACHTREE - 3D FLOOR

SPURNING CONVICTION, WOMEN AGAIN PICKET

Militants Marched From Washington Court Room to White House.

Washington, November 12.—The 41 militants of the Woman's Party who staged a demonstration before the white house Saturday were found guilty in the police court today of obstructing traffic. The court, however, blocked the expected wholesale reinforcement of the women now serving jail terms for similar offenses by suspending all sentences.

This afternoon a militant force of thirty-one, including Mrs. William Kent, and twenty-six others who had been in court, appeared in front of the white house with banners and were arrested. They were released on bond to appear tomorrow.

Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the pure food expert, was the only defendant to note an appeal from the court's decision today and she did not join the afternoon expedition.

Resolutions uging President Wilson to order the release of the women now in jail for picketing the white house gates and asking him to recommend to congress enactment of a federal constitional amendment were left at the white house late today by a delegation of New York women. The whole delegation of 40 was denied admittance to the white house ground by the police, but a committee of two was permitted to enter and present the petition to Secretary Forster

FIRST DISORDER CAUSED BY OIL FIELD STRIKE

Houston, Texas, November 12.—The first disorder in connection with the strike of oil workers in the Texas-Louisiana district was reported this morning from Goose creek, where three non-union employees were bruised after trouble with men they claimed were strikers.

Major J. F. Pruyn's adjutant reported at noon there were no more indications of trouble. Early reports of requests by producers for the declaration of marial law were denied.

7,000 FOOD SUBSTITUTES USED BY THE GERMANS

Zurich, November 12.—An official report issued by the German war food bureau says more than 10,000 substitutes are now used in Germany. Seven thousand are substitutes for food. At the beginning of the year 1917 there were less than 2,000 substitutes, of which 1,200 were food substitutes.

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Made to Order

Best Work--Prompt Delivery

Reasonable Prices

GAVAN'S

71 Whitehall St.

SOU. BOOK CONCERN

NASTY MEDICINES BAD FOR CHILDREN

It is not often a child requires medicine of any kind. If the bowels are regular and promptly dispose of undigested matter discarded by the stomach, the general health is very apt to be excellent. In any case, pills, powders, and nauseating or unpalatable compounds should never be given to children. Any therapeutic virtue such remedies may possess is largely nullified by the youngsters' natural antagonism.

For most children a mild laxative, administered occasionally, is all that is needed to assure normal regularity and good health. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a pleasant-tasting combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin, free from opiate or narcotic drugs, and acts gently yet effectively; children like it and take it readily, so that it is the ideal remedy for the family medicine chest. It is sold in drug stores for fifty cents a bottle. A trial bottle, free of charge, can be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 456 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

COUGH MAY LEAD TO CONSUMPTION

Stop It at Once.

You may be in bed from coughing and can hardly sleep and even have old-time consumption, have hemorrhages, and be thin and underweight, you may have very weak lungs and breathing may be painful and coughing incessant. If so, get a 25c bottle of Cheney's Expectorant and take as directed on bottle. It will quickly soothe the lining of your throat, and make you feel easy and stop that hacking cough and cold and even cure the first symptoms of consumption. Try Cheney's Expectorant for asthma.—(adv.)

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. Atlanta—New York—Paris **Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.**

A Corset Clearaway of First Magnitude

Halved Prices Are the Rule (Three Little Exceptions)

And the Corsets Are Those the Women of Atlanta Know and Like

The sale of all corset sales in the history of Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company.

For three reasons—
The quality of corsets involved
The quality of the quantity
The prices.

And we might add the timeliness of the event, for who does not know just as well as we the scarcity of merchandise, the rising costs of all materials? Yet here we go with a sale that but for three exceptions is a half-price sale!

Some things, however, are fundamental with us, of even greater importance than rising costs. One of these is a well-ordered, even stock.

We've too many corsets. We will not keep them to sell them off slowly. Rather we will sell them at almost half price RIGHT NOW and have done—and thereby give our customers such an opportunity as—well, here the prices tell—

$12.00 Corsets are	$6.00	$4.50 Corsets are	$2.25
11.00 Corsets are	5.50	3.50 Corsets are	1.75
10.00 Corsets are	5.00	2.50 Corsets are	1.25
9.00 Corsets are	4.50	2.00 Corsets are	98c
8.50 Corsets are	4.25	1.50 Corsets are	98c
6.50 Corsets are	3.25	1.50 Corsets are	75c
5.00 Corsets are	2.50	1.00 Corsets are	75c
		75c Corsets are	49c

And as these are all from our own stocks—not a specially bought sale corset in the entire lot—you will find only those dependable makes that we carry regularly. We speak of

Madame Irene, LaVida, Successo, W. B. Nuform Frolaset (Front Laced) B. & J. Grecian Treco, H. & W. Waists,

Every woman can be fitted. There are models of the large woman, for the woman of average figure, for the woman of slight figure. Coutils, brocades, silk and mercerized batistes in pink and white—those $1.50 corsets now 98c are all brocades, pink and white, in large sizes. There are even corsets especially designed for dancing and golfing, and ribbon corsets for girls; there are maternity waists.

It is every woman's opportunity. Buy, buy more than one and measure your savings by what you spend. Everything will be ready at 8:30. Extra saleswomen to expedite things but—

Make selections carefully. We can not exchange, accept for credit or refund, nor send any of the corsets in this sale C. O. D.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon. If you fail to buy your copy from the boys in the morning you can drop in at any regimental canteen and get one.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S

Camp Gordon News

Edited by James A. Hollomon.

CAMP GORDON BUREAU.

Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are invited to visit The Constitution, leave poetry, photographs, news, jokes, human-interest stories, etc., and if The Constitution can serve you, command it.

OFFICER CLASS BEGINS TRENCH WARFARE WORK

Two From Each Organization in School of Grenade Battling Taught by French.

Approximately thirty officers of the Eighty-second army division at Camp Gordon were yesterday given their first lesson in the use of the hand grenade at the initial meeting of the school of the hand gremade instructed by Lieutenant Adrien Gay, the French army expert at the reservation, for the purpose of aiding in the advanced training program now in force at the camp.

The members of the hand grenade school include two officers from each organization at the camp. They met in the room of the court-martial at division headquarters and were instructed by Lieutenant Cay in the preliminaries of hand grenade throwing.

The school will convene twice a day for the next nine days, and operations will immeditely be conducted in Trench hill, on the Candler road, where the men will be taught the actual throwing of the grenades. Colonel Earl D'A. Pearce, of the 319th field artillery, is in charge of the school.

Operate on Officer.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) After apparently having recovered from a threatened attack of appendicitis and been discharged from the Macon hospital, where he had gone for observation, Major Charles C. Harrold, of the 121st infantry hospital corps, was seized with another attack and was operated on at the hospital last night for the removal of his appendix. He was reported to be doing nicely today, and, unless complications set in, he will be able to return to his duties at the camp within a few weeks.

BIG PROGRAM THIS WEEK FOR REGIMENTAL UNIT 153

Building 153 just opened a few days ago and serving the men of the 307 Field Signal Battalion and Division Headquarters troop, has a full week's program ahead this week. Two concerts by Atlanta ladies, movies and a "stunt night" program in charge of Lee Tanton, the Keith vaudeville champion dancer will be be staged.

Sunday the Bible class at 9 a. m. was taught by Professor Nicolassen, of the Oglethorpe university. At 7 p. m. Dr. Zeigler addressed the men. Sergeant Davis, a voice teacher of several years' experience, now with the Signal battalion, directed the singing.

Private Mabie has organized a boxing class in one company of Signal battalion. Captain Allen and Lieutenant Peters, of this battalion, are quite enthusiastic over athletics. Boxing enthusiasts desire a boxing platform similar but better than the one built by the 321st Field artillery.

There is talk of a camera club and building of a dark room. There is a nucleus from which a good glee club can be formed. After the entertainments Friday and Saturday nights the Wisconsin bunch gave some rousing yells of appreciation.

It is thought by some officers of the quartermaster department who visited the building that a large part of the 10,000 troops expected this week will occupy barracks near 143.

The Weather Man Forgot.

Monday's weather was the slushy kind that is both feared and detested in military circles, and the roads and fields of the camp were cut up into soft and slippery mud. Men over the entire camp were watching hopefully for the reappearance of "Ol' Sol," who yesterday failed to show up on the reservation for the first time in several weeks. Work, however, continued without interruption.

DIGEST OF OPINIONS BY THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL IN DECIDING VARIOUS ARMY QUESTIONS

The judge advocate general of the army has delivered opinions as follows:

Intoxicating Liquors at Certain Military Camps.

With reference to a recommendation that Tampa, Fla., where certain troops were assembled preliminary to their transfer to a division training camp, be declared a military post in order to require the closing of all saloons during the presence of the soldiers there,

Held, that the term "military camps," as used in the act of May 18, 1917, and the regulations made under authority thereof governing the prohibition of alcoholic liquors "in or near military camps," had reference to camps established for purposes of mobilization, training, embarkation, etc., of troops and were not intended to apply to places of preliminary assembly such as that under consideration.

Medical Treatment of Men Working on Cantonments.

On the question whether there was any objection to the treatment by the medical department of the employees of constructors for buildings at cantonments,

Held, that while the functions of the medical department are not defined by statute, they are necessarily limited by the terms of appropriations for the support of the army; that the appropriations for the medical department appear to be available only for the medical care and treatment of persons connected with the military establishment and, under authority of the act of September 7, 1916 (39 stat., 748), of government employees generally who are injured in the performance of their duty as such employees; and that while the medical care of contractors' employees may be authorized from appropriations for cantonment construction, the limitations on the use of army appropriations would preclude payments from such appropriations of the necessary expenditures involved.

Pay of Guarddsmen Prior to Muster in United States Service.

A national guard enlisted man who had responded to the president's call for federal service but had not been mustered in suffered a broken leg in a friendly scuffle with other enlisted men of his company. There being no government facilities available for his treatment, he was sent to a private hospital by order of his commanding officer, where he remained for several weeks and was not able thereafter to report to his organization for duty before its muster out. It was not clear from the record whether the soldier had been formally rejected as unfit for the federal service. Upon submission of the questions as to his right to pay and the liability of the government for the expenses of his hospital treatment,

Held, that in view of the nature of the soldier's disability his rejection as being physically unfit for the federal service was necessarily implied, assuming that he was not formally rejected, effective on such date as it would have been his duty but for his injuries to report for muster in, and that he was entitled to pay only up to that date; and as to the obligation of the United States to pay the expenses of his medical and hospital treatment, his status after the date of his implied rejection for physical disability was analogous to the case of a soldier discharged from the service while confined in a hospital for treatment, who, under the provisions of paragraph 1452, army regulations, would be entitled to remain in the hospital at the expense of the United States until such time only as he was able to leave the hospital and proceed to his home.

Reserve and National Guard Officers' Pay and Allowance.

In the case of certain members of the officers' reserve corps and officers of the national guard on duty at a military post, the question was raised as to the legality of their being charged by the quartermaster corps for fuel and light consumed by them in public quarters,

Held, that congress has very clearly manifested its intention in legislation that national guard troops and members of the officers' reserve corps in the active service of the United States shall receive the same pay and allowance as is provided by law for officers and enlisted men of the regular army of like grades, and that under the act of March 2, 1907 (34 stat., 1167), all officers are entitled to heat and light actually necessary for the allowance of quarters to which they are entitled and have been assigned, and in case national guard officers and members of the officers' reserve corps on duty at any military post are duly occupying their authorized allowance of public quarters at such post, they should not be charged for heat and light actually necessary for such quarters.

Pay for Active Duty by Retired Enlisted Men.

It was directed in war department orders that certain retired enlisted men named therein "are assigned to active duty in their grades, to take effect June 20, 1917, and will be sent by the commanding general of the department in which the soldiers reside to the stations indicated for assignment to active duty." The men were not directed by the department commander to report for active duty until some time after June 20, 1917, and the question was presented whether they were entitled to active duty pay from June 20, the date named in war department orders as the date of their assignment to active duty. Section 7 of the act of May 18, 1917, provides that the president may "authorize the employment on any active duty of retired enlisted men of the regular army, either with their rank on the retired list or in the higher enlisted grades, and such retired enlisted men shall receive the full pay and allowances of the grades in which they are actively employed,

Held, that the statute indicates clearly that the soldiers must be employed on active duty before full pay and allowances can accrue; that the war department order in such cases is to be regarded only as authority for employment of the men on active duty and does not have the effect of authorizing pay from the date mentioned therein, and that under the statute active duty pay does not commence until the men start in response to specific orders to report for duty.

Pay for Active Service by Retired Army Officers.

Section 24, national defense act of June 3, 1916, provides:

"That in time of war retired officers of the army may be employed on active duty, in the discretion of the president, and when so employed they shall receive the full pay and allowances of their grade."

Held, that as retired officers ordered to active duty under this statute are entitled to active duty pay only when "employed on active duty," full pay and allowances do not begin to accrue until the officer starts to obey his orders placing him on active duty.

Notes on Military Justice; Evidence and Sentences.

Under the twenty-fifth article of war the use of depositions in capital cases is prohibited. Under the fifty-eighth article of war the death penalty may be imposed for desertion in time of war. Depositions are, therefore, not admissible as evidence in desertion cases in time of war. The fact that under the thirty-seventh article of war the improper admission of evidence does not wholly invalidate the proceedings, if the substantial rights of the accused have not been injuriously affected thereby, does not authorize the use of depositions in desertion cases in time of war.

A number of sentences have recently been noticed in which long terms of confinement were imposed without any forfeiture or deduction of pay. In addition to the general and obvious objections to paying a soldier serving sentence for the performance of duty, which because of his misbehavior has been thrust upon his better-behaved comrades, there is the futher consideration, which is of particular importance whenever duty is as arduous as it was in several of the instances noticed, that these sentences have a tendency to encourage rather than to deter the commission of offenses by a certain percentage of men. It is only in very exceptional cases that such sentences should be considered appropriate.

ARMY PROMOTION WON BY JOHN CORRIGAN, JR.

Former Washington Correspondent of The Constitution Has Been Made Captain.

Washington, November 12.—(Special.)—John Corrigan, Jr., formerly Washington correspondent of The Constitution, who recently secured a commission in the army as first lieutenant, and who, since that time, has been on duty with the Three Hundred and Fourth Stevedore regiment at Newport News, Va., has, it was learned today, been made a captain, official announcement of which is expected soon.

Paving Contract to Be Announced When Major Pease Returns to Camp

The paving of the roads inside the reservation at Camp Gordon was held up yesterday on account of the muddy condition that resulted from the slight rainfall of the morning. With the return of good weather, however, officials state that the work will be resumed and the paving of Hardee avenue and the other streets of the camp on which work is being done will be rushed to the earliest possible completion.

No new development in the awarding of the contract for the repaving of Peachtree road and Candler road in the vicinity of the camp accurred Monday. Major Norman R. Pease, construction quartermaster, is in Washington in an endeavor to have the contract affirmed and the work begun as soon as possible.

Major Pease is expected to return to Camp Gordon either Wednesday or Thursday, at which time he will announce the name of the firm whose bid has been accepted for the work. While nothing official has been announced in regard to the awarding of the contract it is reported at the camp that it will be awarded to the Smith Construction company, of Atlanta, which concern is doing the repaving work inside the camp.

BRITISH OFFICERS ARE GUESTS OF "JUNIORS"

"Open Night" at Gordon Monday Evening Made Notable by Soldier Entertainers.

"Open night," which is regularly observed at junior officers' headquarters every Monday night, was last night devoted to the entertainment of the English commissioned officers at Camp Gordon, who were guests of honor for the occasion The officers' committee in charge of the occasion inaugurated a new idea at the reservation on this occasion, when they staged a number of pleasing vaudeville acts presented by professional entertainers among the men of the division.

A buffet supper was served for the guests at an early hour of the evening, and after this a dance, intersperced with vaudeville numbers, occurred. The entertainers for the occasion consisted of a talented accordianist, a violinist and two "song and dance acts" men, who were formerly members of Keith's circuit. They were greeted with much applause by all present.

The British officers, who were guests for the night were: Major N. D. Matson, Major E. G. Godfrey, Captain S. H. Hyndman and Captain S. W. Murray. Other guests invited to be present included Lieutenants Francois Bullet, Maurice Defert, Adrien Gay and Robert Mulhauser, the Frenh officers already at Camp Gordon; Colonel and Mrs. Preston Brown, Colonel and Mrs. Taylor, Colonel Cromer, Colonel and Mrs. Koerper, Major and Mrs. traver, Major and Mrs. Worcester, Major Longstreet, Major Beebe, Captain and Mrs. McKinney, Captain Morgan, Miss Mary Hines, Captain Choate, Captain Louis Battey, Miss Anne Patterson, Lieutenant Robert Cates, Miss Dolly Blalock, Lieutenant Jordon, Lieutenant and Mrs. DeMott, Captain William A. Patton, Miss Eleanor Lustrat of Athens, Miss Blanche DeVine, Lieutenant Greene, Lieutenant Daniel, Lieutenant and Mrs. Mannin, Lieutenant Brewer, Lieutenant Carroll and others.

Two Hundred From Quartermaster's Corps Go to Jacksonville Camp In Few Days

Florida Camp Scheduled to Begin Receiving Men on November 20 and Gordon Contingency Go as Quickly as Practicable.

As soon as arrangements can be effected for their transportation and accommodation officers of the quartermaster's corps who have not as yet received any permanent assignment to organiaztions of the Eighty-second army division at Camp Gordon will be dispatched from the camp to the quartermaster's training camp at Jacksonville, Fla., which is scheduled to begin operations on or about November 20.

This announcement was made yesterday by prominent officials of the division. It was further added that no official order has been received in regard to the exact time at which the transfer will be made, but that it will most probably occur between the 20th of November and the first of December.

All officers who have not been permanently assigned will be included in the sweeping quartermaster's transfer. This means that approximately 200 men from Camp Gordon will go to Jacksonville for advanced training in their line of work. Up to date only a very few officers with the exception of those assigned to the five quartermasters' labor companies of negro selectmen have been given any permanent work. Their duties have consisted mainly of work at the receiving station.

Ample Shipping Tonnage in Sight To Maintain U. S. Oversea Forces

The question, "What grub are we going to get when we hit the trenches?" which thousands of American soldiers in cantonments over the entire country are asking one another, is a simple enough one to ask, but involved in its answer are problems which are vast and weighty.

Geting an army into action in Europe is simply the beginning of the game, as far as the American government is concerned in its relations with its fighting men. Once there, they must be maintained.

Food and equipment must be kept on the move so that the boys in khaki will be able to sustain the reputation for efficiency which the great Pershing organization has gained from the allies. This maintenance totals about five tons per man per year. Every soldier who arrives "Over There" is to be followed by five tons—10,000 pounds—of upkeep, varying in shape and form from beans to bullets. The vital factor in getting this bulk across is ship tonnage. On October 1 there were available for Atlantic service, including German ships, approximately 3,000,000 tons, which means that at the rate of five tons to the man, an army of 600,000 could be maintained.

Of course this would be inadequate if it represented the only shiping resources with which Uncle Sam is to back up his expeditionary forces, but there is a total of 5,900,000 tons more either building or contracted for. The great bulk of this is expected to come in during 1918. It will not be all available in the twinkling of an eye, for providing ships is not done over night, nor is there any magic whereby ocean-going bottoms may be whisked into being by the waving of a rod, or of a sheet of paper with figures on it.

By June, however, there should be ready 3,000,000 tons, according to expert prognosticators. This, added to the 3,000,000 of tonnage which was available October 1, make a total of 6,000,000 tons, or enough to support an army of 1,200,000 men, at the five-ton a man ratio.

This conclusion is safe, with these figures to build on, that shipping is in sight ample to maintain the forces abroad, and to give the men now in cantonments those necessaries of food and equipment which are so close to the lives of the soldiers.

As to the future, there will be 2,900,000 tons to come after June 1, when the maintainable force is 1,200,000. This additional tonnage will enable the support of reinforcements to the number of 580,000, making the total 1,780,000, which should be rapidly increased, as new shipyards turning out standardized ships would be capable of an enormous output.

No Furloughs for Christmas Holidays To Be Given Soldiers at Camp Gordon

It Is Not Regarded as Advisable to Break Into or Interrupt the Program of Intensive Training Now Begun.

No furloughs for the Christmas holidays will be granted soldiers of the Eighty-second army division, according to a statement made yesterday by officials of the camp. This announcement will mean that the men will remain at Camp Gordon and continue their intensive training uninterrupted until they are prepared to take the field.

The idea of granting furloughs for a few days to the men for the purpose of allowing them to spend the Christmas holidays at their homes in the north and east was first introduced at Camp Gordon by Assistant Attorney William T. Dooling, of New York, who stated that he held a conference with officials of the division in regard to this matter.

Attorney Dooling also conferred with the authorities of both northern and southern railroads in regard to securing special rates for the men to and fro from the camp. He stated that he had practically arranged for low rates on all railroads for the men of this division.

Officials at the camp, however, say that it will be impossible for the men to get furloughs for the proposed trip on account of the serious interruption that would occur in the intensive training program now in force at the reservation. This announcement means that the troops will go through an uninterrupted training period at Camp Gordon until they are ordered to embark.

"As You See It In the Camp"



HOW THE SHOWER FEELS

MAJ. GROSS 328th INFANTRY WORK CO.

The Bride of a Brooklyn Selectman First to Greet Her Husband at Gordon

As a usual rule a woman, in an emergency, is capable of quick and efficient action, but the wife of Private Brewster, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has demonstrated to the Eighty-second army division at Camp Gordon and to the entire world, for that matter, that she can go the usual rule one better.

To begin with, Mrs. Brewster is a bride of only a few months, her husband having been called soon after his marriage to the plucky little woman to report to the big national army cantonment at Camp Upton, Yaphank, N. Y.

Then came the big shift, and Private Brewster was served with notice one afternoon recently that he would entrain the next morning for Camp Gordon. He was unable to send a telegram to his wife acquainting her with the facts of the case that night, but just before the entrainment of troops the next morning he managed to dispatch a brief message to his wife saying that he was "off for Georgia." That is all he knew about it.

Then the transferred trooper began the journey to Camp Gordon moodily thinking of the gloom of being separated from his pretty, young helpmate. But when Private Brewster came to the conclusion that he and his wife were separated he made a great error in his calculations of his wife's presence of mind and ability to do things.

An hour before the arrival of the troop train that was to bring the husband into Camp Gordon the wife showed up at the receiving station and calmly told officers there that she had made a record-breaking trip across the Atlantic coast states in order to rejoin her husband, and ended up by asking the whereabouts of her husband.

When told that he would probably arrive during the morning she sat down at the place of detrainment and calmly awaited the arrival of the train. When it puffed into the camp she stood at the platform until her husband appeared and greeted him with a cry of "Hello, John."

The young soldier was finally persuaded that his wife was indeed his wife, and he set out immediately to find a rooming place for her. This was finally accomplished, and the couple now get to see each other every day.

"She's some wife," admitted the private. "How she made such a record-breaker of a trip, however, is more than I can see. I was going to write her to come down, but she didn't wait."

Great Regiment of Turks Will Be Reviewed At Camp Gordon at Noon, November 29th

A regiment of Turks, some 2,500 strong, will pass in review at Camp Gordon to provide an American holiday for the men of the Eighty-second division.

But they won't pass far; in fact, they will get no further than the aluminum plates of the men's mess kits before they wilt before the eager attack and are torn limb from limb. Nearly eighteen tons of corn fed turkey—white meat, drum sticks, necks, wings, gizzards, hearts and livers will be sacrificed to satisfy the corn fed service appetities on Thanksgiving day. Cranberries, dressing, pumpkin pies, mince pies, doughnuts and other fixin's will contribute to make the day a success.

It is understood that supply officers of every regiment, battalion and separate organizations attached to the division will be asked to submit to the office of the camp quartermaster, requisitions for the amount of turkey required to provide a regular Thanksgiving repast for their commands. The requisitions will be called for early in order to enable the quartermaster to secure his regiment of gobblers in plenty of time for the big event. It is also surmised that nineteen ounces, or one and two-fifths pounds per man is the specified allowance which the mess sergeants will put on each plate, and there will be enough for second and third helpings for those who are able to "come back." Every man in the national army is assured of a plenteous portion of the national bird.

Thirty thousand men, each consuming a minimum of 19 ounces of turkey, makes a staggering total of 570,000 ounces or 35,625 pounds. A regiment of 3,000 men will require 57,000 ounces, while a company at full strength of 250 men will have to requisition nearly 300 pounds or from 20 to 25 birds of average weight.

It is a safe bet that few of those 570,000 ounces will be left over for turkey hash on Friday. The total figures are based on 30,000 men on the supposition that Camp Gordon will have approximately that number of men by Thanksgiving.

Number of Quartermasters' Officers At Camp Gordon Are Ordered Assigned To Labor Companies Being Organized

Captains Dent, Hunter, Bradshaw, Harkins, Powers; Lieutenants Evan Howell, Fleming, Waters, Swift, Bragg, Oliver, McCoy and Others.

Following army orders have been issued by the war department:

Lieutenant Colonel Edwin Del. Smith, field artillery national army, will proceed to Camp Gordon.

First Lieutenant Harry Delbel, medical reserve corps, relieved from duty at medical officers' training camp, Camp Greenleaf, Ga., and will proceed home.

Following named officers, medical reserve corps, relieved from present duties and will proceed to Fort McPherson for duty with hospital unit and report by letter to the commanding general, southeastern department: Captains John L. McGehee, Jr., and Walter T. Swink.

First Lieutenants Ernest L. Anderson, Stanley N. Brinson, Kinsey M. Buck, Arthur F. Cooper, Thomas N. Coppedge, Samuel E. Frierson, Joel J. Hobson, Robin F. Mason, Edward G. Thompson; First Lieutenant James P. Crawford will report to Eighty-second division, Camp Gordon.

Following named officers, quartermaster corps national army, will report to commanding general, Camp Gordon, for assignment to duty with the five labor companies now being organized at that place: Captains Joseph H. Dent, James L. Hunter, James O. Bradshaw, Walter C. Harkins, Jay C. Powers, First Lieutenants Turner Schaufele, Julian D. Fleming, John S. Waters, Samuel T. Swift, Evan P. Howell, Braxton Bragg, Lidy E. Oliver, Thomas M. O'Connor, Carl F. Crossley, Joel L. McCoy. These officers are now at Camp Gordon attached to the quartermaster's officers' detachment.

Special orders relating to First Lieutenant Herbert Harris, medical reserve corps, amended so as to relieve him from duty at medical officers' training camp, Camp Greenleaf, and direct him to proceed to Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md.

Captain Louis W. Winterberger, quartermaster reserve corps, relieved from present duties and will proceed to Atlanta.

First Lieutenant Howard W. Barker, medical reserve corps, relieved from duty with the Seventeenth fielid artillery, Camp Robinson, Sparta, Wis., and will proceed to Macon.

THE CONSTITUTION APPRECIATED

The Atlanta Constitution is daily in receipt of letters from officers and men at Camp Gordon, and from readers in various sections of the south in which they express appreciation of the full and comprehensive army news and personal gossip, particularly of the 82d division, published daily on the Camp Gordon news page.

Private L. I. Aison, of the 325th regiment, infantry, gets poetical, and under the title "My Old Pal," devotes several verses to his favorite newspaper. Here is one of them:

"My duties in camp are heavy and hard,
But now I've found a solution,
For every day here's my good old pard,
The ——— ——— Atlanta Constitution."

Here's a long and interesting letter from M. Smolenski, of Company A, 328th Infantry. He came to Gordon from Camp Lee. He is a Pennsylvania selectman. Among other things he writes: "I find The Atlanta Constitution is the best newspaper sold here, and the most interesting for soldiers to read. I now read no other paper, and mail my copy daily to my home folks in Pennsylvania."

Private Harris, of Ambulance 327, writes: "The boys in this company devour the Camp Gordon news with their breakfast every morning, and it would be as difficult to do without."

CAMP POEMS

Written for the Camp Gordon News of The Atlanta Constitution by Soldiers.

Why Pause?

Still valient men of old have fought
And blend and die in Freedom's cause,
And should their ingrate sons find aught
At such a time to make them pause?

No! let us willingly await
What Freedom's quest may hold in store,
And trust the last good meal we ate
Will always last till we get more.
—A. E. GUSTON, Company B, 307th Headquarters Train.

The American Soldier.

He's a driller and a thinker;
He's a gambler and a sport;
He's a hard old hand at hiking,
But at work, he's rather short.
But the devil likes his fighting,
And the hearty way it's done;
He's a cross between a Christian
And the devil's only son.
He has vices like the most of men,
And virtues like a few,
But when you thump his mettle,
His ring you will find true.
He's a mixture made of capsulm,
With fire to make it hot;
On his record as a soldier
There is not a single blot.
He's a khaki colored cyclone,
With the lightening in his heart,
And he never yet has turned his back,
Nor played the coward's part:
He's honored by the title of a soldier.
—THOMAS LOAG, Battery A, 320th Field Artillery.

"OVER THERE"

NEEDED BOTH HANDS.

Joseph O'Neal, chairman of the war committee of Louisville, Ky., and one of the ablest lawyers of that state, has been for the past three months a Y secretary "somewhere in France." Recently he cut his hand badly on the jagged corner of a packing box that had descended with unexpected suddenness from a big army truck.

"That ends my useful career in France," he groaned.

"Is your hand hurt so badly as that?" asked one of the other men in alarm.

"It isn't my hand, it's my French," said Mr. O'Neal. "How can I ever speak French without both hands?"

"SWELL WAITRESSES."

"See, here, don't keep us waiting! flurry along with that tea!" snapped Private John Jones, in the open courtyard of the Paris building, 31 Avenue Montaigne. And Mrs. Vincent Astor, who was serving him, took the rebuke as meekly as if she were hoping for a ten cent tip. Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Mrs. Ethel Harriman also serves at this canteen, where thousands of American soldiers, sailors, aviators, ambulance men, mechanics and chauffeurs resort daily. The ladies in charge wear pink aprons and white caps, which have been adopted as the official costume throughout the Y. M. C. A. canteens in France.

"HELPING TO WIN."

From a little military prison to which two American aviators were sent for five days for stealing a ride on a French freight train (a serious offense "Over There"), comes the following testimonial of the efficacy of the Y. M. C. A.:

"Your baseball materal was a life saver to me. Your writing paper—why I had never written so many letters in my life as I had the first three days after you landed. Do you know what I will do? One rich lady in my town back home asked me to write her if there was anything she could do for us over here. I am going to write her and tell her that if she wants to help win the war to raise a thousand dollars and give it to the Y. M. C. A. You are doing more to win this war than any other single organization of the kind."

"BANGING THE OLD PELLET."

Some idea of the athletic equipment needed over seas may be gained from the fact that 600 baseballs, enough to last a big league team several seasons, have already been supplied by the Y. M. C. A. in France, and more are demanded.

COMPANY SOCCER.

Company Soccer, a new game which the boys in khaki are enthusiastically playing, was invented by Dr. John McCurdy, professor of physical education at the Springfield Y. M. C. A. training school. It is played like regular soccer, only with from 25 to 75 men on the field at once, and four or five footballs in use at a time.

HERO OF THE MARNE, CAPT. M. BOUCHER, IN VIOLIN RECITAL

With keen appreciation that bespoke more than admiration for the strains of music emanated from his violin, the large audience of men of the Eighty-second division welcomed Captain Maurice Boucher, French soldier, professor, hero and wearer of the badge of the Legion of Honor, when he appeared in a violin recital at Camp Gordon last night at 7 o'clock.

Captain Boucher was a professor of rhetoric at Lyons when the call for the defense of France came. He entered the 317th regiment, Fourth Army Corps of France, and later took part in some of the bloodiest battles and hand-to-hand conflicts that have occurred during the present war.

It was in the famous battle of the Marne that the French officer gained particular distinction. Leading a company under General Maumoury in the French left wing, Captain Boucher led his men in a brilliant charge against the Germans on the second day of the memorable struggle at the Marne which marked the beginning of the great Teuton retreat.

It was in this charge that Captain Boucher received four wounds, one in the right leg, one in the left leg, one in the left arm and the last in the stomach. The latter wound brought the gallant Frenchman to he ground and he lay in an unconscious condition for nearly twenty-four hours when he was found and removed to the hospital.

The medal of the Legion of Honor and the war cross that dangle on the breast of Captain Boucher were awarded him for his bravery in that charge. In addition he also received a citation for heroic bravery from both the war office and General Maumoury. The captain still walks with a perceptible limp, the result of his wounds.

He addressed a large crowd of Atlantans at the Ansley hotel ballroom Monday afternoon, appearing under the auspices of the Alliance Francaise. Following this address he appeared at Camp Gordon in a splendid violin recital Monday night, at which he demonstrated that in addition to being a remarkable soldier he is a musician of surprising talent and skill.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED

New Infantry Division.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 10, 1917.
Editor Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Sir: Please publish in your Camp Gordon news the organization of infantry divisions made public by the committee on public information on August 7, an oblige, a constant reader.

Truly, W. F. HOLLOWELL.

Answer.

The organization of infantry divisions, made public by the committee on public information on August 7, has since that date undergone important changes. The following summary of the organization of an infantry division completes the general outline of organization of the United States army for service in Europe. The figures are the total of officers and men for each entry. Each infantry division comprises:

1 division headquarters	164
1 machine gun battalion of 4 companies	768
2 infantry brigades, each composed of 2 infantry regiments and 1 machine gun battalion of 3 companies	16,420
1 field artillery brigade composed of 3 field artillery regiments and 1 trench mortar battery	5,068
1 field signal battalion	262
1 regiment of engineers	1,666
1 train headquarters and military police	337
1 ammunition train	962
1 supply train	472
1 engineer train	84
1 sanitary train composed of 4 field hospital companies and 4 ambulance companies	949
Total	27,152

The new organization increases the ratio of trillery and machine gun strength to infantry. In place of the old division of three brigades with three infantry regiments in each are two brigades with two infantry regiments in each. But in the new, as in the old organization, there are three regiments of field artillery in each division, making the ratio of artillery to infantry regiments three to four, in place of three to nine. A trench mortar battery, added to the artillery brigade and a 1-pounder platoon, attached to each infantry regiment headquarters company adds to the gun strength of the division.

A division now includes a total of fourteen machine gun companies. Each of the four infantry regiments has one; each of the two brigades has a machine gun battalion of three companies; and the division has a machine gun battalion of four companies. This gives each division a mobile machine gun strength of ten companies, which can be used as special needs require, while each regiment still has its own machine gun equipment in one of its component companies. And, in addition, there are forty-eight sections of auto-riflemen, each section carrying four light machine guns (automatic rifles), one section in each of the four platoons making up each rifle company.



MILITARY STRAP WATCHES

CALL AND SEE OUR ATTRACTIVE LINE

Mark Cross Safety Razor

Greatest value ever offered. Holder and one blade, 25c; extra blades, 5c. Secures a perfect shave—equal to any high-priced safety. Guaranteed. Just THE THING for THAT BOY in the Army.

Mail orders filled, 30c.

Diamonds, Jewelry, Sterling Silver

Charles Crankshaw Co.

Retail Department:
6½ WHITEHALL ST.
Second Floor, On the Viaduct.

TWO OF PERSHING'S MEN SUMMONED BY DEATH

Washington, November 12.—Two deaths in the fighting forces not suffered, however, on the battle line, were reported today.

Seaman Andrew M. Halseth, of the transport service, died November 5 from concussion of the brain, suffered in a fall from a hammock. He was a naval volunteer from Minnesota and gave no address for the records.

Private Emile B. Gaillac, of General Pershing's forces, died November 3 from broncho-pneumonia. His mother, Cora F. Gaillac, lives at 113 Blossom street, Chelsea, Mass.

$100 JOB OF DENTAL WORK FOR ONLY $48

Mr. T. G. Wade, of Montrose, Ga., Feels That He Saved $52 of the Cost of Treating His Teeth.

If you knew that you could save $52 by coming to Atlanta for dental treatment, wouldn't you do it? That was the experience of Mr. T. G. Wade, of Montrose, Ga. He came to Atlanta in November, 1915, and went direct to the One-Price Dental Office, 104½ Whitehall street, corner of Mitchell. The dental work that was done for him there cost him $48. When he went back home he had the work examined by dentists in his own neighborhood, and while the guesses they made as to the cost were not all exactly alike, they agreed quite unanimously that he had received a $100 job of work, according to their scales of prices. Mr. Wade now feels that he not only saved considerable money, but also that he secured a thoroughly good piece of work and as he says in a letter under date of March 14, 1917, "I feel like I cannot express my praises strong enough." The One-Price Dental Office employs only skillful operators and uses the most painless methods. Best gold crowns, $3; bridge work, $3 per tooth; finest set of teeth money can buy for $5. All work guaranteed ten years. Office hours Sunday, from 9 to 1.—(adv.)

CHILDREN HATE PILLS, CALOMEL AND CASTOR OIL

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. See that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—(adv.)

CREDIT

ASKIN AND MARINE

ATLANTA'S LEADING CREDIT CLOTHIERS

78 WHITEHALL W. A. DAY, MGR.

Make Your Own Cough Syrup and Save Money

Better than the ready-made kind. Easily prepared at home.

The finest cough syrup that money can buy, costing only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations, can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it.

Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth). Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effectual, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Business Women Are Ready For Grand Rally to Be Held At Sunday Tabernacle Tonight

Six thousand business women have organized to aid Billy Sunday in his fight against sin and are ready and eager for the grand rally at the tabernacle tonight, when they will come out squarely for Billy Sunday and for all that Billy Sunday stands.

Now that the Y. W. C. A. has opened its doors as headquarters for the women workers in the Sunday party, as well as the Atlanta women working in the Sunday campaign, the Council Girls, as the business women are called, are going to the Y. W. C. A. by the thousands to get tickets for the rally, for which 6,000 reservations will be made.

Council Girls are also registering their specified colors at Y. W. C. A. headquarters, in order that no color duplicates may be worn in the march into the tabernacle rally night.

Miss Frances Miller and Mrs. William Asher again request the Council Girls to remember that each group of girls must arrange to meet at a central point before going to the tabernacle if they wish to be seated in groups.

Preliminary Service.

Preceding the evening service, Miss Miller and Mrs. Asher will conduct a preliminary service for the girls, and the leaders urge that those wishing reservations be at the tabernacle at 7:15 o'clock as seats will not be held after that hour.

There is no department of women's work in the regular Billy Sunday revival program that appeals to the famous leader more than the way business women, where Sunday revivals have been held, have organized to aid the leader in his fight against wickedness. The women throughout the country are continuing this work after the Sunday revivals have closed.

Business women of Atlanta are planning to make their council units permanent organizations in all lines of good work. To show what the organized support of such women means to Sunday and his party, on rally night, special music will be rendered and Sunday himself is to deliver a special sermon.

The Y. W. C. A. is ready on a large scale to take care of the business women's meetings that begin there Wednesday at noon, continuing to Friday noon, such meetings to be conducted every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday during the remainder of the Sunday revival. These noon-day meetings consist of brief meetings between 11:30 a. m. and 2 p. m., with Miss Miller as leader. A 10-cent luncheon will be served from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., with every detail worked out to give the girls quick service to avoid any loss of time during the business women's noon-day hour.

Debutantes and Society Women Ushers.

Overlooking no detail to give the business girls good service, Miss Lamar Slaton, acting as head usher for the room where Miss Miller will hold her meetings, will be assisted by the following well-known debutantes and young married women:

Mrs. Charles Pottinger, Mrs. Thurman Ulmer, Mrs. Jean Johnson, Mrs. John Jordan, Miss Marion Dunson, Miss Mary Stuart, Miss Elizabeth Campbell, Miss Grace Bloodworth and Miss Mary Brown.

On Tuesday at noon Miss Slaton and her committee will meet Miss Miller at the Y. W. C. A. to receive instructions in ushering and to be drilled. With the service of Miss Slaton and her committee on Wednesday different committees will serve on the following two days:

On Wednesday the ladies of the Atlanta Baptist denomination will assist Mrs. Clem Harris in serving luncheon in the cafeteria, Mrs. I. M. Justis being general chairman of the Baptist workers. Mrs. Justis has appointed Mrs. F. R. Dull to serve as leader of a committee from the First Baptist church, this church to be in charge Wednesday. A committee from the Second Baptist church will serve luncheons Thursday. Friday the Ponce de Leon Baptist ladies will be in charge.

Sidelights on Billy Sunday By a Salvation Army Worker

Miss Rheba Crawford, young daughter of Brigadier Crawford, Salvation Army head in the south, and herself a prominent religious worker, writes again for The Constitution some of her impressions of the Sunday campaign.

By Rheba Crawford.

She was rather stout, much disgusted, most indignant and decidedly unreasonable. I felt sorry for the usher.

It was this way—she came to the stage, pardon me—platform entrance, stuck her head in the door and noticed there a huge sign:

"MINISTERS AND WILLING WORKERS, THIS WAY!"

So she started in, and advanced about five paces through the sawdust when an usher halted her, and sentry-like asked for her pass. She attempted to ignore him, but he would not be ignored.

"Why, I'm a 'Willing Worker,'" she stated, and moved forward. "But, Madam," and he placed himself in her way, "you must have a pass."

"Young man," she favored him with a 50 below zero stare. "Young man, I repeat, I am a 'Willing Worker.'"

"Yes, ma'm, but orders are orders, and—"

"Young man, do you see that sign?" she indicated the obvious notice with her little finger.

"Yes, ma'm," replied the usher, swallowing his irritation.

"Read it," she ordered.

So he read:

"MINISTERS AND WILLING WORKERS, THIS WAY!"

"Now," the stout lady waxed eloquent, "tell me, ain't I a willing worker; don't I go to church twice on Sunday; don't I dress my kids up and shoo 'em off to Sunday school every Sunday—haven't I done it ever since I became a church member—ain't I a member of the missionary society—ain't I knitting sweaters for the Red Cross—ain't I always entertaining a preacher when there's a convention in town—ain't I? I ask you to tell the truth for once, ain't I a willing worker?"

"Yes, ma'm," weakly gasped the yellow-ribboned young man, "but—"

"Young man," her voice was stern, "I shall leave here this instant and I shall certainly report you to Mr. Sunday. When he put that sign up there I just guess he won't stand for no monkey shines like this."

And she swept out the door, leaving a perspiring usher who heaved a sigh of relief, and feebly essayed to smile. As I said before—he had my sympathy.

BILLY'S SLANG IS INFECTIOUS.

Funny how infectious Billy Sunday's slang is.

I passed a dignified old gentleman as I was leaving the tabernacle the other day, and this is what I heard:

"Billy Sunday has certainly much talent, his oratorical ability is unquestionable, his personal magnetism draws you, even when you don't care for his way of treating the subject—but believe me"—and he rolled it under his tongue like a sweet morsel, "believe me, Billy is out to crack the devil on the bean, and before he gets through he will have all Atlanta up and dusting down the trail with him. Billy has got the goods and he will certainly deliver them."

And I caught myself thinking, "You bet he has."

THAT'S BILLY BEARD, NOT BILLY SUNDAY.

"I tell you that ain't Billy Sunday—Billy Sunday's a preacher. That guy ain't no preacher, that's Billy Beard."

"But he's a preacher, I know, 'cause I was here yesterday. He's a—a—a—a stage preacher and—"

The argument was taking place at the very back of the crowd in the afternoon service.

The two debaters were boys, one I should imagine about 12 and the other 14. They were ragged, dirty, barefooted and intensely interested.

All through the sermon they had sat—hands clutching the backs of the seats in front of them—eyes on the preacher—and toes wriggling with excitement on the rungs of the chairs. Once in a while the younger would exclaim in a hoarse intense whisper: "Hot dog," and then the older would respond, "Oh, boy—look a there—oh, boy."

So they sat until Mr. Sunday finished—so they sat through the closing song, and finally when the crowds dispersed they reluctantly rose to go.

"Gee, whatever he is—he's some guy. I don't care if he is a preacher, he's a—why he's—the best show I ever seen. Let's come back tonight, Billy."

"You bet," enthusiastically agreed Billy. And drawing their feet slowly through the soft sawdust they passed out.

SOLDIER ATTEMPTS ARSON

Admits Trying to Burn Warehouse "to See Firemen Run."

Augusta, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—The police department late tonight arrested Earl H. Page, headquarters company, 111th infantry, Pennsylvania division, charging him with attempted arson. He admits his guilt.

An attempt was made last night to burn the J. H. Hollingsworth warehouse. Page went to work with the police department to run down the firebug. He showed a superior knowledge in the case, and his talk was suggestive. Finally one of the detectives put him under arrest, and charged him with the act and he confessed. To "why did you try to burn the warehouse?" he replied: "I wanted to see the fire department run."

FIRE AT GREENSBORO DOES SMALL DAMAGE

Greensboro, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—Fire was discovered at 11:30 last night in the cotton warehouse of J. R. Spinks. Prompt work by the volunteer fire department extinguished the blaze before it had gained much headway. Fifty-six bales of cotton were damaged with a loss of about $1,500, covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is thought that it was brought into the warehouse in a bale of cotton.

Rally at Bowdon.

Bowdon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) Colonel Sidney Holderness, of Carrollton, candidate for congress from the fourth district, spoke here tonight before a large audience. He was introduced by I. H. B. Beck, representative from Carroll county, and at the close of the meeting, it was stated that Colonel Holderness is apparently sure to carry this section with a heavy majority.

I am Sincere! Stop Calomel! I Guarantee Dodson's Liver Tone

Listen to me! Calomel sickens and you may lose a day's work. If bilious, constipated or headachy read my guarantee.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working; headache and dizziness gone; stomach will be sweet and bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—(adv.)

BOY IS ELECTROCUTED LEANING AGAINST POST

Sixteen-Year-Old Sandersville Boy Meets Instant Death on Street.

Sandersville, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—Phil Moye was electrocuted tonight at 6 o'clock when twenty-three hundred volts of electricity shot through his body. He was riding a bicycle and stopped in front of the school house. As he rode up to the curb he leaned against an iron post and when his foot touched the ground the current killed him instantly. No one saw the catastrophe, but it is presumed he stopped to get an iron hoop off the post which had been there several days. Rain caused the insulation to burn off the wire where the hoop touched it. It will probably never be known, however, why the accident occurred.

Phil is the second son of Revenue Collector S. M. Moye and was sixteen years old and one of the most popular boys of the younger set in the city. His mother was prostrated. His elder brother, Marion Moye, is in the navy.

An official investigation will be made by the city authorities Tuesday morning. This is the third person to be electrocuted since the city installed its plant fifteen years ago.

24TH U. D. C. CONVENTION OPENS IN CHATTANOOGA

Warm Contest Over Officers Expected—Several Candidates for President.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 12.—Delegates to the twenty-fourth annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which opens here tomorrow, are arriving in the city, the president general, Mrs. Frank G. Odenheimer, being the first on the scene. Reservations have been made for 500 delegates.

Many women of national prominence will take part in the convention, including Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the secretary of the navy; Mrs. Daisy McLaurin Stephens, former president general and daughter of former Senator McLaurin of Mississippi; Mrs. Birdie Askin Owen, president of the Tennessee division; Mrs. Thomas L. Polk, Tennessee regent of the Daughters of the Revolution, and a direct descendant of James K. Polk; Mrs. Virginia Redditt Price, president Mississippi division; Mrs. John R. Eggleston, wife of an officer on the Confederate monitor Merrimac; Miss Mary B. Poppenheim, of South Carolina; Mrs. Charles B. Bryan, of Memphis, daughter of Admiral Raphael Semmes, commander of the Confederate privateer Alabama; Mrs. Livingston Rowe Schuyler, of New York; Mrs. James H. Barker, of New York; Miss Elliott Todhunter, daughter of General Todhunter, of Mobile, Ala., one of the four living adjutants of the civil war.

The usual farm contest for officers will be staged at this session, there being several announced candidates for president general, including Mrs. Charles B. Bryan, of Memphis, and Miss Poppenheim, of South Carolina.

The present officers are: President general, Mrs. Frank G. Odenheimer, Washington, D. C.; first vice president general, Mrs. J. H. Stewart, Los Angeles; second vice president general, Mrs. L. M. Bashinsky, Troy, Ala.; third vice president general, Mrs. Lula A. Lowell, Denver; recording secretary general, Mrs. W. C. N. Merchant, Chatham, Va.; corresponding secretary general, Mrs. Lutie Hailey Walcott, Ardmore, Okla.; treasurer general, Mrs. R. E. Little, Wadesboro, N. C.; registrar general, Mrs. J. Norment Powell, Johnson City, Tenn.; historian general, Mrs. Grace Meredith Newbill, Pulaski, Tenn.; custodian of crosses of honor, Mrs. Elizabeth T. Selles, Columbus, Ohio; custodian of flags and crosses, Mrs. Frank Anthony Walke, Norfolk, Va.

AMERICAN BAKERIES UNDER U. S. LICENSE

Washington, November 12.—All bakeries in the United States, including those of hotels, restaurants and clubs and excepting only the small neighborhood maker of bread, who uses less than ten barrels of flour a month, are required to come under federal licenses after December 10, by a proclamation issued tonight by President Wilson.

All "persons, firms, corporations and associations who manufacture for sale bread in any form, cakes, crackers, biscuits, pastry or other bakery products," are directed to take out licenses which will subject them to rigid regulations now being drafted by the food administration. Thus the great manufactures of cakes and crackers sold throughout the world will be affected in company with the bakeries which sell their products in the city of their location.

Under its regulations the food administration will standardize breadmaking, and Administrator Hoover expects to force prices for pound loaves downward, probably to 7 or 8 cents. Fancy breads are to be eliminated; loaves are to be in one, one and a half, two and four-pound sizes, and the sugar contents is to be cut down from six to three pounds per barrel of flour.

The president's proclamation recites the provisions of the food law and says:

"All persons, firms, corporations and associations who manufacture for sale bread in any form, cake, crackers, biscuits, pastry or other bakery products (excepting, however, those whose consumption of any flour and meal in the manufacture of such product is, in the aggregate, less than ten barrels a month) are hereby required to procure a license on or before December 10, 1917. This includes hotels, restaurants, other public eating places and clubs who serve bread or other bakery products of their own baking.

"Application for license must be made to the United States food administration, Washington, D. C., law department, license division, on forms prepared by it for that purpose, which may be obtained on request.

"Any person, firm, corporation or association other than those hereinbefore excepted, who shall engage in or carry on any business hereinbefore specified after December 10, 1917, without first procuring such license will be liable to the penalty prescribed by said act of congress." The penalty is $5,000 fine or two years' imprisonment or both.

MENTAL EXAMINATION OF THE DRAFTED MEN

Boston, November 12.—The Massachusetts Homeopathic Medical society made public today an address recently delivered before it by Major Varnon Briggs, of the psychopathic division of the examning boards at Camp Devens, in which Dr. Briggs related some of the difficulties involved in the mental examination of drafted men. Speaking of "conscientious objectors," he said:

"There are from nine to thirteen of these gentlemen who present themselves every day. This stream has been so difficult to deal with that we have had to classify the various excuses. We have finally dissolved them into four groups: The conscientious objector who is really conscientious; religious objectors, as Seventh Day Adventists; Quakers, etc.; Christophers, a sect forbidden to don a uniform or salute, and those favored individuals who receive messages from the Lord forbidding them to enter the fray."

NEGRO OFFICERS FORCED TO FLEE VICKSBURG

Lieut. Sanders Says Whites Made Him Remove Uniform and Get Out of City.

St. Louis, November 12.—Joseph B. Sanders, a negro of this city, who was commissioned a second lieutenant in the national army after taking a training course at Des Moines, has complained to the war department that he was compelled by white citizens of Vicksburg, Miss., to remove his uniform and that he fled the city in disguise.

Lieutenant Sanders now is stationed at Fort Dodge, Iowa, and sent a letter to the war department from that post.

In a letter to the editor of a negro paper here Sanders said he was inhospitably received by white soldiers.

Vicksburg, Miss., November 12.—Local authorities declared tonight that although there was no record of threatened violence against Joseph B. Sanders, of St. Louis, a negro commissioned as second lieutenant in the national army, events similar to those in the charges made by Lieutenant Sanders took place in the case of George Lee, a negro lieutenant in the national army, who said he was from Memphis.

According to the authorities Lieutenant Lee while in Vicksburg recently reprimanded several privates of the 155th infantry, charging them with having failed to salute him. The soldiers, it was stated, followed the lieutenant to a theater and warned him that should he reappear on the street wearing his uniform it would be stripped from him. No attempt was made by the soldiers to enter the theater and protection from threatened violence was accorded Lieutenant Lee by civilians and by city police officers.

Acting upon the advice of local citizens, Lieutenant Lee, during the remainder of his brief stay here, wore civilian clothes.

The matter was reported to Colonel George C. Hoskins, commanding the 155th infantry, who instituted an investigation.

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ASK FOR and GET

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The Original Malted Milk

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price.

U. S. CONGRESSMEN UNDER SHELL FIRE

Paris, November 12.—The American congressmen who have been visiting the British, French and American fronts, returned to Paris yesterday. While near Vimy Ridge, on the British front, they were under shell fire. They saw a bombardment of German positions on the French front.

On the American front the congressmen were guests of officers of the engineers. Several representatives chatted with American soldiers who had returned from the trenches. They also visited American batteries.

WOMAN SHOT TO DEATH IN DISPUTE OVER WAR

Port Arthur, Texas, November 12.—In a dispute over the war, Mrs. Manuel Brown was shot and killed last night at her home in the presence of her husband. George Patrick was arrested and taken to Beaumont today by automibile for safe keeping. Three loads of enraged citizens are said to have followed the automobile toward Beaumon, but did not overtake it.

Patrick is said to have taken the side of Germany and became enraged at Mrs. Brown's position.



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LATHERS INSTANTLY

There is nothing so nice for the bath and toilet as this *good* soap. Rose scented bubbles of health-giving purity and fragrance.

You can buy fancier packages and get less soap value, more penetrating odor and less refinement. Make it a habit of using Jap Rose and get the *best* bath and toilet soap science produces.

Sold by all good dealers—After the bath use JAP ROSE Face and Body Toilet Talcum Powder.

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GARMENTS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

Ready For You Today

300 Suits and Coats

The widest choice of select, new styles---the greatest values we have ever shown

$25.00



Every woman or miss in reach of this store should come and see these wonderful garments before buying Suits and Coats today

Suits

Serges, broadcloths, wool poplins, gabardines, Burellas, velours and velveteens.

Stylish, little youthful short-waisted models for misses and small women, tailored and fitted styles for women who want practical suits—belted models also. Many fancier models, trimmed with fur, braid, velvet and novelty buttons. These in every wanted color as—

New Browns, Taupe, Green, Beet, Root, Reindeer, Plum, Navy and Black, also novelty two-toned plaid models in rich colorings.

Coats

These are coats of unusual style, and great attractiveness.

THEY are models with stunning large collars, or close snug-fitting collars—some with real fur, others fur fabrics, plush velvet or self materials. Nearly all have wide belts and large novelty pockets. Plenty high-waisted models.

Pom-Poms, Broadcloth, Velours, Bolivias, Zibelines, Burellas, Plush, and novelty weaves in every new and wanted color.

SOCIETY

Robins-McCord.

The marriage of Miss Mary Alice Robins, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. John Thomas Robins and granddaughter of the late Dr. J. B. Robins, and Mr. Jefferson Davis McCord was solemnized last night at 7:30 o'clock at Trinity Methodist church in the presence of only the two families and a few intimate friends. The bride's father officiated, and there were no attendants. The bride wore a becoming traveling suit of taupe-colored cloth trimmed in sealskin, and hat to match. Her flowers were orchids and Parma violets.

Mrs. Robins, the bride's mother, was gowned in blue crepe de chine, with black picture hat.

The church was artistically decorated with palms, ferns and white chrysanthemums, which banked the altar. Mr. Charles Sheldon played the wedding music.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. McCord left for a wedding trip of several weeks in Florida, and on their return to Atlanta will be at home with the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. McCord, in Druid Hills.

Daniel-Berge.

The Nashville Tennessean of Sunday quotes The Constitution's account of the marriage of Miss Tyler Daniel and Mr. Flippen David Burge, and adds:

"In Nashville there is no one more popularly remembered than Mrs. Charles W. Daniel, who was formerly Miss Alice Calhoun, and who made her residence in Nashville previous to her marriage. Her daughter, Miss Tyler Daniel, on last Tuesday was married to Mr. Flippen David Burge, in Atlanta, where Dr. and Mrs. Daniel reside. The bride has on several occasions been a visitor to Nashville relatives, and is pleasantly remembered here. In Atlanta she was very popular and frequently entertained previous to her wedding."

"The Truth," By Clyde Fitch.

At the next meeting of the Atlanta Center, Drama League of America, which will take place Tuesday afternoon, November 13, at 3 o'clock, in the lounge of the Georgian Terrace, the program will consist of a part reading of one of the best known and cleverest of the Clyde Fitch comedies, "The Truth."

The cast will include such well-known readers as Mrs. Ransom Wright, Mrs. W. F. Shallenberger, Mrs. Linton Hopkins, Mrs. J. Huger Elliott, Miss Courtney Rose, Mr. W. G. Perry, Mr. Edward Austin, Mr. Ransom Wright, Mr. Cyril Smith, Mr. Kenyon Kahner and Mr. Wendell Fentriss.

Part readings have proven very popular in past years with the league, and a large audience is expected to hear "The Truth."

For Miss Bates and Mr. Walsh.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heinz entertained at a beautiful dinner party last night at their home in Druid Hills, in compliment to Miss Anne Winship Bates and Mr. Thomas J. Walsh, of New York, whose marriage takes place Wednesday evening.

The centerpiece of the table represented a minature garden abloom with Lady Hillingston roses, swansonia and valley lillies. The place cards were hand-painted in slippers and through the cards were caught a spray of valley lilies.

Little baskets of Irish crochet with handles tied with yellow tulle and filled with bonbons were at the places and other details of the artistic table were carried out in yellow and white.

Palms and great yellow and white chrysanthemums decorated the reception rooms.

Mrs. Heinz wore a handsome gown of gold-colored satin, embroidered in gold.

Mrs. Bates was charming in apricot tulle over gold tissue cloth and a corsage bouquet of Parma violets.

The guests included Miss Bates, Mrs. Elizabeth Winship Bates, Miss Frances Winship, Miss Irene King, Miss Laura Sawtell, Mr. Frank Gaynor of New York, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Albert Prichard, Mr. George Woodruff and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woodruff.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hunt entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Capital City club for Miss Bates and Mr. Walsh.

A large basket of pink and white chrysanthemums decorated the tables. Covers were laid for sixteen.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Vose entertained at a wedding dinner Sunday at their home on Howell Mill road and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Haden entertained twelve guests at dinner Sunday evening at their home on Peachtree street for Miss Bates and Mr. Walsh.

St. Luke's Restaurant.

The luncheon menu for today at the restaurant being conducted in the Connally building by the ladies of St. Luke's church includes roast lamb, creamed chicken on toast, green peas, rice and gravy, candied sweet potatoes, Waldorf salad or ice cream, rolls, tea or coffee. Price 50 cents. Hours from 12 to 3 o'clock.

A 35-cent lunch will include lamb or chicken, rice and gravy, rolls, tea or coffee.

U. D. C. Convention.

The delegates from the Atlanta chapter to the general convention, United Daughters of the Confederacy, to be held in Chattanooga, leave this morning. They are:

Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, Mrs. W. S. Coleman, Mrs. Howard McCall, Mrs. John C. Henderson, Mrs. A. O. Woodward, Mrs. E. L. Connally, Miss Alice Baxter, Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Mrs. James Lucus Baird, Mrs. J. E. Blitich, Miss Sallie E. Brown, Mrs. P. H. Cherry, Mrs. James W. Bidell, Mrs. J. S. Nichols.

McLean-Eggli.

Miss Alline McLean and Mr. Paul A. Eggli, of Atlanta, were married Sunday morning at the home of Dr. Henry Alford Porter, who officiated. Mr. and Mrs. Eggli left immediately for southern Georgia for a short visit. Upon their return they will make their home at 435 Spring street.

Meeting Postponed.

The meeting of the Atlanta Humane society, which was to have been held this morning has been postponed until Wednesday morning at the same hour and place, in order that the members may hear Mrs. William A. Sunday speak this morning.

Officers Elected.

At a regular meeting of Georgia Division, No. 337, Ladies' Auxiliary to Order of Railway Conductors, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Past president, Mrs. D. E. Boswell; president, Mrs. T. Minahan; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Charles J. Foster; senior sister, Mrs. E. L. Roberts; junior sister, Mrs. Grover Gill; chairman executive committee, Mrs. W. J. Reeves; first member executive committee, Mrs. J. M. Jackson; second member executive committee, Mrs. D. L. Arwood; guard, Mrs. W. R. Dodge; correspondent, Mrs. Guy Moncrief; musician, Mrs. J. M. Nesbit; insurance secretary, Mrs. H. T. Cox.

The attention of the members is called to the fact that our organization meets on Thursday at Red Cross work rooms, No. 15 Peachtree, and Mrs. T. Minahan as chairman of the Red Cross committee, urges the membership to lend their co-operation.

Business Woman's Invitation Committee Meets.

The business women's invitation committee, of the Billy Sunday campaign, will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the Young Women's Christian association in the Arcade building. Miss Frances Miller and Mrs. William Asher, of the Sunday party, will be present and a full attendance is urged.

Prioleau-Wood.

Mrs. E. L. Prioleau announces the engagement of her daughter, Phoebe Caroline, to Mr. Charles Howard Wood, of Alabama, the marriage to take place the latter part of November.

For Mrs. Collier.

Mrs. W. F. Spalding entertained at two tables of bridge yesterday afternoon at her home on West Peachtree street, in compliment to Mrs. Emily Grant Collier, the guest of Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman. Mrs. Joseph Raine will entertain informally at bridge Wednesday morning at home for Mrs. Collier.

For Mrs. Hardaway.

Mrs. James O. Wynn entertained at a small luncheon yesterday at her home on Peachtree circle in compliment to Mrs. Price Gilbert's guest, Mrs. Benjamin Hurt Hardaway, Sr. The centerpiece of the table was a pretty arrangement of fruit, and other details were in yellow.

The guests included Mrs. Hardaway, Mrs. Gilbert, Mrs. James E. Hickey, Mrs. Malcolm Fleming and Mrs. Benjamin Hardaway, Jr.

Matinee Party.

Mrs. Julius Jennings entertained at a matinee party Monday afternoon, a compliment to Miss Gladys Cassels, of Savannah, the guest of Miss Gladys Byrd, and Miss Thelma Wright, of Elberton, the guest of Mrs. Benjamin Conyers. Miss Caroline Blount and Mrs. Louise Leonard completed the party. Tea was served after the matinee in Mrs. Jennings' apartment at the Georgian Terrace.

Wed on August 18, Mr. and Mrs. Berry Announce Marriage

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Berry were receiving the congratulations of their many friends in Atlanta yesterday following the announcement of their secret marriage in Athens on August 18.

The bride was formerly Miss Lillian Mrs. C. C. Hightower, of 6 Park street. The groom is a prominent young business man, being connected with the Lucas Theater Supply company, of Atlanta.

The young couple are at home to their friends at the residence of the bride's parents, 6 Park street.

KNITTING LESSONS AT SUFFRAGE MEET

The Atlanta Equal Suffrage association will hold a meeting on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the McClure building, 11 Whitehall street. After a short business session, Uncle Sam's knitting class will meet. Free lessons will be given and material furnished for making sweaters, mufflers, etc. Mrs. A. H. Campbell will organize a class to make trench candles and other small articles necessary to the comfort of the soldiers.

Letters from the front will be read by Mrs. Amelia R. Woodall. A cordial invitaation is extended to every one interested.

PRESBYTERY ACCEPTS PATTON'S RESIGNATION

The resignation of Rev. J. G. Patton, for the past twenty-one years pastor of the Decatur Presbyterian church, was accepted Monday by the Atlanta Presbytery, when Dr. Patton's acceptance to the Smyrna call was sanctioned. A successor had not been appointed Monday.

SEVENTH WARD CLUB POSTPONES MEETING

The regular meeting of the Seventh Ward Improvement club, which was to be held Tuesday night, November 13, has been postponed until a later date, when due notice will be given the members.

Hoover Cooking School Opens With Big Class

Mrs. George B. Denman was the presiding genius of Atlanta's first Hoover cooking school which opened yesterday afternoon with a big class at 66½ Forsyth street, under the auspices of the Atlanta branch of the National League for Woman's Service.

The purpose of the school is to teach the ways and means of cooking with war economy substitutes.

A special place will be provided at the classes for negro cooks.

At the first class yesterday lessons were given in the uses of bran for bread, and demonstrations were given in the making of bran muffins, peanut meal biscuits, pumpkin bread and cotton seed flour biscuit.

This afternoon there will be classes in the Hoover recipes for vegetables, and in the cooking of meat substitutes.

Mrs. Denman will also show the regular Hoover administration costumes.

CHRISTINE MILLER IS TRUE AMERICAN WITH LOTS OF "PEP"

"Technic in music is essential to the success of a concert artist, but audiences are demanding something more. Particularly in these days of stress and strain, the human heart is looking for a message of hope, a message such as Christine Miller brought to us when she sang 'God's in His Heaven, All's Right With the World.'"

The extract is from a Canadian paper in its appreciation of a recital given recently by Christine Miller, distinguished mezzo-contralto, who will be heard Thursday night at the Atlanta theater:

"She sang the big aria from Jeanne d'Arc, following it with the mighty 'Marseillaise,' and she brought the audience to its feet. And when she sang to the English rose and the lily of France, both stained with the blood of heroes, there were few dry eyes in the house. Her Scotch songs found a ready response in many a heart, while her French songs gave unbounded delight to the more critical of her hearers."

In seeking an explanation for Miss Miller's overwhelming charm, which lies not alone in her art, not alone in her beauty, the writer says, "Here was a young woman literally twisting a large audience around her finger and making them laugh or cry at will," and "work" is the solution he comes to. "Miss Miller has pep," if the sporting term may be transferred to a singer. "But above all, we have a suspicion that Christine Miller has succeeded because she is just Christine Miller. In other words she is willing to be known for what she is, a normal American, bubbling over with good health and spirits, and a practical common-sense view of life. She is a shining example of the arrival of the American artist."

Miss Cora Buckmaster In Charge of Rotary Rooms For Soldiers

Miss Cora A. Buckmaster, former secretary and treasurer of the National League for Women's Service, is now in charge of the Rotarians' club room for soldiers in the Healey building.

Great enthusiasm is being manifested by the soldiers, who expect to make the club headquarters when away from camp. Those who have already visited it declare it the most home-like place in Atlanta.

There is a newspaper from each soldier's home town, besides magazines of every kind. The Victrola furnishes good music, but nothing like the boys do when their voices chime together in old-time melodies and the latest hits.

As the windows and doors of the club bear witness, every boy of Uncle Sam is "welcome."

MRS. HOLCOMB RESTS IN OAKLAND CEMETERY

The funeral services of Mrs. H. R. Holcomb, member of a prominent family and formerly a resident of Atlanta, who died Saturday morning at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. G. H. Turner, in Douglasville, Ga., was held Sunday morning at Douglasville. The body was sent to Atlanta for interment, which took place at Oakland cemetery.

When residing in Atlanta, Mrs. Holcomb lived in a residence which occupied the site of the present state capitol. Her husband was formerly postmaster when the postoffice was located in the building that is now the city hall.

During the battle of Atlanta she gave up her home to be used as a hospital for wounded confederate soldiers and she remained in the home to help care for them.

Mrs. Holcomb is survived by one daughter, Mrs. J. P. McWilliams, of Lafayette, Ga., and the following grandchildren: Mrs. G. H. Turner, of Douglasville, Ga.; Miss Harriett Whitley, of Atlanta; Mrs. Frances Whitley Moore, of Atlanta; Mrs. Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., of Atlanta; B. N. Perry, Jr., of Newport News, Va.; LeRoy Holcomb and Henry Holcomb, of Atlanta.

MAX MEYERHARDT HERE FOR ROME GAS HEARING

City Attorney Max Myerhardt, of Rome, is in Atlanta to represent the city of Rome at a hearing before the railroad commission today at which time the Rome Municipal Gas company will ask for the privilege of increasing its rate. The changes sought are being opposed by the city of Rome.

OBEY THESE RULES IN SENDING GIFTS TO FIGHTING MEN

Washington, November 12.—Christmas packages for men serving on American war vessels abroad must reach New York not later than November 24, the navy department announced tonight in issuing regulations to guide persons sending gifts to officers and men of the navy, both at home and in foreign waters.

Similar regulations apply to packages sent to members of the American expeditionary forces in France, and the fact that improperly packed boxes have been received at New York for shipment to Europe prompted the postoffice department today to issue orders to postmasters throughout the country not to accept such packages unless they meet the requirements.

The regulations issued by the navy department follow:

"Packages forwarded by parcel post must comply with the postal regulations, and should be inclosed in substantial boxes with hinged or screw-top cover to facilitate opening and inspecting.

"All boxes shipped by express are limited to 20 pounds in weight, should measure not more than two cubic feet in volume, be of wood, well strapped and have a hinged or screw top to facilitate opening and inspecting.

"No perishable food product other than those inclosed in cans or glass jars should be packed in parcels post or express shipments.

"All mail matter should be addressed as now prescribed by the postal regulations. All express packages should be forwarded in care of supply officer, navy yard, New York.

"All packages must be plainly marked with the name and address of the sender, together with a notation indicating the nature of the contents, such as 'Christmas Box' or 'Christmas Present.'

"The supply officer at New York will cause each express package to be opened and carefully examined to see that nothing of an explosive or other dangerous character is forwarded."

SALE OF TICKETS FOR JOHN M'CORMACK OPENS WITH RUSH

The sale of seats for the John McCormack concert opened at the Cable Piano company's store Monday morning with a big rush for seats. Apparently the Irish tenor is more popular in Atlanta than ever, and one of the biggest audiences that ever greeted him anywhere will be out to hear him at the Auditorium-Armory Thanksgiving night.

Manager Dan McGuirk will receive mail orders at the Cable company when proper remittances accompany. The prices are $1, $1.50 and $2, plus the 10 per cent war tax required by the government.

LOCAL POSTOFFICE NOW 25TH LARGEST IN ENTIRE COUNTRY

Atlanta has the twenty-fifth largest postoffice in the country, according to a statistical report recently issued by the postal department at Washington. The gross receipts for the Atlanta office for this year aggregate $1,614,007—an increase of 10.12 per cent over the receipts of the previous year. Atlanta was third to the lowest of 55 postoffices in the ranking for expenditures' clerks and city delivery hire. Des Moines, Iowa, brings up the rear in the smallest percentage of expenditures listed.

Macon Citizens Who Knew Liliuokalani, Ex-Queen of Hawaii

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) Considerable local interest attached to the death of ex-Queen Lilioukalani, of Hawaii, because of the fact that the late James H. Blount, of Macon, who was congressman from the sixth Georgia district for twenty years, figured prominently in the affairs of Hawaii when he went there as the special commissioner of President Cleveland to investigate the situation following the drawing up of a treaty of annexation.

Colonel Blount caused the American flags to be hauled down from over the government buildings where they had been raised on orders of Minister Stevens, who had proclaimed a protectorate over the country on behalf of the United States. Colonel Blount's report caused President Cleveland to remove Minister Stevens, but an effort on the part of the Georgia congressman to have the former queen restored to her throne failed when the provisional government of the new republic refused to consider it. The Blount report was referred to congress by President Cleveland, where it was rejected and a decision adverse to President Cleveland's recommendation that the queen be restored was reached.

Colonel Blount was the father of Mrs. Walter D. Lamar, of Macon, and was one of the best known men of Georgia during his lifetime.

Another feature of local interest in connection with the ex-queen's death, is the fact that Major R. W. Bliss, of the base hospital at Camp Wheeler, was stationed at the army hospital in Honolulu two years before being transferred to Camp Wheeler, and had a personal acquaintance with "Queen Lil."

Major Bliss says the former queen lived in a stately old house in the heart of the city. She often appeared in public and took a drive almost every day in her carriage, a turnout drawn by four horses. Her former subjects never deserted her and twice each year she gave a reception, one of these occasions always being her birthday, says Major Bliss.

Woman Takes Message From Governor Dorsey To Governor Henderson

After calling on Governor Dorsey at the capitol Monday and obtaining a message from him to Governor Charles Henderson, of Alabama, Miss Vera Neff, who is traveling on horseback from Dover, Ohio, to New Orleans, selling pictures of herself on the way to provide funds to complete her education, left on her trip to the Alabama capital.

The letter which Miss Neff bears from Georgia's governor is as follows:

"Message from the governor of Georgia to the governor of Alabama through Miss Vera Neff:

"Miss Vera Neff is an up-to-date woman, en route on horseback from Dover, Ohio, to New Orleans, La. She resembles a knight of the olden times, but she is turning a new page in the history of the world. Besides evincing a desire for a first-hand acquaintance with the geography of her country, she is showing her independence of the male sex. In other words, Miss Neff is her own knight-errant.

"There is material for a splendid romance in her modern crusade. Taking advantage of her kindly offices, Georgia sends greetings to Alabama. The watchword of the hour is patriotism. While our boys are fighting at the front, there will be no lack of Spartan courage among the women at home. Yours very truly,

"HUGH M. DORSEY,
"Governor."

RECRUITS ARE NEEDED FOR ORDNANCE CORPS

The enlisted ordnance corps, national army, needs volunteers for the "army behind the army" Men representing the following trades are especially needed: Armorers, auto mechanics, blacksmiths, canvas workers, carpenters, clerks and bookkeepers, cooks, gunmakers, laborers (high grade), machinists, mechanics, packers, saddlers, wheelrights.

Practically every man between the ages of 18 and 40 years, who is skilled in a trade, can be used to work in the "service of the rear" for the success of the men who do the actual fighting. A period of instruction in an arsenal, service with a detachment and ultimate service in France. The work includes maintenance and repair of cannon, artillery, arms, ammunition, motor trucks, motorcycles, tractors and railroad cars.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING APPROPRIATIONS FIXED

Sums Recommended for Georgia Schools Are Approved by Government.

The federal government has approved every appropriation recommended for Georgia schools under the Smith-Hughes fund for vocational training, formal notice to this effect having been received by State School Supeintendent M. L. Brittain Monday in a telegram from C. A. Prosser, of the federal board.

The state board asked for $44,360 from the federal government, but, under the provisions of the Smith-Hughes law, Georgia will receive only $41,500 from the government. The difference will be made up from the $15,000 fund set aside by the state to meet such a contingency and to pay the expenses of the state board. The funds to meet these recommendations will be available in a short time.

The federal governmnt will give $15,000 to state agricultural institutions; $2,900 to schools teaching trades and industries; $2,400 to part-time and evening schools; $1,200 to the training of teachers in home economics, and $600 to the summer school of the State College of Agriculture at the University of Georgia.

Below are the detailed apportionments of the federal fund, each of which will be doubled by the agreement of the state to give dollar for dollar the amount of the government, brining the 1917 vocational training fund in Georgia to $81,000:

The state agricultural institutions are given $15,050, apportioned as follows:	
The eleven district agricultural schools $1,200 each	$13,200
Twelfth district agricultural school appropriation	600
Savannah Industrial school	750
Albany Normal school appropriation.	500
Appropriations for local agricultural institutions were:	
Rabun county	$ 600
Dawson county	700
Banks county	700
Appling county	600
Bartow county	700
Putnam county	700
Mitchell county	700
Wayne county	700
Bibb county	700
Harris county	700
Hear dcounty	600
Monroe county	400
Total	$ 7,000

Under the head of trade and industries, the appropriations total $2,900, and are as follows:

Columbus Industrial High school, (white)	$ 600
Columbus, negro school	300
Thomaston High school	500
Sandersville Negro Industrial school.	400
Savannah State Industrial School for Negroes	450
Atlanta Industrial School for Negroes.	650

Part-time and evening schools are given $2,400 as follows:

Augusta, John Millege school.	$ 800
Atlanta High school	1,300
Athens High school, negroes.	300

For home economics, $1,200 was set aside, as follows:

Swainesboro school	$ 300
Augusta school	450
Columbus, negro school	450

For the training of teachers in home economics, $15,200 is appropriated, as follows:

Georgia Normal and Industrial, Milledgeville	$1,400
State Normal school, Athens	1,200
South Georgia Normal, Valdosta.	1,000
State School of Technology.	3,000
University of Georgia (State College of Agriculture, School of Education)	6,500
Savannah State Industrial College for Colored Youth	700
Negro Normal and Industrial Agricultural school, Albany.	400

The summer school of the State College of Agriculture of the University of Georgia is given $600.

Young Women Awaiting The Great Crisis



Three generations have found great relief from the many discomforts of approaching motherhood, by the safe, time-honored massage, "Mother's Friend".

It gently softens every fibre, cord, tendon and ligament. The drawn skin becomes soft and elastic. Tension and strain upon the expanding abdominal muscles is relieved when baby arrives; morning sickness or nausea usually is not felt and the crisis is passed with infinitely less pain and danger.

"Mother's Friend" has been used by expectant mothers with the greatest success for over forty years.

Get a bottle from the druggist today and write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. H, 46 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for a valuable book brimful of useful information. The book will be mailed to you without charge. Do not by any means neglect to begin the use of "Mother's Friend"; the preparation is undoubtedly a real and wonderful aid to nature in her work.

GEORGIAN SAYS IT'S WORTH THOUSANDS

Declares Tanlac Restored Health After 20 Years' Suffering—Has Gained Eleven Pounds.

"It's worth thousands of dollars to feel like I do now. Since Tanlac has taken away the trouble that kept me in misery for the last twenty years," said M. B. Daniel, a well-known farmer living on Route 2 out of Abbeville, Georgia, a few days ago.

"Whenever a man suffers as long as I did, he gets to the place where he feels like he's no more good in this world," he continued, "and that's just the way I had begun to feel. Long ago I got so weak I couldn't carry on my work, for spells of stomach trouble and nervousness just made it torture for me to eat and the trouble I had wouldn't let me sleep at all. My heart acted queer until I was afraid it was going to stop and I felt like I didn't much care if it did.

"I'd been well enough satisfied to have had my sufferings relieved, but that's not all Tanlac did—I've gained eleven pounds in weight besides. I can eat as heartily as if I had never had stomach trouble and I can do as much work in a day as I ever could. I just feel like a new man."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.—(adv.)

Use Constitution Want Ads

COULD SCARCELY WALK AT ALL

For One and One-Half Years. Confined to Bed Most of This Time--Suffered Intense Pain.

Sheffield, Ala.—"About four years ago," says Mrs. J. T. Stonecipher, of this town, "I got in very bad health . . . became irregular, and I was pretty bad off for a year and a half . . . had difficulty and pain in walking—could scarcely walk at all. I got awfully thin and was confined to my bed most of the time for 1½ years—could scarcely ever do any work. I suffered dreadfully, and I suffered intense pain in the right side.

We had in attendance first Dr. ——, of ——, who pronounced my trouble . . ., and he wanted me to have an operation performed, but I could not bear the thought of submitting to such a thing. . . . He gave me medicine which did me no good. I then had Dr. ——, of ——, who gave me medicine which gave me no permanent relief.

My neighbors said how bad off I was and advised me to take Cardui. . . . My husband was so worried about me that he went and called in Dr. ——, of ——, . . . On his second call I told him . . . I had taken about a bottle of Cardui, which had been improving me a great deal. . . . He said: 'Well, leave off my medicine and take the Cardui, it's a good medicine.' After the use of the second bottle I was cured and the cure was permanent."

Cardui should help you, too. Try it. —(adv.)

THE NEW CALOMEL FINE FOR COLDS AND GRIPPE

Calotabs, the New Nauseless Calomel, Breaks Up a Severe Cold Overnight.

Physicians and druggists have at last found a quick and dependable remedy for colds and grippe. One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water,—that all. Next morning your cold has vanished and your liver and entire system are purified and refreshed without the slightest unpleasantness or interference with appetite, diet or work.

Doctors have always contended that calomel is the best medicine for colds, bronchitis and lagrippe and the first medicine to be given in pnuemonia and acute fevers. The new calomel, Calotabs, is purified and refined from all of the sickening and dangerous effects and with the medicinal virtues vastly improved.

Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price 35c. Your druggist recommends and guarantees them and will refund your money if you are not delighted.—(adv.)



WHITEN YOUR SKIN

with the delightful new preparation

Sweet Marie SKIN BALM

Guaranteed to whiten the skin and positively will not cause blisters and pimples.

A delightful vanishing cream,—no grease. Can be used at any time.

Ask your druggist for Sweet Marie Skin Balm,—if he won't supply you, send us 25c in stamps or coin for a box.

LAXARET CO.,
Dept. C., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED

Overworked Women must learn not to neglect their health



How Women are Restored to Health

Spartanburg, S.C.—"For nine years I suffered from backache, weakness, and irregularities so I could hardly do my work. I tried many remedies but found no permanent relief. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt a great change for the better and am now well and strong so I have no trouble in doing my work. I hope every user of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will get as great relief as I did from its use."—Mrs. S. D. McABEE, 122 Dewey Ave., Spartanburg, S. C.

Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years I suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and determined to try it. It brought almost immediate relief. My weakness has entirely disappeared and I never had better health. I weigh 165 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jos. O'BRYAN, 1755 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill.

YOU CAN RELY UPON

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Positively the greatest value we have ever offered

$5



a shoe of high-grade material, made by one of the highest class factories—in all black leathers with full French or walking heels. But you will have to see it to appreciate its wonderful value.

Bych's

Mail orders filled same day received



Reduce the High Cost of Living by using ALAGA SYRUP

As a Spread for Hot-Cakes, Biscuit and Muffins, ALAGA is the Ideal Syrup—*Nothing Better*

Put up while hot in sealed cans, under the ALAGA label, ALAGA is guaranteed as pure and wholesome as it is delicious

PUT UP EXCLUSIVELY BY

THE ALABAMA-GEORGIA SYRUP CO.

MONTGOMERY, ALA. JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

(3)

MEETINGS

Martha Chapter No. 128, Order of the Eastern Star, will hold a meeting this evening at 7:30 in Masonic temple, corner Lucile and Gordon streets.

The Atlanta Child's home will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the Carnegie library. All members are urgently requested to attend.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. John W. Aiken received a cablegram Sunday announcing the safe arrival in France of her daughters, Mrs. Verdery Aiken McMichael and Miss Frances Aiken, who are with the Red Cross surgical dressing unit.

***

Mrs. Henry Grady, of Chattanooga, arrived yesterday to spend the week with Miss Blanch Devine. Miss Josephine Whitesides, of Chattanooga, arrives Saturday to visit Miss Devine.

***

Mrs. H. H. Fudge leaves today for Chattanooga, Tenn. She goes as a delegate to the general convention of the U. D. C., and while there will be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Garfield, whose husband is stationed at Fort Oglethorpe.

***

Miss Jean Clark, of Bedford, Va., who has been delightfully entertained as the guest of Mrs. Ulric Atkinson for several weeks, will return home Wednesday.

***

Mrs. George Ramey spent the week-end in Newnan with her mother, Mrs. Ephram Dent.

***

Mrs. William H. Schroder will entertain at the tea-dance Wednesday afternoon at the Driving club in compliment to Mrs Henry King, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

***

Colonel and Mrs. W. L. Peel will entertain at a family dinner party this evening. Mrs. Peel will give the second of a series of Hoover luncheons Thursday, her guests to be a group of her women friends.

Miss Louise Broyles returned Sunday from New York.

***

Dr. and Mrs. C. R. Atchison and Miss Marian Atchison left Sunday for a visit in New York.

***

Mrs. John K. Shields and her daughter, Miss Jeannette Cowan, passed through the city yesterday en route from Macon to Knoxville, Tenn.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Everard Richardson leave today for New York to be present at the wedding Saturday of Miss Florine Richardson, of Cedartown, and Lieutenant Robert Livingston Smith.

***

Mrs. W. S. Royster, of Norfolk, who was Miss Ethel Kelly, of Atlanta, is at the Georgian Terrace, and is being cordially welcomed by her many friends here.

***

Mrs. John W. Aiken will be at home for the winter with Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Odell on Fifteenth street.

***

Rev. and Mrs. C. O. Jones, of Oklahoma City, were in Atlanta Thursday and Friday en route to Jacksonville, Fla., where they will spend the winter. While here they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. L. F. Rosenbeau at their home in Ansley Park.

***

Mr. David Crockett has returned from a business trip of several weeks in Florida.

***

REGISTRY FOR RED CROSS CLASSES

The registry for Red Cross classes—those in surgical dressings, first aid, elementary hygiene and home nursing—are open at the Red Cross, 258 Peachtree street.

The first class in surgical dressings started yesterday at the Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street. Those wishing to register for the class may still do so by phoning Mrs. Joseph Moody, Ivy 5602-J, or Mrs. W. F. Shallenberger, Ivy 351.

A class in elementary hygiene and home nursing will be started this afternoon at the Red Cross house, and registrations are now being taken for two new classes to begin in about ten days in surgical dressings.

GEORGIA TEACHERS TO SELECT PLACE FOR NEXT MEETING

Milledgeville, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—Through Kyle T. Alfriend, secretary of the Georgia Teachers' association, H. D. Carraker, president of the organization, has called the directors to meet in Atlanta on November 17 at the Piedmont hotel to determine the time and place of the next annual meeting of the association.

Several cities are contesting for the honor of entertaining the association of educators. It is quite probable that the city which offers the most satisfactory hotel accommodations will win the meeting. These meetings for the past few years have been held in Macon in May.

Carry Your Package Home And Help Local Red Cross

While the sale of the Red Cross Christmas seals begins November 20, the campaign of the Red Cross economy labels begins tomorrow. Both movements are sponsored by the Atlanta chapter, Red Cross society, and both movements are a part of the Red Cross Christmas plan.

The "Carry - Your - Package - Home" movement has been inspired by the Red Cross auxiliary of Temple Sisterhood, of which auxiliary Mrs. S. Einstein is chairman, and is indorsed by the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross and promoted by Atlanta's leading merchants.

Red Cross the Beneficiary.

The direct beneficiary will be the Red Cross society, and the co-operating agencies will be the merchants and the women purchasers. On every package a woman buys and carries home herself there will be placed a Red Cross label, these labels representing the amount of money saved by the stores not having to deliver the package. The merchants buy these labels from the Atlanta Red Cross chapter.

Mrs. Preston Arkwright, of the woman's advisory board, National Red Cross society, in discussing the movement, explains that all of the stores in Atlanta have not yet been reached, but, as they join the movement, their names will be published.

To further the movement, members of the Temple Sisterhood and members of the Red Cross chapter will act as agents of the work in the co-operating stores and urge women to carry home their own bundles.

The Stores Co-operating.

The stores so far co-operating and the women who will assist in the Red Cross label movement are:

Keely Co.—Mrs. J. Maier.

Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Co.—Mrs. Joseph Raine.

George Muse Clothing Company—Mrs. Roy Collier and Mrs. Joseph Rhodes.

Carlton Shoe Company—Mrs. Henry Bauer.

Globe Clothing Company—Mrs. David Marx.

Kamper's—Mrs. Joseph Gershon.

Cone Drug Company—Mrs. Preston Arkwright.

Nunnally's Peachtree Store—Mrs. Harry Stearnes; Edgewood avenue store, Miss Elizabeth Blanc, representing Junior league; Whitehall street store, Mrs. William Mansfield.

M. Rich & Bros. Co.—Mrs. Willis Westmoreland.

Frohsin's—Mrs. A. Greenfield.

J. Field's—Mrs. Sig Samuels.

J. Regelstein Company—Mrs. J. Frank Meador.

J. P. Allen Company—Mrs. Charles Ursenbach and Mrs. J. Brown.

J. M. High Company—Mrs. Dan Lyle.

Davison - Paxon - Stokes Company — Mrs. J. Price and Mrs. Joseph Field.

Cole Book Company—Mrs. S. Schoen.

Gavan Book Store—Mrs. M. Kent.

The Red Cross economy label is in direct accord with the economy board of the Council of National Defense.

Red Cross Seals.

In the year 1908 the American Red Cross association realized that tuberculosis is a menace to the human race, and as such calls for national aid in suppressing it. The result was that that organization annually projects a great sale of special stamps at Christmas time, which is known as the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals.

Millions of seals are printed and distributed throughout the United States by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, to be sold in different cities and towns, the proceeds of this sale being used to fight tuberculosis.

Atlanta first accepted the agency for this sale in 1909, and every year since has raised funds for the fight against this disease. Eighty per cent of the proceeds is used by the Anti-Tuberculosis association in Atlanta for indigent tuberculosis patients in Fulton county. Ten per cent is used by the state of Georgia for conducting the fight throughout the state; the other 10 per cent is sent to the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, whose headquarters are in New York city, to be used in a national way.

The amount of money realized by each community depends entirely upon the effort made in that community.

In 1916 there were 105,050,000 seals sold, or $1,050,000 realized throughout the United States for the fight against tuberculosis. In Atlanta last year the gross amount of money raised was $5,100, and because of the great demand being made upon the tuberculosis organization at this time it is more important than ever that a large sum should be raised for fighting this disease.

The medical examination of many of the conscripted men has revealed the fact that they are afflicted with this dreaded disease, and for that reason they have been rejected from the army.

Many calls will be made this year upon the Anti-Tuberculosis association for treatment of these people, and their families, and the efforts of 1917 should be greater than ever for the raising of funds.

RAYMOND BENJAMIN TO SPEAK THURSDAY TO ELKS OF ATLANTA

Atlanta Elks will be addressed Thursday night at 8 o'clock at their home by Raymond Benjamin, of San Francisco, past grand exalted ruler of the national order, who is here for the purpose of attending the sessions of the National Tax association and the "Congress of States," this week when measures for providing means for the government to meet increased revenue expenses will be considered. Mr. Benjamin is a California delegate to the "Congrss of States." He will attend the sessions of both bodies.

Mr. Benjamin has occupied a prominent place in the Elks' order for a number of years. He is also prominently identified with California politics, being chief deputy attorney general for the state. Mr. Benjamin has devoted much of his time to the study of economical conditions in this country.

"The progress of the Elks," says Mr. Benjamin, "is on the upgrade in all sections of the country. The Elks purpose to give whatever impetus they can to any movement which plans to help the government during the present crisis."

Fulton County Board Considers Condemning Five-Foot Strip of Land

The proposition of condemning a five-foot strip of land which blocks the 60-foot driveway connecting the Oglethorpe university driveway and the Brookhaven club driveway came before the Fulton county commissioners again yesterday morning at a called meeting.

Clifford L. Anderson, representing the Capital City club, which owns the Brookhaven club, and Captain S. C. Stovall, one of the property owners of the section, urged the commissioners to condemn the property. John D. Little represented the Brookhaven estates, owners of the strip, who opposed vigorously the condemnation of the property.

At present members of the Brookhaven club wishing to go to the Oglethorpe driveway are required to go several miles out of their way through the road built by the Brookhaven estates to reach their destination. By cutting the new road through, they have a straight cut, several miles shorter.

No definite action was taken on the question at the meeting Monday, but the commissioners will hold a second called meeting Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

Macon and Savannah Delegations Coming For Railroad Hearing

Big delegations are expected to represent Macon and Savannah today at the hearing in Atlanta before the railroad commission of the petition of the Macon, Dublin and Savannah railroad for a revision of passenger schedules. It is probable that the hearing will be held in the senate chamber.

The Macon delegation will remain tonight to hear Billy Sunday. One hundred seats have been reserved for them by Commissioner of Commerce and Labor H. M. Stanley.

Other hearings which will come before the commission today are the petition of the Savannah Traffic bureau for an investigation on refuse wood; the Georgia and Florida railway petition to discontinue Bennis as an agency station; the petition of the Athens Chamber of Commerce to require the Southern railway to change the schedule of Train 212 between Athens and Lula; the Central of Georgia petition to discontinue Lewiston as a flag stop for Train No. 1, and the petition of the Rome Municipal Gas company to be allowed to increase rates.

PASSPORTS ARE STOLEN

French Officer at Macon Is Relieved of Papers by Thief.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) What may develop to have been the work of someone interested in the success of Germany in the present war is now being investigated by the local police.

A few days ago Sergeant Casson, one of the French army officers stationed at Camp Wheeler as an instructor for the Sixty-first division, took a plunge in the pool at the local Y. M. C. A. building. He left his clothers in one of the private dressing rooms and when he returned he found that his pockets had been rifled and $225 in money, his passports and other valuable papers from the French government taken. The matter was referred to the police and was kept quiet in the hope that a clew might be obtained.

Sergeant Casson deplores the loss of his passports more than he does his money. He realizes that the passports might be used to advantage by some German and for that reason he is anxious that they be recovered.

Macon Coal Famine Ends.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) The coal famine in Macon was boken today when 12 cars of coal, a total of 500 tons, reached the city, followed by the announcement that more will arrive tomorrow and next day. Dealers are now prepared to deliver tomorrow morning run-of-mine coal to all who want it, the price being $7.50 a ton. Screened coal is still scarce, and the price is considerably higher than for the run-of-mine product.

HOW TO KEEP BABY'S NOSE CLEAN AND GERM-FREE

As young children do not know how to blow the nose, the secretions accumulate, become impure, insanitary, irritating and infected with catarrh germs. These germs are inclined to spread to the throat, tonsils, lungs and internal ear tubes and often cause tonsilitis, sore throat, adenoids, pneumonia, earache, and sometimes deafness.

The nose and throat specialists are now recommending that the mother or nurse keep the child's nose and throat clean and germ-free by rubbing a little eucapine salve up the nostrils for a cold, or putting a little of it on the back of the tongue for sore throat and tonsilitis. For croup and deep-seated coughs eucapine should be rubbed over the throat as well as in the nostrils. This salve is very mild and pleasant so that the children like it and soon learn to call for it by name and use it for themselves when they need it. It contains eucalyptus, the only non-poisonous germicide for catarrh germs, also wintergreen, camphor, menthol, pinus sylvestris and refined petrolatum, all of which are cleansing, soothing and healing. Eucapine salve may now be had at any well-stocked drug store or by mail postpaid for twenty-five cents from the Eucapine Chemical Co., Atlanta, Ga., distributors for the south.—(adv.)

COMMITTEE IN FAVOR OF RAISING SALARIES

School Teachers Also Due for Raise if Council Carries Out Plans.

Policemen and city firemen will get their salary increases if council follows out the attitude taken at the first meeting of the salary committee of council Monday afternoon, for a general revision of salaries of city employees.

It is most probable, however, that the committee will recommend to council an increase for policemen and firemen amounting to $5 a month, instead of $10 a month as petitioned for by the firemen and policemen recently.

The attitude of the committee is to increase the salary of all city employees who are paid less than $100 a month. The school teachers, the committee plans, will come in for a raise also, as will employees of other city departments.

The salary committee will meet again on Friday afternoon. It will not make its report to council for some time, and it is probable that the raises will not go into effect until the first of the year.

The committee is composed of the following members of council: Alderman Nelson T. Spratt, chairman; Aldermen C. H. Kelley, J. R. Seawright, W. S. Richardson and Edgar Dunlap.

CAMP WHEELER BOYS DIE FROM PNEUMONIA

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) Two more soldiers at Camp Wheeler who were victims of pneumonia have died during the last twenty-four hours. They were Charles Disharoon, of Jasper, Pickens county, a member of company F, 122d infantry, and Joseph L. House, of Steena, Miss., a member of company L, 121st infantry. The latter soldier had a complication of pneumonia and measles.

During the last few days there have been six or seven deaths at camp from pneunmonia, there being between fifty and sixty of the soldiers who have contracted the disease. The government has sent a corps of trained nurses here who are experienced in the handling of cases of this kind and the base hospital physicians claim to have the situation well in hand.

WHAT BILLY SUNDAY SAYS

In one of his meetings at Boston the noted evangelist said, "I believe that every disease can be cured by some weed if we can only discover it. There is not an ailment that God hasn't somewhere an herb growing that will cure that ailment."

The choice medicinal herbs which will cure women's ailments were discovered more than forty years ago, and have been doing their beneficent work for half a century Lydia E. Pinkham combined them in convenient form in her famous Vegetable Compound, which is to be found in the drug stores, where every ailing woman may conveniently get it at small cost. It does the work!—(adv.)

Better Than Ever Ice Cream Sodas

Brown & Allen
Terminal Station

The Art of Dressing Well

"I spend so much money on my clothes and yet—!"

"And yet—!" sifted down, meant that she still made mistakes.

But how to correct those mistakes? How to find the real satisfaction and joy that she might have?

Perhaps we could help; we have done as much many, many times over.

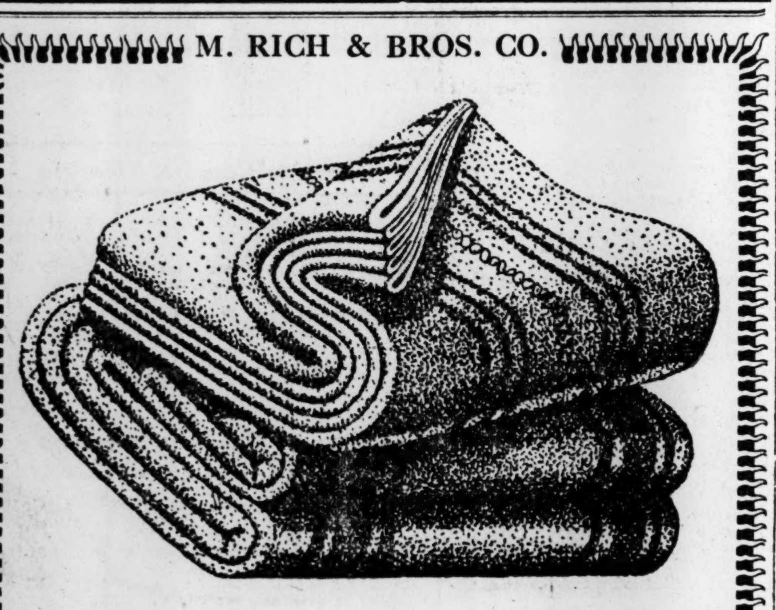
You see, as modistes, we appreciate at their relative value the many things that go to make frocks and gowns becoming, things that others could so easily overlook.

All orders delivered when promised, provided you fill your fitting engagements.

Evening Frocks. . . . $47.50 and up
Afternoon Gowns. . . $50.00 and up
One-Piece Gowns. . . $37.50 and up

J. C. Morrison
7th Floor The Grand
Atlanta

M. RICH & BROS. CO.



Winter's Thinning Out Blanket Stocks

—It's next to impossible to replenish blanket stocks now. Practically every mill in the country is taxed to its utmost capacity to fill government contracts. They've but little time and less wool for turning into blankets for civilian use, and about the only available source of supply is the stocks of the retail stores. And these are dwindling rapidly. Those needing wool blankets should act quickly.

—Here's a list of blankets that we can supply:

—66x80-inch plaid blankets; wool mixed; in blue, tan, pink and gray; $6 pair.

—70x80-inch plaid wool blankets; 5-inch block checks; come in pink, blue, gray and tan. $10.98 the pair.

—70x82-inch and 70x90-inch fine wool blankets; white with blue and pink borders; $12.50, $12.98, $13.50 and $15.00 pair.

—60x80-inch fine wool blankets; white with pink and blue borders; $10 pair.

—60x80-inch "Sammie" (army) blankets of khaki color, all wool. Fine for sleeping porch use. $7.50 each.

—72x80-inch cotton blankets; gray and tan; $2.75 pair.

—Full-size plaid cotton blankets in various color combinations; two qualities; $3.50 and $4.50 pair.

52-54-56 Whitehall Street — **Rich's** — Telephone Number Main 3132



A Musical Triumph

Music Trade Papers throughout the country are devoting pages to the great success of the wonderful little

Brambach Baby Grand

It is a musical triumph. This charming Baby Grand piano occupies a class by itself.

Graceful in its lines, beautiful in its tonal qualities, durable in construction, it costs no more than a high-grade Upright piano.

It is built by Grand piano experts who make Baby Grands exclusively, and who produce one-third of all the Baby Grands bought by the American public. Ask us to mail you paper pattern showing how little space it will take in your room.

Price $485

Phillips & Crew Piano Co.
82 N. Pryor St.

WHO IS "NUMBER ONE"?



THIS WEEK
At The Best Motion Picture Theatres.

The Third Big Thrill! "The Sea Crawler". A Submarine Story.

Paramount experts and Simon Lake worked on the same idea, independently. Paramount put "The Sea Crawler" into WHO IS "NUMBER ONE"? See this astounding undersea engine, in the third episode of Paramount's serial! See the fight under water between maddened divers! See the working of "The Sea Crawler"! See its pursuer, the supersubmarine! See the battle between these man-made monsters of the deep, ending with the annihilation of the supersubmarine!

See Kathleen Clifford, the brave, dainty star, of Paramount's splendid serial!

Read Anna Katharine Green's absorbing story. Now running in this newspaper.

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA THEATER
Thursday Evening, November 15
Christine Miller
The American Mezzo Contralto

Reserved seats 50c to $2.00; on sale at The Edison Concert Hall, 182 Peachtree street, where her Re-Creations may be heard as natural as her real voice. Christine Miller now sings exclusively (from her own choice) for The New Edison.

B. F. KEITH'S **LYRIC**
SUPREME VAUDEVILLE.
2:30, 7:30, 9:15. 10c, 20c, 30c.
MON. TUES. WED.
HONEYMOON ISLE
With MINNIE BURKE
and Carroll, Keating & Fay.
4—OTHER SUPREME ACTS—4

ADVANCED MOTION PICTURES.
THE **CRITERION** TODAY THIS WEEK
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
AND HER OWN COMPANY IN
"MAGDA"
FROM THE CELEBRATED PLAY SAME NAME
NEXT WEEK - WILLIAM S. HART

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA THEATER—FRI. & SAT., NOV. 16-17
MATINEE SATURDAY
Messrs. Shubert Present
The Military Musical Hit
HER SOLDIER BOY
With CHARLES IRWIN and KITTY HENRY
SEATS NOW ON SALE.
Nights 25c to $2.00. Mat. 25c to $1.50

LOEW'S GRAND
Continuous....................1 to 11 P. M.
Vaudeville..............3:30, 7 and 9 P. M.
Matinees 10c; Nights 10, 15 and 25c
THE DOLCE SISTERS
Former Harry Lauder Stars
5—BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS—5
MADGE EVANS
In Photoplay, "Adventures of Carol"

Admission 10c and 15c.
STRAND
Pictures of Merit and Excellence
Continuous. . . . . 11 to 11
ALL WEEK
Ira M. Lowry Presents
A World War Story
"For the Freedom of the World"
A presentation of conditions at the front that will thrill and awake wives, mothers, sisters, fathers, brothers, sweethearts to the dangers threatening the United States today.

FORSYTH
The House Beautiful,
DIXIE'S PICTURE PALACE.
ALL WEEK
A Nation's Sweetheart
MARY PICKFORD
In Play of London and India
"The Little Princess"
(Arteraft)
—Also—
Mutual Weekly
Next Week—Douglas Fairbanks in "Reaching For the Moon."
Open, 11 to 11. Admission: Adults, 15c and 2c tax—17c. Children, 10c and 1c tax—11c.

The Temple of Art.
Finest Show South.
RIALTO
DAILY—11 to 11—Admission 10 and 15c.
ALL WEEK
Greatest Stage Beauty
ELSIE FERGUSON
proves ability as actress in
"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"
(Arteraft)
—Also a Comedy—
"The Sultan's Bride"
Next Week—Musical Comedy.

Admission 10c.
VAUDETTE
The Home of Screen Successes.
DAILY 10 - 11:30 - 1 - 2:30 - 4-5:30-7-8:30-10
Two Goldwyn Knockouts
MADGE KENNEDY
MON., TUES., WED., IN
"Baby Mine"
—and—
MAE MARSH
THURS., FRI., SAT., IN
"POLLY OF THE CIRCUS"
Two wonderful stars in two most wonderful plays.

The Rendezvous Elegant
ODEON
A BIG SHOW Each Day
Admission 10 Cents.
DAILY 10 - 11:30 - 1 - 2:30 - 4-5:30-7-8:30-10
TODAY.
Beautiful Screen Star,
ENID BENNETT
In a Stirring Racing Drama,
"They're Off"
(Triangle)
—Also a Comedy—
"HIS HIDDEN TALENT"
Wed. and Thurs.—Roy Stewart in "The Medicine Man."
Fri. and Sat.—Olive Thomas in "Indiscreet Corinne."

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THE CONSTITUTION

ESTABLISHED 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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THE PISTOL ABOMINATION.

It is almost, if not quite, as simple a matter to procure a pistol in Atlanta as to avail oneself of a fountain pen. All that is necessary is to visit one of the multitudinous pawnshops, select the weapon that is wanted and pay the price—ranging from about a dollar and a half up—and the obliging pawnshop man will "throw in" a loaded shell for each chamber of the weapon bought.

No questions are asked, and the seller concerns himself not at all in the appearance of the purchaser or the possible motive back of the purchase.

That the business in pistols is brisk in Atlanta is attested by the fact that those deadly little weapons, of all sizes, new and second-hand, are constantly featured in profusion in practically every pawnbroker's display window. The majority of the used ones are "unredemeed pledges," and can be bought for the proverbial song.

Gordon N. Hurtel, recorder pro tem, in a communication appearing in another column of this page, recites a series of instances wherein the use of the pistol has brought offenders before the police magistrate during only the last few days, and he stresses the almost total lack of safeguard between the public and the pistol menace.

The average man on the street—white or black—has no more need for a pistol than a bottle of prussic acid in his pocket. And when a man goes into a shop to buy a pistol he places himself per se under suspicion and he ought to be put on the defensive, just as is the man or woman who seeks to buy deadly acid or poison in a drug store.

As a matter of fact, the pistol should have no more place in legitimate, every-day commerce than dynamite or strychnine.

It has only one use: **To destroy life.**

In most instances its use comes in connection with that of whisky—the two making a mighty deadly sort of a combination.

Mr. Hurtel offers a very mild, though none the less timely, suggestion that the council "adopt an ordinance prohibiting the sale of pistols in pawnshops," or at least "to refuse to grant licenses to shops that sell second-hand pistols."

At any rate the public of Atlanta is entitled to some measure of protection against the nondescript, lawless "toter" of the ever-ready pistol.

RIDING "SHANK'S PONIES."

In a normal school of the state of Washington an "honor medal" is given to every young woman student who walks, on cross-country hikes, a total distance of seventy-five miles during the school term. Each year, it is said, the proportionate number of girls who qualify for medals grows greater, and it is not an unusual thing for parties of the students to negotiate by leg-power alone anywhere from fifteen to twenty-five miles during a single week-end hike.

The value of this policy is obvious. It is apparent particularly to any one who has "ridden Shank's ponies" sufficiently often and far enough regularly as to feel no after effects in the form of muscular soreness and stiffness of the joints.

The faculty of the school in question declares that walking, with an honor medal as an original incentive, quickly grows into a habit with the girls, and that its beneficent effects are many. Results of the walking habit, the professors declare, are plainly evident in the dormitory in the form of keener appetites, sounder sleep, rosier cheeks and increased joviality, in the classroom in brighter minds, clearer thinking, closer application to study and general improvement in scholarship, discipline and "school spirit." At commencement it will be manifested in better grades, and afterward, in better teachers and more physically-fit young women to impart knowledge to the boys and girls of the country—which, in the ultimate, will result in better citizenship generally.

Walking is one of the most nearly ideal forms of physical exercise. Also, it is one of the most democratic forms of exercise, and it is enjoyable and equally beneficial alike to rich and poor. It is clean, wholesome, and comes more nearly bringing into play every muscle of the body than any other form of exercise. Swimming alone is comparable with it. It has one distinct advantage over swimming, however, and that is that it cannot be overdone. No human being can hurt himself by too much walking.

And in placing a premium upon that delightful form of physical culture the northwestern normal school has set an example that could be followed with profit by every educational institution in the country—only those of the south, where conditions are ideal for cross-country walking every month in the year, ought to place the minimum at, say, 175 miles for the school year, instead of 75 miles.

FIX THIS GAP!

The fact that the citizens of Waycross have become so thoroughly aroused over the horrible condition of that stretch of the Dixie highway between their city and Jacksonville that they have held a mass meeting to initiate plans for its improvement affords a ray of hope that a remedy will be speedily applied. And whatever is done can not be done too soon.

That stretch of the Dixie highway between Jacksonville and Waycross—less than a hundred miles, is a veritable sea of sand for almost its entire distance, and because of its condition, not only Waycross and Jacksonville are suffering, but the development of the entire Dixie highway is being retarded.

At the recent Waycross mass meeting letters from Chattanooga were read, stating that 5,000 tourists would be routed to Florida points via Waycross, provided the road between that city and Jacksonville were put in traversable condition—the inference being, of course, that unless the road is repaired that tourist travel will be routed over some other road.

Unless something is done without needless delay to make this link fairly passable, The Constitution will feel that it will be its duty to warn Florida tourists to take another route, for under existing conditions it is unfair to let any tourist assume the hardships of that stretch without at least advising him of what he may expect.

AFTER THE "MONEY-HUNTERS."

Americans generally will read with emotions of mixed anger and chagrin the report that federal secret service agents have brought to light commodities worth well up in the millions that have been secretly hoarded in New York warehouses.

Among the commodities thus discovered—whose owners failed to report them in accordance with the law—are such foodstuffs as eggs, butter, flour, sugar and canned goods of various kinds, and large quantities of iron, steel, copper, cotton and chemicals. The value of the hoarded foodstuffs is estimated at approximately $38,500,000, and that of other materials, of which there is just now such pressing need, at about $35,500,000. And New York, while it is the most important, is only one of many large commercial and distributing centers of the United States, and presumably is not alone in this violation of the law.

It is reassuring to the public to know that the government has set its sleuth-hounds on the scent of this class of war profiteers; and if past performances of the secret service since the war began forms a criterion, we may reasonably look for some tangible results to follow their activities.

Hoarding absolute necessities at a time like this skirts mighty closely to the border line of treason, and it is not to be expected that the government will deal leniently with any such plunderer who is caught and proven guilty. Nor should it.

It is about as Colonel Roosevelt said in a recent address at Bridgeport, Conn., that—

> America is not to be made a polyglot parading ground for money-hunters of 20 different nationalities who have changed their former countries for this country as farm beasts change from one trough to another.

And what the former president said with regard to foreigners applies with equal, or even greater, force to American citizens who may be taking advantage of war conditions to line their own pockets by squeezing exorbitant profits out of the people whom the distressful circumstances have placed at their mercy.

Sooner or later such un-patriotic money-hunters, regardless of nationality, are going to find that Uncle Sam's and the American people's patience has its limitations.

Helps to Hoover are now found in every department of domestic economy.

"Tobacco smoke," says an exchange, "is a foe to war-gas;" so there's the more reason for the boys to smoke up.

Germany seems to have "chancellors to burn," and before they're through with them the people must feel like burning them.

Funny that Rome should be digging for old ruins when the war is making new ones every day.

Undoubtedly Russia wants money, but before that, MEN; the women can't do all the fighting.

The kaiser says, "Onward with God," but what must God think of the churches he burns?

This time the Thanksgiving turkey will be conserved down to the wishbone.

There won't be any "cornless days," and corn's the muscle-maker for the millions.

Even high prices don't keep the small consumer from having that happy bond-holding look.

JUST from GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton



The Old Weather Man.

I.

Don't you trust a summer's day when Winter ought to blow;
Time you think you've met the May, gittin' ripe fer snow!
(The weather has been changin' since the days of Long Ago!)

II.

Ain't no use in **predictin'!** The weather ain't yer friend!
Blizzard comes a'blowin' time you say the weather'll **mend!**
(I wouldn't take a chance now on the time the world'll **end!**)

III.

Seems like I'm lost an' lonely in this wilderness below;
I do my plantin' by the moon ,an' not a plant'll grow!
(The weather has been changin' since the days of Long Ago!)

* * * * *

The "Swinging Star."

Astronomers should take note of this celestial item from The Sparkman News:

"Mr. E. W. Roberts was in our office yesterday morning and reports that he has found the swinging star this year in the south. If you will look in that direction between 4 and 5 a. m. you will see the star swinging down and back. He says he believes some disaster will follow when it disappears."

* * * * *

"Here's Hopin'!"

Here's hopin' that the world will turn
Where peaceful fires on hearthstones burn;
And some sweet day 'twill turn that way,
While all its winters smile like May,
And Love to make Life's holiday!

* * * * *

Telling Them About It.

Somebody on The Mammoth Spring Sun has a "town grouch," and gives utterance to it as follows:

"The first thing to do, subscribe for your home paper—the last thing to do is to cuss it because of its appearance. The greatest burden ever imposed on man or mule, is attempting to run a spicy, breezy, interesting paper in a dead, bone dry, country town, too big in pretention for its breeches and too little in home enterprise to make a newspaper a paying proposition."

* * * * *

"Keep It to Yourself!"

Says the prose-poet of The Arkansas Gazette:

"You can tell the difference
Between a $12 suit
And a $50 suit
All right enough,
But there is no law
Which compels you
To do so."

* * * * *

Haven't Seen That Kind Here.

This is from the prohibition Kansas City Star:

"A lizard is reported in Chanute as having a head at each end of its body, and being able to run in either direction with equal facility. The color of the reptile is not revealed by the correspondent, but it probably is pink, dotted here and there with purple horseshoes."

* * * * *

Somehow.

The world came singing on the sweet old way—
No blizzard raised a row,
But someone scalped the Indian Summer Day
And left us far from where the roses stay:—
But we'll pull through somehow!

* * * * *

Word From Br'er Williams.

Ef I've got light ter see ten steps ahead er me, I've got light not only ter see de way, but ter help others ter find it.

The Pistol Abomination Still Goes Relentlessly On

Editor Constitution: Only a few days ago two policemen of Atlanta had to shoot to death a negro to save their own lives. The negro was armed with a loaded revolver.

Three nights ago another officer at the corner of Decatur and Collins street had to shoot down a negro who was "shooting up" the street with a pistol.

Two nights ago a negro ran amuck on Piedmont avenue with a pistol and shot another negro.

Last week a negro woman shot and killed her husband in a quarrel.

Ten days ago a negro woman shot and killed a negro man with whom she had a row.

Last Wednesday night when police officers made a raid on a negro restaurant they found whisky and in the crowd two loaded pistols.

It seems to be beyond dispute that hundreds of negroes are roaming over the city night and day armed to the teeth and ready to shoot down officer or citizen.

And day after day the same thing is true of white men who ought to know better.

If anyone will take the trouble to look into the show windows of the pawnshops on Decatur and Peters streets he will see pistols of all sizes for sale cheap. If a purchase is made the pawnbroker obligingly furnishes a full round of cartridges and the purchaser can walk out with his weapon ready for business.

Unless something is done to put a stop to this promiscuous sale of pistols the lawless men will continue to go armed and commit their murder. I think it would be a good move for the city council to adopt an ordinance prohibiting the sale of pistols in pawnshops. Council could at least refuse to grant licenses to shops that sell second-hand pistols.

GORDON N. HURTEL,
Recorder Pro Tem.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS

Joseph F. Smith, president of the Church of Latter-day Saints, born at Far West, Mo., 79 years ago today.

Louis E. Brandeis, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, born in Louisville, 61 years ago today.

John Drew, one of the foremost actors of the American stage, born in Philadelphia, 64 years ago toay.

Dr. Joseph D. Eggleston, president of Virginia Polytechnic institute, born in Prince Edward county, Virginia, 50 years ago today.

Duke of Marlborough, who married Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, of New York, born at Simla, India, 46 years ago today.

J. Sloat Fassett, former New York congressman and well-known republican leader, born at Elmira, N. Y., 64 years ago today.

Guy Nickalls, celebrated coach of the Yale university crews, born in England, 51 years ago today.

GREATER INTEREST URGED IN WORK OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOLS IN ATLANTA

The Billy Sunday revival workers focussed their efforts on Atlanta Sunday school work Monday night when Miss Alice Miriam Gamlin, director of young people's Sunday school work, for the evangelist addressed a mass meeting of school leaders and members at the First Baptist church in a stirring appeal for more earnest efforts in religious activities among boys and girls. The meeting began at 8 o'clock, and was the forerunner of a series of Sunday school rallies to be held in the churches in the city, beginning Tuesday afternoon at the West End Baptist church and lasting throughout the revival.

Speaking on the subject, "The Soul-Winning Opportunity of Sunday Schools," Miss Gamlin opened her address with a resume of the system to be employed for directing successful Sunday school work. She pointed out the weaknesses of the systems more commonly used. Some Sunday schools, she said, had proper facilities for effecting good results, but were handicaped by poor leadership—and by following improper methods.

Greatest Army in the World.

"The greatest army in the world is the army of Sunday school students," she said. "The time has come when we should bend our every effort in seeing that this army is properly mobilized from the ranks of our boys and girls. To a lack of spiritual interest in young people on the parts of grownups may be attributed, to a great extent, the future of Sunday schools to accomplish better results. The child is sensitive. He must be made to feel that he is wanted. He is retiring. He must be sought after.

"In one city in California I found that, while the educational institutions were receiving veritable floods of funds, the Sunday schools were being neglected on this score. They were without proper facilities.

"In Atlanta I find the most admirable facilities—the most complete arrangements—for caring for the vast numbers we wish to enlist in Scriptural study."

She pleaded for Bibles to be placed in public schools. She spoke of the states where Bible study in schools had been made compulsory by legislative acts. She stressed the importance of the "four great C's." Speaking along this line, she said:

"The lack of four prime factors stands out strikingly in our Sunday school work. These requisites are confidence, consecration, conviction and conquest. Confidence is half of any battle from force of arms to test of wits; consecration is essential; conviction is indispensable; we must make a conquest for the hearts of our boys and girls.

Some Man Bears Burdens.

"All great things are done because of someone who took upon himself the heaviest burden. Jesus Christ mounted to Calvary and took upon Himself our burden, thereby saving the race of man. Let us take it upon ourselves to save our boys and girls. We may bring out a strong man.

"A boy sat upon a soap box in a village once and heard a town meeting. He decided he wanted to be a lawyer. He was 10. Today he is one of the most famous criminal lawyers in New York state. If a boy of 10 can do that, why can't a boy of 10 sit upon a soap box and decide that he wants to save his soul?"

The first Sunday school rally to be held in connection with the campaign will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock at the West End Baptist church, for the young people between 12 and 16 years at the Lee Street and Peeples Street schools. Another will be held Tuesday night at the West End Presbyterian church for parents. The Gordon Street Presbyterian church will be the scene of the next rally Wednesday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock. Students from Lucile Avenue and Battle Hill schools will attend there. The remainder of the program has not been completed. Mr. A. A. Jameson, chairman of boys and girls' work for the revival and scout executive for the Atlanta Scout organization, is in charge of program arrangements.

Some Sidelights Of the World War

Free Farms for British Soldiers

BY PATRICK O'FLAHERTY

London.—The problem of what to do with the millions of British soldiers, many of whom will be disabled, at the war's close—a problem which shortly will await the attention of the United States—has received a large contribution toward its solution in the report of the empire settlement committee, appointed by the British government only last April.

Wholesale emigration to the colonies, under the directin of a central emigration authority, with imperial loans for suitable railway construction or irrigation schemes overseas, are urged.

"The colonies overseas," the committee reports, "will rejoice to receive the men who have fought the empire's battles in this war, who are the best of the British rate. No settlers could be more desirable, both as regards themselves and their progeny, which may well be of priceless worth in the now unpeopled districts of the empire overseas."

Bearing in mind America's great arable, but unpeopled districts in Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, western Kansas and Nebraska, and up through Wyoming to Montana and Idaho, Americans may read with interest how the British colonies overseas are already preparing to receive the recommended "wholesale emigrations."

In Canada, the government has already voted to reserve large areas in the prairie provinces where ex-soldiers will be granted 160 acres free with 5 per cent loans of $2,000, payable in fifteen years to men approved by the settlement board. "Experience will be necessary," the board announces, "but can be acquired by training during which the current rate of wages will be paid."

The province of New Brunswick has already established 20,000 acres of community settlements, each to accommodate from 100 to 250 families. The farms will cost from $500 to $1,500, 10 per cent to be paid down, the rest payable in twenty years.

Nova Scotia Will Help.

In Nova Scotia, the provincial government will "assist applicants in the selection of a farm, advance money, and help unskilled laborers to employment."

In Quebec the government will allow ex-soldiers to pay for 100-acre farms at $3,000, payment to be made in five years.

Ontario will give free grants of 160 acres in the Clay Belt, loaning money up to $500, repayable in ten years at 6 per cent. Plans are now under way for training and community settlements.

British Columbia has already passed an act giving former soldiers pre-emption claims on payment of a $10 fee. Loans are yet to be provided for.

The government of Newfoundland has apparently taken no action yet.

Preference is definitely given to married ex-service men, in recommending emigrations. The proposed central emigration authority is urged to recommend to ex-soldiers, emigrating, not to take their wives and families with them on account of the "practical difficulties," unless they have official assurance that arrangements can be made for their support until he is settled on his holdings. The authority should secure in some way that the ties are maintained and effort is made to unite the family as soon as is reasonably possible. As a practical method of effecting this object, it is suggested that married men who proceed overseas should be encouraged to allot a certain proportion of their earnings toward the maintenance of their dependents in the United Kingdom, and the cost of the passage money."

Will Encourage Widows to Emigrate.

Widows are to be encouraged to emigrate, after the central authority has satisfied itself through local pension committees and private societies specializing in the emigration of women, that "the applicant is one of the class the overseas government would welcome."

As to orphans, "every facility should be given by the home authorities in putting the Dominion government in touch with those immediately responsible for the orphans of ex-service men."

Special consideration is also urged "in the case of women who, since the outbreak of the war, have become engaged to men in the overseas forces, who, as a rule, will have homes ready in the dominions."

The entire subject of the disposition of women who have been thrown on their own resources by the war, is gone into at great length in the committee's report. In all the colonies, except Rhodesia and South Africa, the committee states, domestic service opportunities are all that await women. In the two exceptions named, however, desire is expressed for women nurses, teachers and clerks.

"It should be borne in mind, however," the committee finds, "that the employments in which some women have engaged through the war—such as nursing, motor-driving, gardening and working on farms—makes them more suitable for life in the rural districts of the dominions than were women who went out in former years."

Various suggestions are made respecting the machinery of demobilization, looking toward the disposition of the men thereafter.

Plan Free Transportation.

The committee "would be glad to see the principle accepted that a soldier or sailor who has served in the present war might, within a reasonable time, claim free transport to any part of the empire where he wishes to settle." In the problem of transportation, however, the committee finds difficulties—difficulties which will confront the United States in a smaller degree than the overseas colonies.

"Probably for a considerable period of time after the cessation of hostilities, the shipping available will be quite insufficient to accommodate any large number of ex-service men who may wish to emigrate," they declare.

Concerning the advancement of capital for improvement schemes on which the employment of ex-soldiers is proposed, the committee "foresees difficulties."

"The parliament of the United Kingdom not only might require schemes to which its credit was to be given to be scrutinized, but would be right in so doing. On the other hand, an oversea dominion or state might resent a severe criticism of its plans for internal development, particularly if such criticism involved a comparison with, or preference over, those of others."

Here, too, is a difficulty which the United States, with the huge labor-employing schemes of its federal bureau of reclamation, will encounter in less degree than the British empire.

Finally, the committee urges that "every facility should be given in the case of men with long-service pensions for an advance on the pension for payment of transport to one of the oversea dominions."

Its report, the fruit of a brief, but busy investigation, is a bulky and comprehensive document. It represents one of the big problems that will confront the American government when the day for demobilizing its huge draft army arrives.

(Copyright, 1917.)

Miss Louise Walker Pleases Big Audience

Assisted by a galaxy of accomplished musical talent, Miss Louise Walker, "the Southern Mockingbird," Monday night entertained a large audience at the complimentary concert given her at the Baptist Tabernacle church.

Much interest had been manifested in Miss Walker's recital, and her selections were generously applauded.

Popular and well-known musicians completed the program rendered. A great number of Atlanta music lovers was in attendance, and constantly expressed their approval.

The program follows:

Organ, "Laudida Dominum" (a song of joy), Charles A. Sheldon, Jr.—Charles A. Sheldon, Jr.

Violin, "Adagia" and finale from concert by Bruch—Michael Banner.

"Polonaise-Mignon," Thomas—Miss Louise Walker.

Piano, (a) Intermezzo, Brahms; (b) Etude, Rubenstein—Kurt Mueller.

"Air de Louise," Charpentiers—Miss Louise Walker.

"Andante" from second sonata for piano and violin, Raff—Violin, Michael Banner; piano, Kurt Mueller.

Bell song, "Lakme," Delibes—Miss Mildred Langworthy.

(a) "Come and Forgive Me," Greene; (b) "Spring," Henschel; (c) "Spirit Flower," Campbell Tipton—Miss Louise Walker.

Prayer, "Jocelyn," Godard—(Violin obligato, Margarite Walker)—Miss Louise Walker.

At the piano, Mildred Langworthy and Kurt Mueller.

TODAY'S EVENTS

Trenton, N. J., today observes its 125th anniversary as a city.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy today opens its twenty-fourth general convention at Chattanooga.

Newark, N. J., today will elect its first officials under the recently-adopted commission plan of government.

The annual meeting of the General Association of Kentucky Baptists meets at Paducah today for a three-day session.

The Illinois State Federation of Women's Clubs is to be entertained in annual convention at Chicago during the three days beginning today.

"Our Social Problems Under War Conditions" is to be the general theme of the South Carolina State Conference of Charities and Corrections, meeting in annual session today at Aiken.

The lack of shipping facilities will be one of the principal subjects of discussion at the annual meeting of the Nebraska Farmers' Co-operative Grain and Live Stock association, which begins today in Omaha.

The Mississippi River commission holds its fall session today at St. Louis, preliminary to beginning its annual trip of inspection of the Mississippi river from St. Louis to New Orleans.

The National Tax association, which aims to promote the active and intelligent discussion of the pressing questions connected with the levy and collection of federal and local taxes, meets at Atlanta today for its eleventh annual conference.

Jacob Yellin is to be given a preliminary hearing in the federal court at Detroit today on a charge of attempting to use the United States mails in a scheme, it is alleged, to abduct or kill Henry Ford II., grandson of the motor car manufacturer.

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

THE GRIPPE AND THE CLIMATE.

The feature that makes the climate of America the best and healthiest in the world is the very thing for which it is damned by our first citizens, namely, its tonic changeability. Our sudden changes of weather and our pronounced changes of season exert a powerful stimulating effect upon metabolism and keep us full of pep. In countries where the climate is more equable and the temperature has a sameness the year around the inhabitants suffer not only from mental, but also from a certain physical ennui which materially dampens ardor and opposes national progress.

The numerous ilnesses vulgarly listed as "grippe" are more common in cold and changeable weather for just one reason—because in such weather most of us are pessimists and strive to shut out the weather from our winter caves, where we huddle in an atmosphere as warm as we can keep it and as dry as Sahara. We sit there reading the almanac, looking at pictures of poor old mollycoddles dosing themselves with things alleged to prevent "taking cold." We breathe the overheated, dried out air until our tubes are parched and cracking, and then someone comes along with a "slight cold," sneezes openly and unabashed, and next day we have "the grippe."

Mother Nature has always been the scapegoat of human ills. Not until the next generation will people cease associating melting snow, high winds, bare dusty ground in winter, green Christmas graveyard, slush, wet feet, dampness, hail, sleet, rain and sudden change of weather with their indoor plagues. The patent fact that the various diseases classed as "grippe" and "cold" are least prevalent in communities where people are most exposed to all these suppositious hazards, and most prevalent in communities where exposure is most carefully guarded against, amounts to nothing in the estimation of the confirmed mollycoddle. What does he care that pneumonia is unknown up around the North Pole and more prevalent in the south than anywhere else in America? The race has been faithfully trying for several hundred years to keep good and warm, with no very brilliant results, for the good and warm have a way of dying young. Within the past generation a certain tendency to try keeping cool and well has been growing, and the results seem encouraging. They are even putting the principle into practice in the public schools—saving coal and the health of the children at the same time.

Our climate is the strongest possible antidate to the "grippe"—if it is given a fair show.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Murmurs and the Army Service.

Recently I applied for admission to the army, and was rejected because of a "mitral systolic murmur," which the examining physician told me was a slight heart murmur. Is there a cure for such a murmur? I get little exercise excepting walking. Would you advise joining the Y. M. C. A. for gymnasium work? I weigh 123 pounds stripped and am 69½ inches tall, employed in office work. (F. M.)

ANSWER—Perhaps you are one of a numerous class of sound young men who have been rejected by army surgeons merely because a murmur was heard over the heart and irrespective of the efficiency of the heart. Of course a murmur does not call for any treatment and it does not indicate any disease of the heart, considered alone. Yes, join the Y. M. C. A. You should weigh at least 20 pounds more than you do.

Castor Oil for Diarrhoea.

I have heard that castor oil is often prescribed by physicians in cases of diarrhoea or dysentery. Since castor oil is a cathartic, generally employed for the relief of constipation, I cannot understand that. Will you be kind enough to enlighten me? (R. H. N.)

ANSWER—It is an ideal remedy for acute diarrhoea or dysentery, because it pretty certainly sweeps out decomposing food residues and then binds the bowel. The drug is wrongly used for constipation, because its next-day binding influence simply adds to the constipated habit. This secondary binding effect is due to an alkaloid in the oil. The only reason for inflicting castor oil on persons with simple constipation are that it is cheap, heroic and ancient.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of The Constitution.

Supreme Court of Georgia

The call of the following cases for argument will begin at 9 o'clock a. m., on Monday, November 19, 1917:

481. Lamb, receiver, v. Davis. Meriwether.
482. Lamb, receiver, v. Floyd et al. Ben Hill.
518. Bennett v. Patten. Berrien.
529. Central of Georgia Ry. Co. v. Phillips. Houston.
545. Nessmith v. Gaskins et al. Berrien.
608. Pickett v. Farmers & Merchants Bank. Milton.
609. Adams, survivor, et al. v. Anderson. Elbert.
610. City of Quitman v. Underwood et al. Brooks.
611. Murray, receiver, v. Thompson et al. Madison.
612. Shelton, admr., v. Edenfield. Coffee.
613. Ray et al. v. Swain, commissioner, etc., et al. Warren.
614. Adams, survivor, et al. v. Anderson. Elbert.
615. Adams, admr., v. Anderson. Elbert.
616. Dorminey et al, v. Mathis, tax collector. Berrien.
617. Consolidated Naval Stores Co. v. McPhatter & Gaskins et al. Clinch.
618. Stewart et al. v. County of Bacon. Bacon.
619. Henderson Lumber Co. et al. v. Waycross & Western Ry. Co. et al. Irwin.
620. Wimpee et al. v. Brown. Floyd.
624. Byne v. Farmers Bank of Blythe et al. Richmond.
625. Walton v. Reid et al. Morgan.
626. Morris et al. v. Georgia Casualty Co. et al. Bibb.
627. Georgia Casualty Co. et al. v. Morris, et al. Bibb.
630. Hutchins v. Hutchins. Fulton.
631. Lanford, superintendent, etc., v. Alfriend. Fulton.
632. Almand v. Thomas, trustee, et al. Fulton.
634. Wilcox v. Bank of Hazlehurst. Jeff Davis.
635. Mitchell v. State. Milton.
636. Gordon et al. v. Spellman. Chatham.
637. Mitchell v. Langley. Rockdale.
638. Brooks v. State. Washington.
639. Mayor, etc., of Arlington et al. v. Calhoun et al. Early.
640. Cox et al. v. Whitfield, admx. Murray.
641. Reeves et al. v. Lancaster. Burke.
642. Bartow County v. Young et al. Bartow.
644. Goodwin v. State. Polk.
645. Stubbs et al. v. Puryear, exr., et al. Whitfield.
646. Bernstein et al. v. Higginbotham. Camden.
647. Davis v. Cooper. Gwinnett.
650. Bates et al. v. Burden. Elbert.
651. Robertson v. Rigsby et al. Catoosa.
652. Yates et al. v. Bank of Ringgold et al. Catoosa.
654. Guinn v. Truitt. Troup.
655. Poole v. Duckworth. Worth.
657. Evans et al. v. Swann. DeKalb.
658. Prince v. Walsh & Co. Grady.
659. Goff v. Baker. Berrien.
660. Cleucevich v. State. Chatham.

Court of Appeals of Georgia

Arguments were heard on Monday afternoon in cases of this week's calendar, beginning with No. 9046, and closing with No. 9086. Court adjourned until Tuesday afternoon.

Wilson Hits Pacifists; World to Have No Peace Till Germany Is Beaten

Addressing American Federation, President Appeals to Working Men to Unite in Support of Government.

GERMANY IS STRIVING FOR WORLD DOMINATION

She Had a Place "in the Sun," But Wanted Political Control of World—Believes Spirit of Freedom Can Get Into Hearts of Germans.

PRESIDENT WILSON RETURNS TO CAPITAL

Washington, November 12.—President Wilson returned to Washington tonight, having been absent less than thirty hours on his trip to Buffalo to address the convention of the American Federation of Labor.

At several stations on the return trip the president appeared on the rear platform of his car and shook hands with the crowds. At most of the places he was urged to speak, but he declined, answering an appeal at one town by saying:

"I only brought one cartridge with me; and I have fired that. I hope it reached the mark."

At another place a man shouted, "Tell us about the war."

"That's too big an order to fill," the president replied.

Buffalo, N. Y., November 12.—President Wilson in a forceful address here today before the American Federation of Labor, appealing to the working men of the United States for co-operation of the conduct of the war, made it emphatically clear that he opposes peace until the war against Germany has been won.

The president declared that his heart was with "the feeling of the pacifists," but that "my mind has a contempt for them."

"I want peace but I know how to get it and they do not," he declared.

Colonel E. M. House, head of the American delegation to the allied war conference, the president said, had been sent to take part in a conference as to how the war was to be won, "and he knows, as I know, that that is the way to get peace if you want it for more than a few minutes."

The 450 delegates to the convention and the several thousand persons admitted to the hall to hear the president speak, arose and applauded this declaration with a tremednous burst of cheers. Another demonstration of approval when he said "we must stand together, night and day, until this job is finished."

The president, while devoting his address to problems for the people of the United States, laid emphasis upon the broader phases of the world conflict in a way that seemed to indicate that his speech was possibly intended as a message to the people of Germany, of Austria and of Russia as well as of the United States. He declared his belief that were it not for the pan-Germans, the spirit of freedom would find "as fine a welcome in the hearts of Germans as it can find in any other heart."

"Power," he said, "cannot be used with concentrated force against free peoples, if it is to be used by free people."

Austria's Anxiety of Peace.

Speaking, probably of Austria, President Wilson referred to intimation of anxiety for peace that had "come from one of the central powers" and declared that it meant "that the people in that central power know that if the war ends as it stands they will, in effect, themselves be vassals of Germany, notwithstanding . . . that they do not wish in their pride and proper spirit of nationality to be absorbed and dominated."

Of Russia he said that he was amazed that some groups in that country could suppose that "any reform plans in the interest of the people can live in the presence of a Germany powerful enough to undermine or overthrow by intrigue or force.

"Factious as the dreamers of Russia" were those persons in this country, he declared emphatically, who suppose that "the free industry and enterprise of the world can continue if the pan-German plan is achieved and the German power fastened upon the world."

The president directly asserted that Germany had started the war, and said he would leave confirmation of this statement to the verdict of history. He referred to Germany's growth to a "place in the sun," and asked why she was not satisfied when she gained that position. In answer, he described the German government's method of controlling the competition of its industries, and asserted that "all the while there was lying behind its thought, in its dreams for the future, a political control which would enable it in the long run to dominate the labor and the industry of the world."

Mr. Wilson cited in this connection the Berlin-to-Bagdad railway, which, he said, "was constructed to run the threat of force down the flank of the industrial undertakings of half a dozen other countries, so that when German competition came in it would not be restricted too far . . . because there was always the possibility of getting German armies into the heart of that country quicker than any other armies could get there."

Summing it up, he said that Germany is determined that the political power of the world shall belong to her, and that never before had such ambitions "been based upon so exact and precise and scientific a plan of domination."

Labor Must Be Free.

The president voiced in terms of eulogy his approval of the conduct of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and the spirit of co-operation with the administration.

"I like to lay my mind," he said, "alongside of a mind that knows how to pull in harness. The horses that kick over the traces will have to put in a corral." The president's references to Mr. Gompers were loudly applauded.

"While we are fighting for freedom," Mr. Wilson asserted after the reassurances, "we must see among other things that labor is free. . . . We must see to it that the instrumentalities by which the conditions of labor are improved are not blocked and checked; . . . nobody has a right to stop the processes of labor until all the methods of conciliation and settlement have been exhausted."

The president took occasion also to denounce the mob spirit, which, he said, "is displaying itself here and there in this country." He declared that "if our men have not self-control they are not capable of that great thing which we call democratic government."

A pledge of loyalty to the government was contained in the annual report of the executive council of the federation which was submitted to the convention today. This report, according to the usual procedure, was referred to committees appointed by Mr. Gompers, and its several sections will be taken up by the convention as soon as reported back.

At the afternoon session Secretary Morrison read a telegram from Frank J. Hayes, president of the United Mine Workers of America, denying a report that Hayes or the mine workers intended to lead a fight against President Gompers or the war policies of the government.

"We propose to stand strongly behind the government and those who are leading this fight until militarism is wiped from the face of the earth," President Hayes' telegram read.

Governor Whitman, of New York, who also addressed the convention, declared that the fight that democracy may live is the fight of labor, for labor and democracy are one; they cannot survive, the one without the other." American working men, he said, "are fighting for the working men of the world, for it is not on the battlefields alone that this war is being fought."

Text of President's Speech.

The text of the president's speech follows:

"Mr. President, Delegates of the American Federation of Labor, Ladies and Gentlemen: I esteem it a great privilege and a real honor to be thus admitted to your public councils. When your executive committee paid me the compliment of inviting me here I gladly accepted the invitation because it seems to me that this, above all other times in our history, is the time for common counsel for the drawing not only of the energies but of the minds of the nation together. I thought that it was a welcome opportunity for disclosing to you some of the thoughts that have been gathering in my mind during the last momentous months.

"I am introduced to you as the president of the United States, and yet I would be pleased if you would put the thought of the office into the background and regard me as one of your fellow citizens who has come here to speak, not the words of authority, but the words of counsel, the words which men should speak to one another, who wish to be frank in a moment more critical perhaps than the history of the world has ever yet known. A moment when it is every man's duty to forget himself, to forget his own interests, to fill himself with the nobility of a great national and world conception, and act upon a new platform elevated above the ordinary affairs of life, elevated to where men have views of the long destiny of mankind.

"I think that, in order to realize just what this moment of counsel is, it is very desirable that we should remind ourselves just how this war came about and just what it is for. You can explain most wars very simply, but the explanation of this is not so simple. Its roots run deep into all the obscure soils of history and of my views this is the less decisive issues between old principles of war and the new principles of freedom.

"The war was started by Germany. Her authorities deny that they started it. But I am willing to let the statement I have just made await the verdict of history. And the thing that needs to be explained is why Germany started the war. Remember what the position of Germany in the world was—as enviable a position as any nation has ever occupied. The whole world stood at admiration of her wonderful intellectual and material achievements, and all the intelletcual men of the world went to school to her. As a university man, I have been surrounded by men trained in Germany, men who had resorted to Germany because nowhere else could they get such thorough and searching training, particularly in the principles of science and the principles that underly modern material achievements.

What Germany Had Accomplished.

"Her men of science had made her industries perhaps the most competent industries in the world, and the label 'Made in Germany' was a guarantee of good workmanship and of material. She had access to all the markets of the world and every other man who traded in those markets feared Germany because of her effective and almost irresistible competition. She had a place in the sun. Why was she not satisfied? What more did she want? There was nothing in the world of peace that she did not already have and have in abundance.

"We boast of the extraordinary pace of American advancement. We show with pride the statistics of the increase of our industries and of the population of our cities. Well, those statistics did not match the recent statistics of Germany. Her old cities took on youth, grew faster than any American cities ever grew; her old industries opened their eyes and saw a new world and went out for its conquest; and yet the authorities of Germany were not satisfied. You have one part of the answer of the question why she was not satisfied in her methods of competition. There is no important industry in Germany upon which the government has not laid its hands to direct it and, when necessity arises, control it.

"You have only to ask any man whom you meet who is familiar with the conditions that prevailed before the war in the matter in international competition, to find out the methods of competition which the German manufacturers and exporters used under the patronage and support of the government of Germany. You will find that they were the same sorts of competition that we have tried to prevent by law within our own borders. If they could not sell their goods cheaper than we could sell ours, at a profit to themselves, they could get a subsidy from the government which made it possible to sell them cheaper, anyhow, and the conditions of competition were thuse controlled in large measure by the German government itself. But that did not satisfy the German government.

"All the while there was lying behind its thought, in its dreams of the future, a political control which would enoble it in the long run to dominate the labor and the industry of the world. They were not content with success by superior achievements; they wanted success by authority. I suppose very few of you have thought much about the Berlin-to-Bagdad railway. The Berlin-to-Bagdad railway was constructed in order to run the threat of force down the flank of the industrial undertakings of half a dozen other countries, so that when German competition came in it would not be resisted too far—because there was always the possibility of getting German armies into the heart of that country quicker than any other armies could be got there. Look at the map of Europe now. Germany, in thrusting upon us again and again the discussion of peace, talks about what? Talks about Belgium, talks about northern France, talks about Alsace-Lorraine. Well, those are deeply interested subjects to us and to them, but they are not talking about the heart of the matter.

Look at the Map.

"Take the map and look at it. Germany has absolute control of Austria-Hungary, practical control of the Balkan states, control of Turkey, control of Asia Minor. I saw a map in which the whole thing was printed in appropriate black the other day, and the black stretched all the way from Hamburg to Bagdad—the bulk of German power inserted into the heart of the world. If it can keep that, she has kept all that her dreams contemplated when the war began. If she can keep that, her power can disturb the world as long as she keeps it—always provided, for I feel bound to put this proviso in, always provided the present influences that control the German government continue to control it.

"I believe that the spirit of freedom can get into the hearts of Germans and find as fine a welcome there as it can find in any other hearts. But the spirit of freedom does not suit the plans of the pan-Germans. Power cannot be used with concentrated force against free peoples if it is used by free people.

"You know how many intimations come to us from one of the central powers that it is more anxious for peace than the chief central power; and you know that it means that the people in that central power know that if the war ends as it stnads, they will in effect themselves be vassals of Germany, notwithstanding that their populations are compounded with all the people of that part of the world, and notwithstanding the fact that they do not wish in their pride and proper spirit of nationality to be so absorbed and dominated.

"Germany is determined that the political power of the world shall belong to her. There have been such ambitions before. They have been in part realized. But never before have those ambitions been based upon so exact and precise and scientific a plan of domination.

"May I not say that it is amazing to me that any group of people should be so ill-informed as to suppose, as some groups in Russia apparently suppose, that any reforms planned in the interest of the people can live in the presence of a Germany powerful enough to undermine or overthrow them by intrigue or force. Any body of free men that compounds with the present German government is compounding for its own destruction. But that is not the whole of the story. Any man in America, or anywhere else, who supposes that the free industry and enterprise of the world can continue if the pan-American plan is achieved and German power fastened upon the world, is as fatuous as the dreamers of Russia.

"What I am opposed to is not the feeling of the pacifists, but their stupidity. My heart is with them, but my mind has a contempt for them. I want peace, but I know how to get it, and they do not.

House's Mission to Europe.

"You will notice that I sent a friend of mine, Colonel House, to Europe, who is as great a lover of peace as any man in the world, but I did not send him on a peace mission; I sent him to take part in a conference as to how the war was to be won, and he knows, as I know, that that is the way to get peace, if you want it for more than a few minutes.

"All of this is a preface to the conference that I referred to with regard to what we are going to do. If we are true friends of freedom—our own or anybody else's—we will see that the power of this country and the productivity of this country is raised to its absolute maximum and that absolutely nobody is allowed to stand in the way of it.

"When I say that nobody is allowed to stand in the way I don't mean that they shall be prevented by the power of the government, but by the power of the American spirit. Our duty, if we are to do this great thing and show America to be what we believe her to be, the greatest hope and energy of the world, then must we to stand together night and day until the job is finished.

"While we are fighting for freedom we must see, among other things, that labor is free; and that means a number of interesting things. It means not only that we must do what we have declared our purpose to do, see that the conditions of labor are not rendered more onerous by the war—but also that we shall see to it that the instrumentalities by which the conditions of labor are improved are not blocked or checked. That we must do. That has been the matter about which I have taken pleasure in conferring from time to time with your president, Mr. Gompers. And, if I may be permitted to do so, I want to express my admiration of his patriotic courage, his large vision and his statesman-like sense of what is to be done. I like to lay my mind alongside of a mind that knows how to pull in harness. The horses that kick over the traces will have to be put in a corral.

"Now to 'stand together' means that nobody must interrupt the processes of our energy, if the interruption can possibly be avoided without the absolute invasion of freedom. To put it concretely, that means this: Nobody has a right to stop the procession of labor until all the methods of conciliation and settlement have been exhausted; and I might as well say right here that I am not talking to you alone. You sometimes stop the courses of labor, but there are others who do the same, and I believe that I am speaking of my own experience not only, but of the experience of others when I say that you are more reasonable in a large number of cases than the capitalists.

Wilson to the Critics.

"I am not saying things to them personally yet, because I haven't had a chance. But they have to be said, not in any spirit of criticism, but in order to clean the atmosphere and come down to business. Everybody on both sides has got to transact business and the settlement is never impossible when both sides want to do the square and right things. Moreover, a settlement is always hard to avoid when the parties can be brough face to face. I can differ with a man much more radically when he isn't in the room than I can when he is in the room, because then the awkward thing is that he can come back at me and answer what I say. It is always dangerous for a man to have the floor entirely to himself. And therefore we must insist in every instance that the parties come into each other's presence and there discuss the issues between them. . . .

"Therefore my counsel to you is this: Let us show ourselves Americans by showing that we do not want to go off in separate camps or groups by ourselves, but that we want to co-operate with all other classes and all other groups in a common enterprise which is to release the spirits of the world from bondage.

"I would be willing to set that up as the final test of an American. That is the meaning of democracy. I have been very much distressed, my fellow citizens, by some of the things that have happened recently. The mob spirit is displaying itself here and there in this country; I have sympathy with what some men are saying, but I have no sympathy with the men that take their punishment into their own hands and I want to say to every man who does join such a mob that I do not recognize him as worthy of the free institutions of the United States. . . . And so I want to utter my earnest protest against any manifestation of the spirit of lawlessness anywhere or in any cause.

There Must be Self-Control.

"Why, gentlemen, look what it means: We claim to be the greatest democratic people in the world, and democracy means, first of all, that we can govern ourselves. If our men have not self-control then they are not capable of that great thing which we call democratic government. A man who takes the law into his hands is not the right man to co-operate in any form of or development of law and institution. And some of the processes by which the struggle between capital and labor is carried on are processes that come very near to taking the law into your own hands. I do not mean for a moment to compare them with what I have just been speaking of, but I want you to see that they are mere gradations of the manifestations of the unwillingness to co-operate and the fundamental lesson of the whole situation is that we must not only take common counsel, but that we must yield to and obey common counsel. Not all of the instrumenalities for this are at hand. I am hopeful that in the very near future new instrumentalities may be organized by which we can see to it that various things that are now going on shall not go on. There are various processes of the dilution of labor and the unnecessary substitution of labor and bidding in distant markets and unfair upsetting the whole competition of labor which ought not to go on—I mean now on the part of employers—and we must interject into this some instrumentality of co-operation by which the fair thing will be done all around. I am hopeful that some such instrumentalities may be devised, but whether they are or not we must use those that we have and upon every occasion where it is necessary to have such an instrumentality originated upon that occasion, if necessary.

"And so, my fellow citizens, the reason that I came away from Washington is that I sometimes get lonely down there. There are so many people in Washington who know things that are not so, and there are so few people in Washington who know anything about what the people of the United States are thinking about. I have to come away to get reminded of the rest of the country; I have to come away and talk to men who are up against the real thing and say to them, 'I am with you if you are with me.' And the only test of being with me is not to think about me personally at all, but merely to think of me as the expression for the time being of the power and dignity and hope of the United States."

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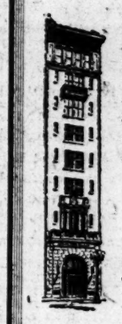
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SPORTS

Edited by Dick Jemison.

JACKETS WORK HARD FOR CARLISLE GAME

Scrimmage Ordered for Yesterday by Coach Heisman—Real Battle Expected With the Redskins.

By Hal Reynolds.

The Carlisle Indians will make their second appearance on an Atlanta gridiron Saturday when they clash with the Yellow Jackets. On the previous visit of the Indians here a few years ago they were defeated by Mike Donohue's Plainsmen when Auburn was winning championships of the south.

Although Carlisle has been beaten a number of times this season, the team has been playing a much better article of ball in the last few weeks than in the early part of the year. The Indians were defeated in their last two games with Bucknell and the Army, but nevertheless expect to give the Jackets a stiff struggle.

The highest number of points run up on the Indians this year was made by the Navy team, who handed the Indians the short end of a 61-to-0 count. This was about a month ago, however, and it is not believed that the Middies could pull any such feat at the present time.

The Carlisle game will mark the third contest that Tech has played this season with teams from the east and near-east. The tour of Penn and Washington and Lee elicited much comment from the eastern press and when Carlisle gets their dose Saturday, the strength of Tech will be more apparent to those not inclined to believe that the local school possesses one of the great machines of the country.

Tech in Good Shape.

The Jackets came out of the Tulane game in as good shape as could be expected. Only four men were injured and these not enough to amount to anything. Hill was limping around yesterday with a Charley horse; Strupper had one hand bandaged up; Guyon was nursing a sore shoulder, and Bell rehurt his ankle that laid him off the game for some time at the opening of the season. It is expected that all of these men will be in good shape for the Carlisle game.

The Jackets are working their hardest for the Indian game, and are not inclined to treat the Redskins as possessing a team taht will not make them hustle to win. Coach Heisman ordered a short scrimmage yesterday for those men in good shape who played against Tulane for only a short while.

In the Tulane game, the Golden Tornado again demonstrated that it possesses a healthy wallop over the forward pass route, as nearly all of the touchdowns came either directly or indirectly from gains by the air route. This style of play has now become a part of the Tech attack and Carlisle will be called upon repeatedly to stop the passing Saturday.

With the showing of the Auburn team against Davidson still fresh in the minds of the Atlanta fans, the latter are counting upon the Redskins as their one last chance of seeing a team capable of giving the Jackets a real battle this season. Previous to last Saturday, Auburn was looked upon as the one team on the schedule that would be certain to give Tech considerable trouble.

Since the public showed how much they were in favor of the Tech management reserving a section of seats by buying all tickets in that section at the Vandy game, the reserved seat sale will also be put on for the Carlisle game. As was the case for the Vanderbilt game, the number of seats will be limited and patrons desiring them should purchase them immediately.

WANDERING JOSH IS THIRTY-ONE TODAY

One of the most interesting and difficult occupations that have been carried on as a side line by baseball observers for several years, is keeping track of Josh Devore. That intrepid traveler, once famed as the lucky dog of the diamond, begins his thirty-first year today, as he was born November 13, 1887, in Murray City, Ohio. In the days of his festive youth Josh played in Meridian, Miss., and Raleigh, N. C., and then was given a trial by the Giants. He didn't quite fill the bill, however, and was given a railroad ticket to Newark. After bearing it with the Bears for some time, he was recalled to the McGraw club and shared in the world's series melon in 1911 and 1912. He was shipped to Cincinnati in 1913, but was sold to the Phillies, who swapped him to the Braves in time for Josh to horn in on the series kale in 1914. In 1915 our hero spent the summer with the Ohio State league. He was manager of the club which started in Chillicothe, but which was later transferred to Huntington and then to Maysville, Ky. Devore won the second season pennant for Maysville, but lost in the play-off with Portsmouth. In 1916 Josh started in a Philadelphia uniform, but Pat Moran separated him from the payroll in April. Josh then made a short stay in Milwaukee, but in mid-season the Brewers released him to Topeka. Otherwise Josh had led a quiet and uneventful career.

Tech Preparing for Carlisle

TENNESSEE TEAM PLAYS CAMP GORDON FRIDAY

Volunteers Meet Soldier Eleven on Cantonment Gridiron. Game Should Be Close.

The Camp Gordon eleven will meet its third opponent of the season Friday afternoon on the cantonment gridiron, when the University of Tennessee will come for a game.

Tennessee has not made a very loud noise in southern footballdom since 1914, when their team claimed the southern championship with the Auburn eleven. The Volunteers based their claim on the fact that they did not lose a single game throughout the season, whereas the Plainsmen suffered a tie game with Georgia.

Not much is known of the strength of the Tennessee eleven this season, but they are said to have a good team, and one that will give the soldier boys a good game.

The Camp Gordon team was somewhat disheartened over losing to Camp Jackson last Saturday. It is believed that the defeat will do the team good, as it will serve to make the men come out and work harder.

The game is to be played on the cantonment field rather than here in the city, due to the desire on the part of the authorities to allow the soldiers ample opportunity of witnessing their team in action. It will cost the management from $500 to $600 to bring the visitors here, and it is planned to charge 25 cents admission so that the game will be within the reach of everyone. General Erwin intends making it possible for the camp to have a half holiday on the date of the game.

The game will start at 2:30 o'clock, and any desiring to witness another battle where both teams have a chance should not overlook this opportunity.

TWO VETERAN RINGMEN MEET FRIDAY NIGHT

Shaughnessy and Nelson Tie Up at Columbia Friday Night.

Plenty of action is promised at the Columbia theater next Friday night when those two veteran ringmen, Pete Shaughnessy and Terry Nelson toe the mark for their scheduled ten-round battle. It has been some time since an old-timer of the Shaughnessy type has hit these parts and won as many friends as the Oklahoman boasts of at the present time, and the real reason for this is the fact that he always gives the fans a run for their money.

Nelson is of the same type as Shaughnessy. The rugged Greek has long earned the reputation of being a ringman who believes in being fair with the public. Nelson is well aware of the fact that it is the fans who pay their good money into the box office, and once a fighter gives them a run for their money he is sure to be rewarded with big crowds who will always turn out to see him in action.

Two four-round bouts will be put on the card to fill out the bill, making eighteen rounds of fistic milling in all. The usual high-class prelims staged by "Happy" Joe Trent in the past will back up the main event.

Tickets for the show are on sale at the box office of the Columbia theater. The bouts will be put on immediately after the theatrical performance.

SPORT SPASMS

Big league players who have contracts for next year may consider themselves mighty lucky. The war time economy policy is going to result in a lot of pruning all around.

The hearts of the fans in Syracuse are beating high. There are all sorts of rumors that the Saline City will be represented in the International league next season. This would fulfill an ambition cherished in Syracuse for a long time.

Considerable interest is being taken in the east in the attempt to revive the ancient Scottish game of curling. At a recent meeting in New York the matter was taken up by the International Skating Union with Louis Rubenstein, acting mayor of Montreal and president of the St. Andrew Curling club of that city. Negotiations are now under way to stage a series of matches between clubs from these two cities.

Legalized boxing seems doomed in New York and, naturally, a lot of suggestions are being heard that will enable the fans to get around the law. A number of clubs operating under the club membership plan are thinking of cutting the number of rounds down from ten to six, but this plan is frowned upon by the old-timers who consider that the reduction of the present limit will be disastrous to the development of first class fighters. Philadelphia, where the limit is six rounds, is pointed to as an example. Despite the fact that that city swarms with fighters, it can only lay claim to having produced one man of champion material. That man was Philadelphia Jack O'Brien.

CHANGES ARE COMING IN THE MINOR LEAGUES

To Meet War Conditions. Baseball Men Meet in Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., November 12.—The annual meeting of the American association adjourned today without the question of forming a new league or withdrawal by certain clubs coming to a head. Adjournment was taken until Wednesday, and in the meantime the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, which convenes here tomorrow, is expected to take action on the proposed redistricting of minor league territory to meet war conditions.

M. H. Sexton, president of the National association, the governing body of the minor leagues, said today he did not know what action would be taken, but added, "Some of the leagues cannot hope to exist unless changes are made."

N. P. Corrish, president of the South Atlantic league, was one of scores of minor league presidents, club owners and managers who arrived tonight. August Herrmann, chairman of the national commission, also arrived. Washington, Peoria, Newark and Springfield, Mass., are seeking next year's convention.

Jack Hendricks, manager of the pennant winning Indianapolis club of the American association, was the "college graduate with a degree" whom Branch Rickey, president of the St. Louis Nationals, sought to succeed Miller Huggins, it developed today. It was said tonight, however, that inability to agree with the Indianapolis management over the price of Hendricks' release had caused the deal to be declared off.

BOY DIES OF INJURIES IN LAST FOOTBALL GAME

Indianapolis, November 12.—As the result of a fractured skull received yesterday in a football game, Harold A. Holtze, 17, of Indianapolis, died today. He was injured about a month ago in a football game, and had promised his mother he would not play after the game yesterday.

TODAY IN PUGILISM

1905—Johnny Coulon defeated Danny Goodman in three rounds at Chicago.

1908—Ad Wolgast defeated Bub Robinson in ten rounds at Los Angeles.

1910—Frankie Conley and Abe Attell fought a fifteen-round draw in New Orleans.

1911—Grover Hayes outpointed Frankie Burns in ten rounds at New Orleans.

Gates Defeats Hobart.

Pinehurst, N. C., November 12.—Clarence Hobart, of New York, who won the medal in the qualifying round of the Carolina golf tournament, was defeated today in the first match round by Franklin Gates, of Broad Acres, 3 and 1. The first match round was completed in all divisions, the other survivors who will go into the semi-finals tomorrow being H. G. Phillips, of Yonkers; S. A. Hennessee, of Coopers-town, and J. D. Armstrong, of Groton, New York.

Bout Called Off.

The bout scheduled for tonight at the Bijou theater between Battling Budd and Terry Nelson has been called off on account of the Bijou management refusing to lease the theater for a boxing contest.

Boxing Match Desired.

John P. Piazi, 319th Field company, Battery B, would like to have O'Neal, of the Columbia theater, call today in regard to a match.

LLOYD-GEORGE TIRED OF ENTENTE MISTAKES

Continued From First Page.

taking part in the inter-allied consultations. The allies had committed a great fault, he said, in not adequately assisting Serbia in holding her line, with the result that the central empires broke the blockade and procured men and supplies from the east, without which Germany doubtless would have been unable to maintain the forces of her armies.

"Why was this unbelievable fault committed?" asked the premier. "The reply is simple. It was because no one in particular was charged with guarding the Balkan gate. The unique front had not become a reality. France and England were absorbed by other problems in other regions. Italy thought only of the Carso. Russia was mounting guard over a frontier of a thousand miles, and, even without that, she could not have passed through to have helped Serbia, because Rumania was neutral.

As Always Too Late.

"It is true that we sent troops to Saloniki to succor Serbia, but, as always, they were sent too late. Half the men who fell in the vain effort to pierce the western front in September that year would have saved Serbia, saved the Balkans and completed the blockade of Germany.

"You may say this is an old story. I grant you that. It was simply the first chapter of a series that has continued to the present hour. Nineteen fifteen was the year of the Serbian tragedy; 1916 was the year of the Rumanian tragedy, which was a repetition of the Serbian story almost without change.

"This is unbelievable, when you think of the consequences to the allies' cause of the Rumanian defeat—opulent wheat fields and rich petroleum wells passed to the enemy and Germany was able to escape us. Through the harvest of 1917 the siege of the central powers was raised once more, and the horrible war was once more prolonged. That would not have happened had there existed some central authority charged with meditating upon the problem of the war for the entire theater of the war."

After reviewing the Italian campaign, the premier said:

"As far as I am concerned, I had arrived at the conclusion that if nothing was changed I would no longer accept the responsibility for the direction of a war condemned to disaster from lack of unity. Italy's misfortune still may save the alliance, because, without it, I do not think that even today we would have created a veriable superior council.

"National and professional traditions, questions of prestige and susceptibilities, all conspired to render our best decisions vain. No one in particular bore the blame. The guilt was in the natural difficulty of obtaining of so many nations of so many independent organizations, that they should amalgamate all their individaul peculiarities to act together as if they were but one people."

With Frankness Perhaps Brutal.

Mr. Lloyd-George later said:

"I have spoken today with a frankness that is perhaps brutal, at the risk of being illy understood here and elsewhere, and not perhaps without risk of giving a temporary encouragement to the enemy, because now that we have established this council it is for us to see that the unity it represents be a fact and not an appearance.

"The war has been prolonged by particularism. It will be shortened by solidarity. If the effort to organize our united action becomes a reality, I have no doubt as to the outcome of the war. The weight of men and material and of moral factors in every sense of the word is on our side.

"I say it, no matter what may happen to Russia or in Russia, a revolutionary Russia can never be anything but a menace to Hohenzollernism. But even if we are obliged to despiar of Russia, my faith in the final triumph of the cause of the allies remains unshakable."

AMUSEMENTS

"Her Soldier Boy."

(At the Atlanta.)

Every man or woman who has a relative, a close friend or even an acquaintance on the firing line in France, or in the service, awaiting transfer to the other side, undoubtedly will want to see the big military musical production, "Her Soldier Boy," which comes to the Atlanta theater on Friday and Saturday nights of this week, with matinee Saturday. "Her Soldier Boy" is from the pen of Victor Leon, author of "The Merry Widow" and Emmerich Kalman, composer of "Sari," with the American adaption by Rida Johnson Young and additional numbers of Sigmund Romberg. It has been aptly described as the psychological play of the hour in that it tells a story of heart interest, romance and comedy in connection with the gerat European war. Comedy runs riot throughout the entire performance, with tuneful and catchy musical numbers interspearsed in great plenty. The story of "Her Soldier Boy" has to do with the adventures of a young American caught in Belgium at the outset of the war, and the romance of a handsome young Belgian officer who is mistaken by a blind woman as her son, and who keeps up the deception to save the mother's life until her boy thought dead, returns. The sale of seats for the engagement wil open at the box office of the theater this morning.

Christine Miller.

(At the Atlanta.)

An event of interest to Atlanta music lovers is the engagement at the Atlanta theater on next Thursday evening of Christine Miller, the American mezzo-contralto. Her voice is one of the delights of the concert world, and this season over one hundred audiences in all parts of the country have listened to the lovely singing of this representative artist who so clearly demonstrates the superiority of the American concert singer. Her programs are most versatile and have quality and distinction. An ideal oratorio singer, Miss Miller, has at her command all the standard classic works, as well as those of the modern writers. Her song repertoire is extraordinary, as it includes the literature of the classics and the modern songs of European and American composers.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Variety is the feature of the Keith vaudeville offering at the Lyric theater for the first half of this week.

There's an opening act of comedy acrobats and club-throwers. Then comes a singing comedienne—a woman with a splendid voice. The big act of the evening is next, "Honeymoon Isle," which has a bevy of chorus girls and a leading lady, whose shapefulness is undeniable. There's plenty of dancing, good songs and jokes in this act, as well as very pretty costuming and stage effects. A trio of songsters and story-tellers next occupy the stage, and for a finale, Jackson and McLaren, champion axmen of the world, present an exhibition of felling trees and other Australian bush novelties.

"Honeymoon Isle" is offered by Ed W. Rowland and Lorin J. Howard. "Honeymoon Isle" is a resort for newlyweds, and the season of the year is "honeymoon time." The costumes worn by the chorus girls is sufficiently abbreviated to please the "baldhead" row.

The two Australian bushmen, who, with their axes, chop through thick logs in record time, have an unusually good act. A contest of logsplitting is staged before the audience, and grows exciting as chips and bark begin to fly in all directions, when it looks like Champion Jackson will be defeated by McLaren.

Nella Allen has a good act of song and comedy.

Fern, Richilieu and Fern, comedy club controllers, cast dumbells about the stage in a most alert style, and display much skill in their line. Their act is a good opener.

Evelyn Phillips, Charley Wood and Jay Melville, in "a snappy, pot-pourri of song and story," secure many laughs. Evelyn Phillips, costumed as a clown, does a dance that is especially good. Melville is so thin that his legs look like the figure "11."

The Burton Holmes pictures show scenes of Japan, and give many beautiful views of the isle's great mountain peaks.

TILLOU FORBES.

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

The last word in the art of balancing is shown at the Grand theater this week, when the Takita Japs take the stage and proceed to begin when most other acrobats say good-by to their audiences.

It has long been admitted that the Japs are past masters in this line of stage endeavor, and the quartet of performers here this week don't need lessons in their work from any other class of workers

After balancing stunts galore had been presented with success, the feature of the performance was offered—a balancing stunt supreme.

A rope was pulled taut from stage to one of the boxes on the top floor. Then one of the Japs walked up the rope, feigning near falls every now and then. When he reached the top, near enough to have stepped into the box had he so desired, there came a word of warning, and he started on a whirlwind slid down the rope. The rope must have blistered his feet, but the Jap didn't appear to worry about a little detail like that.

It's a remarkably good bill at the Grand—probably the best that has ever been offered at that house under the Loew vaudeville policy There is a variety, balance, and something unusual in every number

One of the very best acts is that of Fenton and Green, who appear in what they are pleased to call "Queer Comedy and Near Magic.' This number is worth while in every respect, with a new entertainment angle, and lines that are very funny.

The Dolce sisters, two girls, with some stunning clothes, who dress their offering well, pleased Monday afternoon. They might have better voices—one of them certainly has a most peculiar singing voice—but all in all it is a nice sister team, and has no difficulty in getting over the home plate.

There are two other very good features—Leonard and Dempsey, in a comedy skit, entitled, "At the Club," in which a true to life souse is impersonated, and the other, Burns and Foran, booked as "Beau Brummels of Broadway," a very neat dancing turn.

Madge Evans, in the photoplay, "Adventures of Carol," concludes the performance.

Elsie Ferguson.

(At the Rialto.)

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing," the Artcraft production now being shown at the Rialto theater, is a big human subject. Elsie Ferguson, the noted stage star and beauty, who recently capitulated to motion pictures, plays the title role. The struggles of this girl, born in the slums, of unknown parentage, present an arraignment of modern society. In the book by Mary S. Watts, Jennie Cushing commanded admiration, appealing to the sympathies not by her helplessness, but through her grit and determination to rise from her lowly surroundings. As played by Miss Ferguson, the role receives added virility, and the play will long be remembered by those who see it.

"Baby Mine."

(At the Vaudette.)

The first comedy offering of Goldwyn Pictures, Margaret Mayo's screaming farce, "Baby Mine," which is being shown at the Vaudette theater today, introduces a new star in motion pictures. She is Madge Kennedy, the famous comedienne of "Twin Beds." "Fair and Warmer" and other stage productions that have been big successes. Miss Kennedy plays the role of Zoie in the picture presentation of the comedy which in stage form had a run of nearly two seasons in New York.

Enid Bennett.

(At the Odeon.)

Never was a jockey producer of victory, and few received greater reward than Enid Bennett, the little Triangle star, when she rammed home to a scalding finish as the winner in the sensational race shown in "They're Off," a Triangle feature at the Odeon today. Riding came with dolls in her youth. The nursery seemed next door to the stable for she could handle the reins as soon as she could dress her dolls. So when she was told of the action in "They're Off," wherin a thrilling horse race was to be a feature, she was delighted with the part.

Today at the Movies.

FORSYTH—Mary Pickford, in "The Little Princess."

CRITERION—Clara Kimball Young in "Magda."

ALAMO NO. 2—"Mother of Mine."

RIALTO—Elsie Ferguson in "The Rise of Jennie Cushing."

ODEON—Enid Bennett in "They're Off."

STRAND—"For the Freedom of the World."

VAUDETTE—Madge Kennedy, in "Baby Mine."

ALPHA—Charlie Chaplin in "The Pet," and Mollie King in "The Seven Pearls."

SAVOY—Little Zoe Ray in "The Cricket."

PICKFORD CHARMING IN LATEST RELEASE AT THE FORSYTH

Never has Mary Pickford appeared to greater advantage than in "The Little Princess," the picturization of the book by Francis Hodgson Burnett, which is being shown all this week at the Forsyth theater.

Thousands have read the story, "What Happened at Miss Minchin's," and a large number of admirers of this book were present at the Forsyth on the opening day to see their mental picture of little Sarah Crewe, the heroine made a reality by the work of "America's Sweetheart."

The story is that of a little girl, whose father sends her to a school for girls, where she is a decided favorite and well cared for until the head of the school learns that her father has lost all his money in a diamond mind venture, and has died penniless. Then the other side of Miss Minchin's nature is shown and Sarah Crewe becomes a little slavey, doing odd tasks around the school, looked down upon by her former companions, and badly treated as well as half starved by the owner of the school.

Then comes the philanthropic stranger who provides a great feast for the little slavey and her friend, which leads to his discovery that the child is the daughter of his partner. And so it turns out that the friend, whom her father had thought false to his trust, had kept faith, that the mining deal was a wonderful success, and that Sarah was an heiress, worth a fabulous amount. All of which was as gall and wormwood to Miss Minchin, who loses custody of the child.

The picture gives Miss Pickford a wonderful opportunity to display her ability in a child part, in which she has always greatly pleased.

Miss Young's Mastery Of Expression Shown In "Magda" at Criterion

By L. E. Winchell.

In "Magda," which is being presented in motion picture form at the Criterion theater this week, we have an excellent story, and teaching a powerful lesson, and containing a forceful role, a role full of many emotional opportunities and most cleverly enacted by Clara Kimball Young. Her striking beauty and thorough knowledge of screen possibilities aiding her in making the part one of the best things she has ever done for the screen. The picture, as a whole, well merits favorable comment. It is exceptionally well directed, apparently a great deal of attention given to detail, making it an exception to the usual run of photoplay productions. Particularly appealing are the "close-ups" of Miss Young in tense situations, enabling one to better realize her complete mastery of her art. Joy, anger, hatred and other forms of emotional expressions are apparently always at her disposal.

The play is intensely dramatic and is founded on the struggle of a young girl (Magda) to maintain her individuality in opposition to her father's wishes. As a stage production "Magda" was a vehicle for successful portrayals, in the star part, by Bernhardt and Duse, and is one of the classics of modern times.

The cast is a strong one and contains Miss Young's father, Edward Kimball, who, in the play, also has the part of her father. The other leading male parts are taken by Thomas Holding and Edward Fielding.

WAR PICTURE AT STRAND

"For Freedom of the World" Proves Pleasing.

A thrilling picture based on happenings in the great war in Europe is being shown at the Strand theater all this week under the title "For the Freedom of the World," with Barbara Castleton in the leading feminine role.

While war scenes and views of trench fighting have an important part in the photo-play, the chief interest is in the acting of a well-worked out war drama.

It is the story of two men who are rivals for the lone of a girl, a rivalry which does not stop when she makes her selection and marries the man she loves. War comes, and the young husband is called to service.

Grief torn by the thought of being separated from him, his young bride smuggles herself aboard a ship and follows him to the scene of battle. A general order has been issued preventing any man bringing his wife with him under the death penalty, and when the rival learns that that girl wife has come to France he at once begins to polt trouble, which brings about complications that for a time threaten to result in the execution of husband and wife. Finally, however, matters are straightened out, and everybody is happy.

CONSTANT CANNONADE ON THE ITALIAN FRONT

Continued From First Page.

along the line told the correspondent that the cannonade had become continuous. The Austrians are using 5-inch guns, not yet having brought up many of their heaviest pieces. The enemy is turning his fire against the high Campanile bell towers of small villages fringing the western bank, to prevent the Italian atillery from using them as observation posts. The Italian artillery reply is spirited from a considerable number of guns that they succeeded in bringing back from the old front.

The battle front has two main sectors. The lower extends from Feltre to the sea, and the upper from Feltre westward. The Vidor bridge, where the last Italian rearguards crossed the Piave, is half way down the lower sector. Near Feltre the river turns into the mountains, with a valley and a railway on the west bank.

The enemy is on the west bank in this mountain region, and may attempt to come down the valley and along the railway. The Italians have no advantage of a river defense at this point, but they have strongly entrenched themselves.

The fight at Asiago was clearly a feeler to test the strength of the Italian line. Snow is falling in the upper regions and a severe cold spell prevails.

The enemy's operations on the north and east in an attempt at encirclement of the Italians have not succeeded. The menace on the Italian left wing also is virtually past.

The reconcentration of the Italian army along the newly-chosen line of defense is now virtually an accomplished fact and the whole vast organization is preparing for the battle that is not so far off. The men are in good spirits.

Retirement of that part of the Italian force in the Carnia district of northern Venetia has shortened the Italian main front, which now presents a compact line extending about twenty miles along the new river defenses to the sea.

British Guns at Front.

The allies are represented on the new front by some British batteries from the Carso. The presence of allied forces is regarded as of the highest importance for its moral effect on the Italian troops, as well as for its purely military value. England's announcement that she will continue to send reinforcements without delay and spare no effort to prevent a further invasion of Italy arouses the keenest satisfaction and enthusiasm here.

It may now be stated that the present line of defense is the only first line which the supreme command has ever considered seriously. The Tagliamento and Livenza lines were designed merely to block the progress of the enemy up to the present defenses. The correspondent received this information authoritatively ten days ago, but was then unable to divulge the location of the line.

Yesterday's report from General Diaz, the new commander, stated that Italian rear guards crossed the Piave river near Susegana, after destroying the bridges. A glance at the map will show that after the Tagliamento and the Livenza, the Piave is the first important stream capable of interposing a strong tactical position. The upper part of the river is backed by the slopes of the Grappa hills. Further down it has behind it the Asolo hills and the large forest of Montello, both of which are advantageous in giving high advanced wooded points in a flat country. The river is deep, wide, stony and bridgeless. Its mouth is 25 miles north of Venice. Where the precise line is cannot be indicated further, but this gives the essential features.

Gravity of Situation for Venice

For several days the gravity of the situation for Venice has not been underestimated, and suitable precautionary measures have been taken to protect it. The city preserves comparative calm. The municipality is affording every assistance to those who are leaving, and is allowing 2 lire daily to the needy until they are located elsewhere. The government is keenly alive to the situation as regards the artistic treasures of the city, and military and naval operations doubtless would be considered secondary to saving priceless monuments like the Campanile, the Palace of the Doges and St. Mark's from bombardment.

All the chief paintings of Titian and Paolo Veronese have been removed to Florence, but scores of great frescoes cannot be taken away.

The splendid service which the Italian cavalry has performed as a rear guard has a melancholy sequel in the death of Major General of Cavalry Rubin de Carvin, who was commanding an infantry division. He fell at the head of his troops, and died while being attended by military surgeons.

The heroic resistance of party of the 36th division of infantry also has received the highest praise. It resisted surrender until surrounded by an enormously superior force, with its ammunition exhausted.

ITALIANS RESIST ON ENTIRE FRONT.

Rome, November 12.—The Italians have resisted the enemy everywhere on the northern front, along which the Austrians are attempting to outflank the Italian river line, the war office reports. On the plain there is brisk firing across the Piave river.

An enemy action on the Asiago plateau, on the Trentino front, was a complete failure.

The statement follows:

"From Stelvio to Astico there was no notable event yesterday. On the Asiago plateau the enemy renewed yesterday afternoon his attack on our lines in the sector of Gallio, Monte Longara, Hill 1674 and Meletta di Gallio. The enemy actions failed completely under our artillery and rifle fire. On the extreme northern part of the front of the attack, where a bitter infantry struggle took place, our men counter attacked and succeeded in capturing some prisoners. On the remainder of the mountainous front, during contact engagements with the enemy vanguads, our advanced troops resisted everywhere.

"On the plain across the Piave river brisk firing is reported."

INVADERS TRAP RETIRING ITALIANS.

Berlin, November 12.—(Via London.) The Austro-German forces in northern Italy have cut off 10,000 retreating Italians in the Upper Piave valley, the war office announces. The Italians are said to have surrendered.

The German statement says the Teuton forces have advanced from Belluno down the River Piave and are standing before Feltre.

The text of the German report reads:

"The energetic collaboration of Wurttemberg and Austro-Hungarian mountain troops near Longarone barred the way of the enemy retreating in the Upper Piave valey. Ten thousand Italians were compeled to surrender, and numerous guns, material and war stores were captured.

"Our troops who pressed forward from Belluno down the Piave are before Feltre. On the Lower Piaeve there was nothing new to report."

Feltre is a town of about 4,600 inhabitants, on a height near the Piave, 17 miles southwest of Belluno, and about 10 miles north of the Venetian plains. The military operations reported by the Germans in the mountainous region of Feltre have no direct bearing on the Italian line on the Lower Piave.

ARTILLERY DUELS ARE IN PROGRESS ON WESTERN LINE

London, November 12.—"Beyond the usual artillery activity on both sides of the battle area, there is nothing of special interest to report," says today's war office announcement.

FRENCH REPORT ON OPERATIONS.

Paris, November 12.—"On the front between Chaume wood and Bezonvaux (Verdun sector), active artilery fighting continued during the night," says today's official statement. "On the remainder of the front the night was calm."

The war office announcement tonight reads:

"Quite violent artillery actions occurred in the region north of the Chemin des Dames between the Miette and the Aisne, as well as in the sector of Chaume wood.

"Belgian Communication: 'In the course of the night a detachment carried out a raid with complete success on the Terstylee farm. After inflicting serious losses on the enemy garrison and blowing up the shelter, our troops brought back some prisoners. We rendered ineffective batteries at Schaor, Keyem, Poerst and Eessen and carried out fires of destruction against the enemy organizations around Dixmude in reprisal for a bombardment with gas shells by the enemy batteries near Oudecapelle and Whuizen. The day was characterized by a slight diminuation in artillery activity.'"

BRITISH REPULSED, GERMANS DECLARE.

Berlin, November 12.—(Via London.) A local British attack on the Flanders front yesterday morning was repulsed, it is announced officially.

The communication follows:

"A short outburst of firing early in the morning heralded a British local attack which began northwest of Passchendaele. It was repulsed. During the day the fighting activity in Flanders was limited. The destructive artillery fire was revived in the evening, attaining greater intensity in the region of the Yser.

"On the remainder of the western front there were no important events."

DEFEATED TURKS PLAN FOR STAND NEAR JERUSALEM

London, November 12.—Turkish troops which have been retreating before the British advancing in southern Palestine are organizing for defense in the vicinity of Hebron, about 20 miles southwest of Jerusalem, says an official statement today. British mounted troops are continuing to push forward in some sectors.

The text of the statement reads:

"General Allenby reports that the Turks are organizing a position behind the northern branch of the Wado Sukereir stretching southeast and covering Beit Jibrin and Hebron. Our mounted troops have, however, made some progress toward El Tine, while a night attack by Scottish troops against the enemy's right flank resulted in the capture of machine guns.

"We continue to find large quantities of war-like material of all kinds abandoned by the Turks, among which may be mentioned seventy limbers and wagons in good condition."

Millions of Little Pain Demons Cause Untold Suffering from Rheumatism

Renew Their Attack as Cold Weather Comes.

Maybe you were fortunate enough not to suffer from your Rheumatism as much as usual during the warmer months. Sometimes the millions of little pain demons lie dormant until real cold weather comes.

But do not be misled. They may have been inactive during the warmer weather, but they will begin their attacks with renewed severity just as soon as the frosts of winter arrive—and unless you have been on your guard you will find yourself firmly within the grasp of your old enemy.

Disease is an enemy to all mankind, and Rheumatism is one of the most painful and relentless foes. But you can be on the alert and repulse the next attack and end the conflict, by driving the germs of Rheumatism entirely out of your system.

Do not wait for the full force of the attack to strike you, but begin now to take S. S. S., the wonderful blood medicine that searches out the disease germs and eliminates them entirely from your blood. This grand remedy has done wonders in severe cases of Rheumatism and will prove just the treatment you need. S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere.

Write today to our medical director, who will give you, without charge, full advice regarding your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., 40-L Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.



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"Pape's Diapepsin" is the best antacid and stomach regulator known.

"Really does" put upset stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness due to acid fermentation in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach antacid and regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments and turns sour, you belch gas and eructate undigested food or water; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin is worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest antacid for the stomach in the world.—(adv.)

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Cigar 5¢

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The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Cotton Gains on Active Market As Russian Situation Improves

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, November 12.—(Special.)—Today's market was favorably influenced by the new developments in Russia and Italy. Opening higher it showed a steady undertone with an advancing tendency during the greater part of the session. With New York contracts on the basis of interior spot prices no material decline should be witnessed. Should spots weaken the future market would quickly respond or should further unfavorable developments occur which might effect the holding of spots by speculators the market would undoubtedly be adversely effected but in the meantime indications point to a further advance. We advise caution on either side, but at the moment purchases on reactions appear attractive.

JOHNSTON, STORM & CO.

New York, November 12.—(Special.)—The more favorable news from Russia and a strong Liverpool had the effect of causing considerable buying of contracts at the opening of the market, mostly from Liverpool. Prices remained firm throughout the day in sympathy with a better feling in the securities market. Spinners bought moderately, principaly to fix prices on call cotton. Exports were 9,034 bales. Southern advices report a good inquiry for the actual with basis continuing firm.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, November 12.—(Special.)—A strong market in Liverpool, due to the small amount of cotton afloat and the consequent fixing of price by Manchester spinners came as a surprise to our trade, who thought the high freight rates would depress the American markets. Western and Wall street buying appeared on the publication of a small crop estimate of about ten and three-fourths million bales, without linters, carried prices up some sixty points before any hedge selling was met. Trade buying, which was a feature on Saturday, reappeared this morning, but did not follow the advance, as yet no relief to the export situation has appeared. In ordinary times a reaction will be due tomorrow in Liverpool from this rapid advance.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

	Bid.	Asked.
NOVEMBER—		
Crude oil, prime basis	$ 1.28	$ 1.30
Cotton seed cake, sound, loose, S. S. Savannah	.....	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.00	47.50
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	46.00	46.50
Cotton seed hulls, loose	17.00	18.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	20.50	22.00
Linters, first cut, high grade	.....	.....
Linters, clean, mill run	.04¾	.05¼
DECEMBER—		
Crude oil, prime basis	1.28	1.30
Cotton seed cake, sound, loose, S. S. Savannah	.....	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.00	47.50
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	46.00	46.50
Cotton seed hulls, loose	17.00	18.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	20.50	22.00
Linters, first cut, high grade	.....	.....
Linters, clean, mill run	.04¾	.05¼

Cotton Seed Quotations.

Georgia common rate points ....$65@70
Cotton seed f. o. b. Atlanta .... 70@75

COTTON MOVEMENT.

ATLANTA WAREHOUSE COMPANY:
Atlanta 4's, 28⅝c.

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Atlanta 4's, 28.65c.

Receipts, 1,576 bales.
Shipments, 1,059 bales.
Stock, 32,876 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling, 27.88; receipts, 6,600; exports, 100; sales, 2,841; stock, 243,852.

Galveston—Middling, 27.75; receipts, 9,798; exports, 4,624; sales, 906; stock, 237,421.

Mobile—Middling, 27.75; receipts, 418; exports, 4,410; sales, 312; stock, 19,473.

Savannah—Middling, 28.25; receipts, 8,031; sales, 5,257; stock, 224,304.

Charleston—Middling, 27⅜@25¾; receipts, 1,780; sales, 50; stock, 56,470.

Wilmington—Middling, 27⅝; receipts, 377; stock, 51,585.

Texas City—Stock, 7,967.

Norfolk—Middling, 28.25; receipts, 5,958; sales, 1,496; stock, 66,866.

Baltimore—Stock, 29,211.

Boston—Middling, 29.10; receipts, 513; stock, 8,600.

Philadelphia — Middling, 29.70; stock, 5,195.

New York—Middling, 29.45; receipts, 4,675; stock, 138,622.

Total Today—Receipts, 38,150; exports, 9,134; stock, 1,113,244.

Total for Week—Receipts, 62,962; exports, 9,134.

Total for Season—Receipts, 2,310,631; exports, 1,424,701.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 27.80; receipts, 13,062; shipments, 12,114; sales, 9,434; stock, 180,389.

Memphis—Middling, 28.75; receipts, 14,963; shipments, 7,708; sales, 650; stock, 172,075.

Augusta—Middling, 28.13; receipts, 2,813; shipments, 1,676; sales, 392; stock, 109,648.

St. Louis—Middling, 29.00; receipts, 13,274; shipments, 12,831; stock, 4,512.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 356; shipments, 400; stock, 15,918.

Little Rock—Receipts, 1,741; shipments, 783; stock, 35,977.

Dallas—Middling, 27.40; sales, 7,229.

Montgomery—Middling, 28.13; sales, 383.

Total Today—Receipts, 46,209; shipments, 35,512; stock, 518,519.

Comparative Port Receipts.

Ports—	Last Year.	Monday.
Galveston	11,642	9,798
New Orleans	13,647	6,600
Mobile	36	418
Savannah	374	8,031
Charleston	493	1,780
Wilmington	842	377
Norfolk	6,366	5,958
New York	62	4,658
Boston	350	513
Philadelphia	72	.....
Totals all ports	37,156	38,150

Daily Interior Receipts.

Ports—	Last Year.	Monday.
Augusta	1,229	2,813
Memphis	18,048	14,963
St. Louis	6,155	13,274
Cincinnati	1,433	356
Houston	26,489	13,062
Little Rock	2,680	1,741

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, November 12.—Cotton spot, good inquiry; prices firm. Good middling, 22.31; middling, 21.79; low middling, 21.26; good ordinary, 20.27; ordinary, 19.74. Sales, 2,000 bales, including 1,200 American. No receipts. Futures closed irregular and unsettled. New contracts, January 22.03; March 22.02, May 22.04. Old contracts fixed prices. November 20.10, December-January 19.55, February-March 19.36, April-May 19.19, June-July 19.03.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, November 12.—The market for cotton seed oil was a small liquidating affair, with considerable irregularity as to quotations. Easier crude markets were offset to some extent by the strength in lard. January sold from 18.25 to 18.50 nad closed at 18.40. Final bids were 45 points higher to 25 points net lower. Sales, 2,600 barrels. Prime crude, 16.93 sales.

The market closed quiet.

Metals.

New York, November 12.—Metal exchange quotes tin unsettled, 71.00, nominal. Lead, quiet; spot, $6.25@6.62½. Spelter, firmer, East St. Louis delivery, spot, $7.75@8.00.

Sugar.

New York, November 12.—No new developments occurred in the raw sugar market and prices remained unchanged at 5⅞c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6.90 for centrifugal and 6.02 for molasses.

Coffee.

New York, November 12.—Early steadiness was followed by reactions in the market for coffee futures today. Brokers with foreign connections were buyers at the start and after opening 1 point higher active months worked up another point or two with May selling at 7.66 and July at 7.81.

Dry Goods.

New York, November 12.—Cotton goods and yarns here today were firm and active. Raw silk was unchanged. Dress goods were firm. Carpet trade was active.

January Shows Increase of $3 Per Bale—Opened Firm With Trade Interests Good Buyers—Closed Steady.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	27.55	28.05	27.55	27.93	27.55
January	26.98	27.40	26.98	27.23	26.92
March	26.48	26.78	26.46	26.64	26.45
May	26.26	26.49	26.15	26.37	26.21
July	.....	26.14	25.88	26.09	25.96

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	27.10	27.34	26.95	27.27	26.70
January	26.29	26.50	26.15	26.42	25.87
March	25.79	25.87	25.58	25.78	25.53
May	25.48	25.55	25.24	25.49	25.25
July	25.30	25.24	25.06	25.19	25.06

Closed steady.

New York, November 12.—The cotton market was fairly active and made a generally firm showing today, with January selling up to 27.40, or $3 per bale above the closing price of Saturday, and within 5 points of the season's high record. That delivery closed at 27.23, with the general list closing steady at a net advance of 34 to 43 points.

The market opened firm at an advance of 22 to 25 points on the strength of Liverpool bullish over-Sunday spot advices and a more cheerful view of the Russian situation. The opening strength of the stock market encouraged optimism as to Russian affairs and trade interests were good buyers of near months. After showing a net advance of about 28 to 41 points there were reactions of 10 or 12 points under realizing and southern selling, but offerings were not heavy and the market soon firmed up again on renewed covering, Wall street and trade buying.

December worked up to 28.05, making a net advance of 50 points and a new high record for the season, while January sold at 26.78 and May at 26.49, with active months generally showing net advances of 39 to 60 points in the late trading. The close was a few points off from the best under realizing.

Private cables attributed the advance in Liverpool to the difficulty of importing and the high freight rates, but apprehensions that delayed distribution would cause congestion and weakness in the south were modified by reports of continued firmness among holders. Trade interests were good buyers of January during the day, partly against sales of later deliveries, as though they were transferring short hedges owing to the strength of the near-month situation. The late-month discounts seemed to check selling of spring and summer months, and the afternoon advance was promoted by a local estimate placing the yield at 10,738,000 bales, excluding linters.

Spot cotton quiet; middling, 29.45. Sales, 602,800.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON PRICES RULED HIGHER

New Orleans, November 12.—Higher prices ruled in cotton here today from the opening to the close, December touching 27.34 cents a pound, the highest future quotation ever recorded in this market. The better political news from Russia, a more hopeful feeling regarding the situation in Italy, combined with small crop estimates and continued firmness in the spot department, stimulated buying. At the best of the session prices were 47 to 64 points up. The close was at a net gain of 41 to 55 points.

Liverpool was exceedingly strong, and this caused a stiff rise on the opening. The advance was kept going by the Russian news and the highest levels were reached following a private bureau crop estimate of 11,740,000 bales, not including linters. Another estimate of slightly under eleven million bales was reported during the day.

Local spot prices were lifted 25 points to 27.88 for middling, a new high level in this market, so far as the trading of the last half century is concerned. The buying of December by spot interests during the day was a feature freely commented upon, and the demand from that sourse made December the strongest month on the boards.

Spots in New Orleans.

Spot cotton steady, 25 points up. Sales on the spot, 2,041; to arrive, 800. Low middling, 27.00; middling, 27.88; good middling, 28.38. Receipts, 6,600; stock, 243,852.

Naval Stores.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 12.—Turpentine steady, 46; sales, 120; receipts, 461; shipments, 306; stock, 53,025.

Rosin firm; sales, 791; receipts, 2,000; shipments, 570; stock, 144,081. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, $6.10; I, $6.15; K, $6.50; M, $6.65; N, $7.25; window glass, $7.50; water white, $7.60.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Clearings, Monday, November 2	$9,989,392.33
Same day last year	6,159,530.50
Increase for day	$3,829,861.83

RISE IN OATS DUE TO CAR SHORTAGE

Transportation Difficulties Cause Strength on Active Oat Market, With Corn Making Smaller Gains.

Chicago, November 12.—Both in activity and strength, oats today led corn. Scarcity of cars available for the movement of oats proved the dominating factor. Oats finished 2 to 2⅝c net higher. Corn gained 1⅛ to 2⅛c, closing unsettled, with December at $1.20½ and May at $1.15¾. Provisions advanced 2½ to 50c.

Attention focused on knowledge that although a large stock of oats existed, the supply was not in a position to enter readily into commercial channels. It was explained that producers had become extra cautions about sales of oats to arrive for nearby deliveries. In this connection, reports were current that railroad equipment was necessarily being utilized to the utmost to dispose of soft corn, a perishable commodity of which the aggregate this season had assumed huge proportions. Likelihood of a falling off in arrivals of oats drew special notice to free buying for seaboard amount, and to relative smallness of the amount of oats on hand here—less than a quarter of the total of a year ago.

Corn rose mainly as a result of upturns in the oats market and in Wall street quotations. Besides, some authorities contended that the yield of merchantable corn would not be much in excess of last year

Provisions swung upward with grain.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange Monday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
CORN—					
Dec.	1.20	1.20½	1.19	1.20½	1.19
Jan.	1.16¼	1.18⅛	1.16¼	1.17⅝	1.15⅝
May	1.14⅝	1.16⅛	1.14½	1.15¾	1.14⅛
OATS—					
Dec.	61	53⅝	61	63½	60⅞
May	62	64¼	62	64	61⅞
PORK—					
Jan.	45.00	45.62	44.50	45.57	44.00
LARD—					
Nov.	26.90	27.15	26.90	27.15	27.00
Jan.	38.82	24.37	23.82	24.37	23.87
RIBS—					
Jan.	23.80	24.27	23.77	24.25	23.82
May	23.45	23.97	23.45	23.95	23.50

Receipts in Chicago.

	Monday.	Estimated Today.
Wheat, cars	263	438
Corn, cars	75	22
Oats, cars	130	358
Hogs, head	45,000	...

Cash Grain.

Kansas City, November 12.—Corn, No. 2 mixed, $1.95@2.00; No. 2 white, $2.10@2.20; No. 2 yellow, $1.95@2.05.

Oats, No. 2 white, 65; No. 2 mixed, 62@63½.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE IN ATLANTA MARKET

The following information collected by the United States department of agriculture, bureau of markets, Atlanta branch, together with detail reports from other cities will be mailed free of charge upon request. These are jobbing prices, namely, less carload prices on large lots and not retail prices:

Apples—52, raining. Arrived, 5 unknown, 2 Virginia, 5 Georgia. Very poor demand, slow movement, market glutted, quality and condition wide range. Barrels: Virginia, Yorks, No. 1, $4.75; Winesaps, orchard run, $4.75@5.00; fancy Grimes Golden, $6.75; Virginia-Georgia, bulk, per bushel, various, 60@80c.

Cabbage—52, raining. No fresh arrivals. Demand and movement moderate, market steady, quality and condition good. Virginia Danish no sales reported. Western, 100-lb. crates. Holland seed, $2.50, bulk per 100-lbs. $2.30@2.35.

Onions — 52, raining. Arrived, 1 unknown. Demand and movement moderate, market unsettled, quality and condition generally good, considerable small size. Ohio 100-lb. sacks, reds, $3.10@3.30; yellows, no sales reported; whites, 100-lb. sacks, $3.50.

White Potatoes—52, raining. Arrived, 1 unknown, 1 Virginia. Demand limited, movement moderate, market only fair, quality and condition variable, supply exceeds demand. Western Burbanks, Tennessee white varieties, sacked, per 100 lbs., $2.64@2.70.

Sweet Potatoes—52, raining. Arrived, 1 Georgia. Homegrown receipts adequate. Demand and movement moderate, market fair. Porto Ricans, bulk, per bushel, mostly 90c.

Rice.

New Orleans, November 12.—Rough and clean rice were steady today. Receipts: Rough, 9,596 sacks; millers, 8,131 sacks; clean, 5,520 pockets. Sales: Rough, Honduras 291; Japan, 82; blue rose, 729; clean, Honduras, 396 pockets; blue rose, 6,644 pockets.

Quote—Rough Honduras, 6.50@7.65; Japan, 7.00@7.75; blue rose, 7.00@7.75; clean Honduras, 7¼@8¼; Japan, 6¾@7¾; blue rose, 7@7½; rice bran, $33@36; polish, $48@50.

London Money.

London, November 12.—Bar silver, 43¾d per ounce. Money, 4 per cent; discount rates, short bills, 4⅝ per cent; three months' bills, 4¾ per cent.

Stock Market Lost Early Gains On Moderate Selling at Close

Publication of Wilson's Buffalo Speech Causes Selling at Close of Dull Session. Foreign Exchange Rallied.

New York, November 12.—Stocks displayed general improvement in the early stages of today's dull session, gaining 1 to 3 points. This advantage was materially and in some cases wholly lost later, moderate seling succeeding the publication of President Wilson's Buffalo address.

Absence of untoward foreign developments over the week-end, more encouraging domestic industrial advices and the extent of the short interests were factors of varying importance in the early improvement.

More than sixty of the more important rails, industrials, shippings and specialties were comprehended in the day's dealings, the market making up in breadth what it lacked in activity. Coalers, trunk lines and Pacifics were strongest of the transportations, but that entire division fell back on a sharp reaction in Canadian Pacific and St. Paul.

United States Steel rose early to 94¾, but yielded 2 points and closed at 93, a net gain of half a point. Other steels and the coppers and equipments moved in the same irregular way, but shippings and some of the moyors held the better part of their 1 to 3-point advances.

Trading dwindled as prices sagged in the last hour on the lack of bullish initiative and a renewal of bearish aggressions, the market closing with an irregular tone.

Exchange on Rome and Petrograd rallied appreciably, mainly as the result of relaxed pressure. Domestic money rates hardened for the short maturities and call loans were unaltered.

Foreign issues made decided recoveries in the otherwise irregular bond market, gaining from ¾ to 2 points. Total bond sales, par value, aggregated $3,570,000. Liberty 4s made a further decline from 99.98 to 99.96, the 3½s ranging from 99.36 to 99.26.

United States bonds (old issues) unchanged on call.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s registered, bid	96¾
do. coupon, bid	96¾
U. S. 3s registered, bid	99
do. coupon, bid	99
U. S. Liberty 3½s	99 26-100
U. S. 4s registered, bid	105
do. coupon, bid	105
American Foreign Securities 5s	94½
American Tel. & Tel. clt. 5s	93½
Anglo-French 5s	90¼
Atchison gen. 4s	81¼
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	82
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	78⅝
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s	88¾
Central of Georgia Consolidated 5s	88⅞
Central Leather 5s	95
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	74
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	92⅞
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s	73⅝
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	62
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s, bid	73½
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s, bid	50
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931), bid	91½
Erie gen. 4s	48⅞
Illinois Central ref. 4s	78⅜
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	92
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s, bid	77½
Liggett & Myers 5s	92
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s	86
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s, bid	57¼
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s, bid	53⅞
New York Central deb. 6s	94¾
Norfolk & Western con. 4s	87½
Northern Pacific 4s	81¼
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid	97½
do. gen. 4½s, bid	90½
Reading gen. 4s	83⅜
Republic Iron & Seeel 5s (1940)	94½
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s	60
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	43½
Southern Telephone 5s	92½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	89
Southern Railway 5s	92¼
do. gen. 4s	59¼
Texas Company cv. 6s	97
Texas & Pacific 1st	93⅜
Union Pacific 4s	88½
United Kingdom 5s	97¾
U. S. Steel 5s	99
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s	94¾
Wabash 1st	95

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	71½	71½	71½	71
Am. Can	35¼	34	34	33⅞
Am. Car & Foundry	63½	63	63	62¼
Am. Locomotive	52	50¼	50½	50⅛
American Smelting & Refining	75	73⅛	73⅛	73
Am. Sugar	94⅛	93¾	93¾	93¾
Anaconda Copper	56½	55⅛	56	54½
Atchison	85	84½	84⅝	84½
Atlantic Coast Line	....	....	97	97⅛
Am. T. & T. Co.	108	107¼	108	105½
Baldwin Locomotive	56⅛	54¼	54¾	53⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	53¾	52⅝	53⅛	52
Bethlehem Steel "B"	80⅞	78½	79	77⅝
Canadian Pacific	137½	133½	133⅞	136⅝
Central Leather	64½	61⅞	61⅞	62½
Chesapeake & Ohio	48½	47½	47½	47
Chicago, Mil. & St. P.	40¼	37	37	39¾
Chicago, R. I. & P.	19½	18⅝	18⅝	18¾
Colorado Fuel & I.	33¾	32½	32½	32
Columbia Gas & Electric	29	29	29	29½
Corn Products	27¼	26⅜	26⅜	26¼
Crucible Steel	55½	53¾	54	53
Cuba Cane Sugar	29	28½	28½	27¼
Erie	15⅝	15	15⅛	15¼
General Motors	82½	78¾	81¼	80
Great Northern pfd.	92⅜	91¾	92⅜	91⅞
Great Northern Ore ctfs.	25½	25¼	25¼	25
Gulf States Steel	82	82	82	80
General Electric	126½	125	125¾	124
Illinois Central	94½	93⅛	94	95
Inspiration Copper	43	41	41¼	41
Int. Mer. Marine	26½	26	26	26
do. pfd.	98⅞	96⅝	96⅝	95¾
International Nickel	27⅞	27⅛	27⅛	27
International Paper	21⅝	21	21	20½
Kennecott Copper	31⅛	30½	30¾	30¾
Louisville & Nashville	114½	114	114	112½
Maxwell Motors	25	24½	24½	25
Mexican Petroleum	77⅝	75¾	75¾	74⅞
Midvale Steel	44⅝	43¼	43½	42⅞
Missouri Pacific	23⅝	22½	22⅝	22¼
Nevada Consolidated	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝
New York Central	69⅛	68	68¼	67¾
N. Y., N. H. & H.	25	24½	25	24
Norfolk & Western	105	104⅛	105	103½
Northern Pacific	86⅞	86	86⅝	85½
Ohio Cities Gas	36½	35¾	36	35⅝
Pennsylvania	48½	47⅞	48¼	48¼
Pittsburg Coal	42	40½	41	40½
Ray Consolidated Copper	22	21⅛	21⅛	21¼
Reading	68⅛	67⅝	67⅝	67½
Rep. Iron & Steel	72⅝	71	71½	70⅝
Seaboard Air Line	....	....	9	9
do. pfd.	....	....	18	18
Sinclair Oil & Refining	30⅝	28¾	29	29⅝
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	37	36½	36½	36½
Southern Pacific	82⅛	81½	81⅝	81½
Southern Railway	25⅛	24⅛	24⅝	24⅜
do. pfd.	58	57½	58	56½
Studebaker Corp.	42½	38⅝	40¼	41⅝
Tennessee Copper	12½	12¼	12¼	12
Texas Co.	139⅞	138¼	138¼	137¾
Tobacco Products	46½	45½	46	45¼
Union Pacific	114⅝	113	113¼	113
United Cigar Stores	86⅞	85½	86¼	84½
United Fruit	110⅛	110½	110⅛	108½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	108	108	108	107¼
U. S. Rubber	51⅜	49⅜	50	51¼
U. S. Steel	94¾	92¾	93	92½
do. pfd.	109⅜	109	109⅜	109
Utah Copper	76⅞	75¼	75⅜	75⅝
Va.-Caro. Chemical	27	27	27	87
Wabash pfd. "A"	41	40¾	41	40⅝
Westinghouse Elec.	38⅞	38	38½	38

Sales, 602,800 shares.

Money Market.

New York, November 12.—Mercantile paper, 5½; sterling, 60-day bills, 4.71½; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, 4.71; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.70⅞; demand, 4.75¼; cables, 4.76 7-16.

Bar silver, 86⅛.

Time loans, firm; 60-day and 90 days, 5¼@5½; six months, 5½.

Call money, steady; high, 4; low, 3½; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 3½; offered at 3¾; last loan, 3¾.

Francs, demand, 5.76; cables, 5.74¾. Guilders, demand, 43; cables, 43½. Lires, demand, 8.45; cables, 8.40. Rubles, demand, 12½; cables, 13. Mexican dollars, 66. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

URGES THAT POTATOES BE BOUGHT BY POUND

The United States department of agriculture in conection with the perishable division of the food administration now have on a campaign to induce trade over the entire country to conduct all transactions in potatoes on the basis of the hundredweight, instead of as at present on the basis of bushels and bags of various sizes ranging from 80 pounds to 200 pounds.

State laws vary as to weight per bushel on many commodities, and a bushel in one city may not be comparable to one in another city. A hundred pounds is standard throughout the entire country and never varies. By its use endless confusion would be avoided, controversies between members of the trade eliminated, and an intelligent comparison of prices in different sections could be made. At this time when the public is so interested in the food question such a basis of prices is greatly to be desired.

A number of the largest cities have recently adopted this basis as well as many of the largest shipping centers. Why should not Atlanta join with these and assist in making it universal. You can easily do so by asking your grocer. How much are potatoes by the pound," instead of by the bushel or peck. In this manner you will always get just what your are paying for and therefore, would not be affected by the difference in the measuring. The same applies to the grocer on his purchases.



COPPER

A book of 24 pages forecasting the supply and demand of the red metal

After the War

Invaluable to those who would invest in copper securities intelligently.

One copy sent free upon request.

C. L. GLASS and COMPANY
Stocks and Bonds
Vandergrift Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Live Stock.

Chicago, November 12.—Hogs—Receipts 40,000; strong. Bulk, $17.10@17.50; light, $16.65@17.50; mixed, $16.70@17.60; heavy, $16.70@17.60; rough, $16.70@16.90; pigs, $13.25@16.75.

Cattle—Receipts, 23,000; firm. Native steers, $6.75@16.80; western steers, $.85@13.40; stockers and feeders, $5.65@11.50; cows and heifers, $4.50@11.75; calves, $6.75@13.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; firm. Wethers, $8.70@12.85; ewes, $7.50@11.25; lambs, $12.00@16.65.

Country Produce.

Kansas City, November 12.—Butter, creamery, 40; firsts, 78; seconds, 37; packing, 38.

Eggs, firsts, 38; seconds, 28.

Poultry, hens, 18; roosters, 14.

November Investment Suggestions

Our current general circular contains a carefully selected and well diversified list of high-grade bonds available at attractive prices.

This circular and our comparison of January and current bond prices will be of interest to you if you are contemplating an investment.

Send for November circular and Price Comparison AC-142

The National City Company

National City Bank Bldg., N. Y.
ATLANTA OFFICE
Trust Co. of Georgia Bldg.

United States Depositary in France

THIS Company's opportunities for service abroad have been greatly increased by its official designation as a United States depositary for public moneys. This designation includes our Paris Office, which will act as paying and receiving agent for United States paymasters and other American disbursing officers in France.

Our Paris Office is a fully equipped banking institution, similar to our office in London, supported by the responsibility of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York. It places the facilities of an American bank with American methods at the disposal of all the officers and men of the forces of the United States wherever they may be in France.

American business concerns and individuals having interests abroad will find it to their convenience and advantage to bank with our Paris or London offices. It will be our effort to be useful in every possible way to American citizens traveling abroad and to those with the armies in France.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
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Capital and Surplus - - $50,000,000
Resources more than - $600,000,000

Today's Prices on the Atlanta Commodity Markets

Local Stocks and Bonds

STOCKS.	Bid	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	285	295
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp.	73	74
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp., pfd.	87	90
A. & W. P. Ry.	155	160
Atlantic Steel	150	...
do. pfd.	95	97
Central Bank and Trust Corp.	149	153
Augusta and Savannah Ry.	102	104
Fulton National Bank	112½	116
Fourth National Bank	295	310
Exposition Cotton Mills	175	186
Gate City Cotton Mills	225	...
Ga. Ry. and Electric, 6 per cent.	85	87
Ga. Ry. and Elec. stamped	125	125
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 1st pfd.	93	95½
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 2d pfd.	21	23
Ga. Ry. and Power Co, common	12	13
Ga. Ry. and Banking Co.	265	270
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	53	60
Empire Cotton Oil Co., pfd.	96	98
Southern Ice Co.	10	15
Southern Ice Co., pfd.	45	53
Southeastern Railroad	104	107
Trust Co. of Ga.	295	309
Third National Bank	215	217½
Lowry National Bank	225½	[illegible]

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.
(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., President of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice beef steers, 850 to 1,000, $8.00 to $8.50.

Good steers, 750 to 850, $7.75 to $8.00.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $7.00 to $7.50.

Good to choice beef cows, 750 to 850, $6.50 to $7.25.

Medium to good cows, 650 to 750, $6.25 to $6.50.

Good to choice heifers, 550 to 650, $6.25 to $6.50.

The above represents ruling prices of good quality cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $6.75 to $7.25.

Medium to good cows, 600 to 700, $5.50 to $6.50.

Mixed common, $4.25 to $5.25.
Good fat oxen, $6.50 to $7.50.
Medium to good oxen, $5.50 to $6.25.
Good butcher bulls, $5.00 to $6.25.
Choice veal calves, $7.00 to $8.00.
Yearlings, $5.00 to $6.50.
Prime hogs, 165 to 225, $14.00 to $14.50.
Light hogs, 130 to 165, $13.00 to $13.50.
Heavy pigs, 100 to 130, $12.00 to $12.50.
Light pigs, 80 to 100, $11.50 to $12.00.
Stags and roughs, $10.00 to $11.00.

Above quotations apply to good quality mixed fed hogs. Mast and peanut-fattened lower, owing to quality.

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Flour, Sacked, Per Barrel—Victory (in 48-lb. towel bags), $12.90; Victory (our finest patent), $12.75; Gloria (self-rising), $12.00; White Lily (self-rising), $12.00; Puritan (highest patent), $12.00; White Cloud (high patent), $11.65; Ocean Spray (good patent), $11.40.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bushel—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.90; oats, fancy white clipped, 82c; oats, No. 2 white, 80c.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bushel—Wheat, Tennessee Blue Stem, $3.50; Georgia seed rye, 2½-bushel bags, $2.75; Bancroft seed oats, $1.75; Oklahoma red rust proof oats, $1.15; Texas rust proof oats, $1.40.

Hay, Etc.—Timothy No. 1, large bales, $1.95; Timothy No. 1, small bales, $1.95; clover-mixed hay, $1.85; Johnson grass hay, $1.30; shucks, 80c; straw, $1.00; C. S. meal, Prime No. 7, $52.00; C. S. meal, Buco feed, $39.00; C. S. hulls, old style, $26.00; C. S. hulls, flaked $18.00; C. S. hulls, lintless, $17.50.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.75; special scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.25; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb sacks, $3.60; beef scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $5.25; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $3.00; oyster shell per 100-lb. sacks, $1.00.

Peters' Proven Products, Etc.—Arab horse feed, $3.65; King Corn horse feed, $3.10; A. B. C. horse and mule feed, $2.40; Sucrene dairy feed, $2.65; Alfal-Fat dairy feed, $2.55; Jersey cream dairy feed, $2.15; No. 1 alfalfa meal, $2.40; Blatchford's calf meal, $6.00.

Shorts, Bran, Mill Feed, Cwt.—Fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.50; fancy mill feed, 100-lb. sacks, $3.40; tankage hog feed, 100-lb. sacks, $3.10; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.10; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.05; XXX mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, best, 100-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, hal., 100-lb. sacks, $2.85; Big Mac hog feed, 75-lb. sacks, $2.75; peanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $3.65; cocoanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.65; bran, pure rice, 125-lb. sacks, $2.35; bran, pure wheat, 100-lb. sacks, $2.30; bran, pure wheat, 75-lb. sacks, $2.35.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $7.50; salt brick (plain), per case, $4.50; salt, white rock, per cwt., $1.50; salt, Jack Frost, 25 3-lb. packages, $1.25; salt, ozone, case 25 3-lb. packages, $1.25; salt, ozone, case 25 2-lb. packages, $1.00; salt, Jack Frost, 100-lb. sacks, 95c; salt, Jack Frost, 50-lb. sacks, 50c; salt, Chippewa, 50-lb. sacks, 50c; salt blocks, 50-lb. blocks, 55c.

These prices are f. o. b. Atlanta, Ga., and subject to market changes.

GROCERIES.

(Corrected by the Oglesby Grocery Co.)

Axle Grease—Diamond, $2.00; Four Bottlers 48 10c, $3.35; Mica, 48 10c, $5.35; 3 25c $4.50.

Baking Powder—Good Luck, $2.05; Farrow and Monkey, $1.35; Rough Rider, $1.85; Rumford, $2.70; Royal, 1 pound, $5.00; ½-pound, $5.20; Calumet, 48 6-ounce, $3.30; 25 16-ounce, $5.00.

Beans—Lima, 16½c; Pink, 14½c; White 16½c.

Candy—Stick, barrels, 12c; boxes, 12¼c; fancy mixed, 30-pound pail, 10c; chocolate drops, 12½c to 16c.

Flour—Elegant, $12.50; Diamond, patent, $13.00; Monogram, $12.50; best Self-rising, $12.30; Carnation, $12.35; Sky Rocket, self-rising, $12.65; Golden Grain, $12.00; Blue Ribbon, $11.50.

Sugar—Granulated, 9c; powdered, 9½c; cubes, 10¼c; 24 1s, powdered, $2.60; No. 1, brown, 7¼c.

Cocoa and Chocolate—Walter Baker's cocoa, 41c; Walter Baker's chocolate, 37c; W. H. Baker's cocoa, 39c; W. H. Baker's chocolate, 35c.

Coap—Octagan, $5.45; Ivory, small, $5.35; Fairy, $5.25; P. & W. Naphtha, $5.45; Fel's Naphtha, $5.55; Clean Easy, $5.50.

Soup—Forty-eight 1s, $5.10.

Vegetables — Canned — V. C. Pork and Beans, 72 ½s, $3.10; 48 1s, $5.40; 24 2s, $3.50; 24 3s, $4.80; Hominy, 24 2s, $2.40.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $5.25; salt, Red Rock, per cwt., $1.10; salt, 100-lb. sacks, 75c; salt, Myles, 100-lb. sacks, 70c; Premium, 30 2s, $1.20.

Lard — Silver Leaf, 27c; Flake White, 7¾c; Cotton Bloom, 7¾; Snowdrift, per case, $11.25.

Canned Fish — Oysters, $2.40; salmon, chum, $7.50; pinks, $8.40; red, $11.25; sardine, ¼-oil, $6.00; sardine, mustard, $5.60.

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.
(Corrected by White Provision Company.)

Cornfield hams, 10-12 average	.30
Cornfield hams, 12-14 average	.30
Cornfield skinned hams, 16-19 avg.	.31
Cornfield picnic hams, 6-8 average	.26
Cornfield breakfast bacon	.40
Cornfield sliced breakfast bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case	.50
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	.37½
Cornfield pork sausage, link or bulk	.22
Cornfield wieners in 10-lb. cartons	.21
Cornfield bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes	20
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb. boxes	.17½
Cornfield wieners in pickle, No. 50 kits	$3.00
Cornfield lard, tierce basis	.26½
Country style lard, tierce basis	.27⅛
Compound lard, tierce basis	.21⅛
D. S. extra ribs	.31½
D. S. bellies, medium average	.32½
D. S. bellies, light average	.33

THE ATLANTA PRODUCE MARKET.

Fruits.

Lemons	$4.00@4.50
Peaches, dried, lb.	15c
Apples, per barrel	$5.00@7.25
do. box	$1.00@2.50
Oranges, per box	$4.00@4.25
Bananas, lb.	3½c
Pears	$3.50
Raisins	$2.25

Vegetables.

Cabbage, per pound	2½@2¾c
Celery, washed, per dozen	$1.10@1.15
Lettuce	$2.50
Onions, yellow	$3.75
do. white	$4.25@4.50
Potatoes, Irish, pound	3@3¼c
do. sweet	$1.00@1.10
Turnips	1⅞c

Poultry and Eggs.

Eggs	41@43
Hens	24@26
Friers	30@32



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LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER and COAL.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE RAPPED BY M'CLELLAND

Plenty of Evidence Against Body, He Says—Probe Committee Meets Today.

"There's plenty of evidence in our hands to condemn the city executive committee on charges of wrongfully perpetuating themselves in office," said Alderman John S. McClelland last night.

Alderman McClelland is chairman of the special investigating committee named recently by council to look into the affairs of the city executive committee.

His statement, made on the eve of the first meeting of his committee at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when testimony of witnesses will be taken, is especially significant.

Alderman Ewing and Councilman Little, who were appointed to look into the finances of the city executive committee, and expenditure of the alleged excessive entrance fees collected from candidates in the recent primary, will make their report to Alderman McClelland's committee this afternoon.

A large gathering is expected at the meeting.

HENDERSON WILL FOUGHT IN COURT BY HEIRS-AT-LAW

The will of the late W. C. Henderson, who died September 13, and whose will was probated in common form on September 17, was offered for probate in solemn form before Ordinary William H. Jeffries yesterday afternoon.

George W. Sealy was named executor of the estate by Mr. Henderson, which was valued at approximately $30,000, consisting largely of real estate holdings and the grocery store owned by him at Henderson's crossing.

None of the heirs-at-law of Mr. Henderson were beneficiaries under the will, and it is for this reason that they are preparing to contest the document. The entire store and fixtures with $5,000 in cash are bequeathed to Mrs. Lula Sealy, wife of the executor, and the entire balance of the estate under the will goes to a cousin, Miss Emma Henderson.

The heirs-at-law of Mr. Henderson are James Henderson, Jefferson Henderson and Mrs. J. M. Holland, of Villa Rica; Mrs. Cass Harding, of Douglasville; John Henderson, of Dallas, Ga.; Mrs. M. J. McClung, Dallas; Mrs. Beulah Harshberger, of Hiram, Ga., and Will Henderson, of Hiram, Ga.

From the evidence introduced at the hearing Monday it appears that Mr. Henderson's wife died in 1906 and that shortly thereafter Miss Emma Henderson moved into his house, taking care of him until his death in September, 1917. The natural heirs to the estate allege that she and Mrs. Sealy conspired together to use undue influence to have Mr. Henderson bequeath them his property.

The will was drawn up by Marcellus M. Anderson, clerk of the municipal court. He was confined to his home with sickness Monday, and the hearing was postponed until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

BUCKHEAD STORES ROBBED ON SUNDAY BY PROFESSIONALS

Buckhead had a number of unwelcome visitors Sunday night. Seven stores were broken into, and one safe was blown open. The jobs were evidently those of professionals, as no one knew of the robberies until Monday morning when the various proprietors opened their places of business.

From the manner of the robbery, it is evident that the thieves were only after money, and they secured very little of this, as most of the proprietors had carried their money home with them Saturday night. Only a small amount, mostly in pennies, rewarded the efforts of the yeggmen.

The business houses which were entered, all of which are on Peachtree road, are: Cooper's grocery store, where the safe was cracked; Cain Grocery company, Pylant's market, Vaughn's market, Buckhead barber shop, Holbrook's restaurant and Abernathy pressing club.

JAIL FOR SPEEDERS

Macon Judge Anounces Drastic Rule After Auto Accident.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) Declaring that his cautions and fines are having no effect in stopping speeding by autoists in Macon, Recoder Cunningham announced today that beginning tomorrow, in addition to fines, he will impose jail sentences on all persons convicted in his court of speeding. There have been an average of five speeders each day before the recorder, and they have been fined at the rate of $1 a mile. Mrs. M. B. Meadows, 86 Pine street, was run over by a bicyclist on Cotton avenue this afternoon as she stepped from the curb near her home to cross the street. She was carried to her home, where it was found she was seriously injured.

VILLA AND HIS CHIEFS HOLDING CONFERENCE

Presidio, Texas, November 12.—Francisco Villa and his chiefs were at Maijoma, 65 miles southeast of here, today, and were scheduled to hold an important conference. A part of Villa's column has moved northward from Maijoma in the direction of Ojinaga, opposite here, and a Mexican federal force has gone out to reconnoiter the country.

Hipolito Villa, brother of Francisco, was believed to have joined Villa at Maijoma yesterday.

The purpose of the conference is believed to be to consider a proposal from Felix Diaz to join the new revolutionary movement which has been started in the south of Mexico. Two well-dressed Mexicans crossed near here recently, and were believed to represent Diaz. Villa, it is understood, also has $25,000 worth of silver bullion which his agents are now trying to sell in El Paso and here, asking money or munitions in exchange.

BIGGER FOOD OUTPUT WANTED IN THE SOUTH

Washington, November 12.—Methods of increasing production, conservation and utilization of food throughout the south during wartime was the chief subject of the sixth annual conference of state agents supervising home demonstration work in the southern states, which began here today, under the auspices of the department of agriculture.

There are about 900 county and urban agents engaged in home demonstration work in the south, and their report showed that more than 250,000 women and girls have been enrolled in clubs. Through their aid 2,500,000 others have been given emergency instructions on saving and producing food.

The conferences will last through November 20 and will be participated in by state agents from the north and west for an exchange of ideas.

MACON MUST IMPROVE MORAL CONDITIONS

Camp Wheeler May Be Moved if Vice Is Not Checked.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) Between twenty and thirty women who have been residents of the "red-light" district in Columbus arrived in Macon at an early hour this morning and scattered among the hotels and rooming houses of the city. They had been ordered to leave Columbus. Only a small per cent of the women came here, many of them going to Albany, Montgomery and other cities.

It is hardly probable they will be permitted to linger long in Macon, for a vice committee has been organized here to aid the police and government authorities in protecting the morality of the soldiers encamped at Camp Wheeler. Macon's district was closed up several weeks ago, and most of the women who had formerly resided there left the city.

Since that time secret agents of the government have paid several visits to Macon, and about ten days ago the civil service commission, which controls the police department, was informed that conditions here are far from desirable. City authorities were notified they must get busy and clean up the city from a moral standpoint, or the war department would not hesitate to take Camp Wheeler to some other city. While the restricted district had been abolished, the agents of the government contended that evidence in their possession showed that street solicitation was being practiced on a large scale, and that many of the hotels and rooming houses were being frequented by women of evil reputation.

In view of the representations that have been made and the fact that the government is keeping in close touch with the situation, it is not thought the Columbus women will tarry long. In fact, a number of them have already been notified they must move on, as Macon does not propose to become a dumping ground for immoral women from every city that closes up its district.

FARMERS OF GEORGIA MEET IN MACON FRIDAY

Charles S. Barrett Will Be the Principal Speaker on Food Crops.

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) The annual convention of the Farmers' Union of Georgia will convene in Macon tomorrow morning with about 100 delegates from various counties in the state in attendance, in addition to representatives of the Georgia Federation of Labor and other affiliated organizations. The sessions will be held in the auditorium of the chamber of commerce.

The keynote of the convention will be sounded by Charles S. Barrett, of Union City, the president of the National Farmers' Union, who will stress the necessity of raising more food crops, especially the increasing of the stock of swine. Mr. Barrett, after his address before the convention, will leave for Winston-Salem, N. C., to attend the meetings of the farmers in that state.

Among those who had arrived here tonight to attend the convention were: L. B. Jackson, director of the state market bureau; Andrew J. Fleming, Jenkinsburg, state secretary and treasurer; J. H. Mills, of Jenkinsburg, state president; T. S. Johnson, Jefferson, chairman of the state executive committee; Thomas G. Hudson, of Americus, and J. J. Brown, state commissioner of agriculture.

HARDY KEEPS WORD AND HIS PRISONER RETURNS TO TOWER

When Deputy Sheriff Gordon Hardy promised Judge Ben Hill, in the superior court some days ago, that he would be responsible for Will Blake, the negro who shot Police Officer Riley, he didn't have any idea that it would be a very hard job.

Judge Hill ordered Blake to Grady hospital in order for the physicians there to make an X-ray examination of a wound in the negro's leg where a bullet from Officer Riley's gun lodged. Each had wounded the other.

Hardy told the judge that he personally would be responsible for the negro at the hospital. But Blake escaped from Grady. That was eight days ago. Hardy was up against it. He had his promise to fulfill.

So he started in on a regular Sherlock Holmes endeavor. Monday afternoon Blake was finally run to earth. He had barricaded himself in a house in the rear of the white homes on Whitehall terrace, where, it was said by other negroes, that he had stated he would die rather than surrender.

Hardy and Deputy W. O. McKenzie went to the house where Blake was said to be in hiding. They knocked on the door, but received no answer. An expectant crowd watched from behind convenient corners while the officers forced their way into the barricaded house, where they found Blake.

Now he is in the Fulton county Tower. Hardy is vindicated and the superior court is satisfied. Everybody is happy except Blake.

COMPLETION OF BIG PLANT IS DELAYED

Macon, Ga., November 12.—(Special.) The war has served to delay the work on Macon's million-dollar packing house, and as a result it has been found impossible to complete the work and have the plant in operation this week as was originally intended. A. Block, president of the company, states that the present indications are the plant will be in full operation by January 1.

The old brewing plant of the Acme Brewing company, which was put out of business several months ago when prohibition became effective, is being converted into what will be the largest packing plant in this part of the country. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars are being spent in enlarging the old buildings and installing the latest improved machinery.

Previous to the decision on the part of the promoters to build the packing plant a live stock census of the Macon territory was taken under the supervision of the state department of agriculture, and it was found that there was a sufficient amount of live stock in this territory to make the plant a paying proposition.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

The sale of an apartment house recently built in the burned district, and disclosure of plans to build a new theater building on Decatur street, featured real estate developments Monday.

Judge David W. Meadows purchased a new, three-story brick apartment house at 558 Noth Boulevard, the price paid being $34,000.

J. C. Baldwin and D. H. Bryant, of the Burdett Realty company, handled the trade.

The apartment was built and owned by Mrs. B. H. Barr. It was of brick veneer construction, attractive in architectural design and contained six apartments of six rooms each.

The administrators of the estate of John L. Hopkins will build a theater building at Nos. 79-81 Decatur street. A permit was issued to the estate Monday by the city building inspector, giving authority to tear down the buildings at Nos. 79-81 Decatur. The theater building will cost between $25,000 and $30,000.

FULTON COUNTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$1,719—Mrs. Frances D. Storrs to R. E. Burks, No. 324 Waldo streets, 42x195 feet. November 7, 1917.

$3,000—J. L. Campbell to Mrs. Elizabeth K. Moore, lot west side Essie avenue, 54 feet south of Palatine avenue, 56x150 feet. September 19, 1917.

$650—E. G. Tucker to H. C. Morgan, No. 162 Lindsay street, 45x130 feet. November 2, 1917.

$2,350—Mrs. T. Martha Andrews to I. Sinkovitz, lot east side Carroll street, 50 feet north of Prisock's alley, 50x83 feet. May 3, 1911.

$2,500—I. Sinkovitz to Dennis J. Griffin, same property. October 30, 1917.

$7,500—Mrs. Beulah Sims to M. L. Lester, lot northwest corner McDaniel and Burckle streets, 50x176 feet. June 7, 1917.

$10 and Other Considerations—M. L. Lester to George P. Moore, lot northwest side of South Forsyth street, 17 feet southwest of South Forsyth street, 17 feet southwest of Peters street, 24x60 feet. November 9, 1917.

$10 and Other Considerations—Same to same, lot northwest corner McDaniel and Berckle streets, 150x176 feet. November 9, 1917.

$5 and Other Considerations—T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., to Lewis-Bettes company, lot southest corner Chestnut and Spencer streets, 40x100 feet. November 9, 1917.

$5,000—Nichols Ittner to George P. Moore, lot 16, block 3, Peachtree Heights, 85x194 feet; also lot 2, block 5, Peachtree Heights, 60x215 feet. November 9, 1917.

$50—City of Atlanta to Mrs. E. Kenady, lot 3, block 21, Oakland cemetery. June 19, 1869.

$140 and Other Considerations—Estate of Mrs. E. Kennedy, by executors, to Mrs. Rosa A. Allen, same property. November 8, 1917.

Loan Deeds.

$580—R. E. Burks to Security State bank, 324 Waldo street, 42x196; 24 notes. November 8, 1917.

$2,627—Mrs. Helen J. Williamson to Colonial Trust company, 626 Edgewood avenue, 60x129; 36 notes. November 10, 1917.

$1,200—J. H. Kerlin to Mrs. Anite W. Anderson, lot east side Rosedale avenue, 350 feet north of McLeod avenue, 50x150. October 31, 1917.

$350—H. C. Morgan to Mrs. S. A. Parker, 162 Lindsey street, 45x130; five years, 9 per cent. November 9, 1917.

$1,221—George L. Pace to Atlanta Banking and Savings company, lot west side Lee street, 100 feet south of Greensferry avenue, 50x150; 72 monthly notes. November 7, 1917.

$1,500—Van R. Wilder to Life Insurance Company of Virginia, 189 Hopkins street, 50x150; five years, 6 per cent. October 31, 1917.

$3,250—Edgar Morris to Provident Life and Trust company, of Philadelphia, lot south side Virginia avenue, 495 feet west of Todd road, 50x190; five years, 5½ per cent. November 10, 1917.

$7,500—Southeastern Investment company to Southern States Life Insurance company, 399 Whitehall street, 55x155; five years, 7 per cent. November 1, 1917.

$800—John T. Thompson to Miss Kate B. Massey, 147 Simpson street, 26x100. November 8, 1917.

Quit-claim Deeds.

$1—S. W. Carson to V. R. Wilder, lot on souhwest corner of Oak and Hopkins streets, 50x150 feet. November 8, 1917.

$1,750—C. O. Summers to S. W. Carson, same property. September 1, 1917.

$164—Fulton county to Mrs. Mamie I. Tuggle, No. 306 Jackson street. October 29, 1917.

$74—C. E. Thomas to Mrs. Frances D. Storrs, No. 324 Waldo street. June 2, 1917.

$25—Pine Mountain Granite company to same, same property. November 7, 1917.

$10—Mrs. D. A. Banks to Edgar Morris, lot on south side of Virginia avenue, 495 feet west of Todd road, 50x190 feet. November 9, 1917.

$10—Colonial Trust company to Mrs. Helen J. Williamson, No. 626 Edgewood avenue. November 9, 1917.

$1,500—Same to same, same property. November 10, 1917.

WEATHERS IS ORDERED TO SUPPORT DAUGHTER

L. P. Weathers, business adviser for the Nelms sisters, and star witness for the state in the prosecution of Victor E. Innes and his wife in their trial for larceny from the Nelms sisters, must pay $20 per month alimony for the support of his minor daughter, Judge John T. Pendleton ordered yesterday in response to an appeal by his wife, Mrs. Zella N. Weathers. Weathers is at present outside the state of Georgia, but is understood to be in North Carolina.

Mrs. Weathers stated in court that she did not want any alimony for herself, and that she is preparing herself for a business career, but that the daughter is in a poor condition physically, and unable to support herself.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each Issue
Three times	8 1-3c a line	
Seven times	7c a line	
Thirty times	6c a line	
Ninety times	5c a line	

Above rate for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interest as well as ours.

The constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

BILL BOOK—Leather, $30 to $35, 2 1-cent stamp books, receipt from Eiseman's, lost on Peachtree or Inman Park car. Phone Hemlock 1446. Reward.

CAPE—Lost, black fur, old-fashioned, at Tabernacle. Return 68 E. Baker; reward.

CLOTHES—Basket left by old colored woman in care of some house Friday morning between Cooper street and Capitol avenue. Please call Atlanta phone 3079-A. 301 South Pryor street.

LOST—Ladies' tan leather purse; card with Burton Parker, 320 Washington street, city. Phone M. 5573. May Tittsworth.

FOUND.

MARE MULE 4 YEARS OLD, found Sunday, November 4. Apply, giving description to H. L. Fincher, 610 Peters building.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST MME. PARKS

WHY despair when you can attain your desire? Why give up "when all is within your grasp?" She tells all, everything, the very things you wish to know. Concerning yourself and those you are interested in though many miles away. If you are in doubt or in trouble concerning business, sales, changes, courtship, love, marriage, separations, divorces, estrangement, in a word—no matter what may be your desires or ambitions, consult Mme. Parks and receive advice. Let this gifted seeress advise and direct you to the road of success and happiness. She has helped thousands and will help you. You have but to consult her to be convinced of her remarkable powers. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car and get off at Essie avenue. Hours 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT—PALMIST MADAME MALONE

ADVICE on all affairs of life. When others fail she succeeds; are you in trouble, do you want to know about love affairs, marriage or divorce? This gifted lady can read your entire life; she gives only truthful advice; she has helped thousands of others, why not you? Many go away blessing and thanking her for her motherly advice. She asks no questions, but before you speak one word she tells you just what you called for; gives the full name of your husband or wife, tells if the one you love is true or false, tells what part of the world is luckiest to you. Hold the one you love. Advice on all affairs. Come to this gifted lady and find help. Mme. Malone challenges any reader of any kind to compete with her. Readings daily 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Take Lakewood car to Owens st. 506 Lakewood avenue, third house from corner.

MADAM DE LYLE

MENTAL SCIENTIST, spiritual adviser, gives private instructions in personal magnetism and places you en rapport with your higher spiritual nature that your most sacred heart desires shall be realized. I will tell you how to control and change the thoughts, actions or character of any one. Will tell you how to succeed in love, business, specialization, lawsuits. Gives infallible advice on all affairs of life. 19 Simpson street. Take West Peachtree street cars to Simpson street.

McDuffie BUYS old false teeth. 148 Peachtree.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY every POLICY-HOLDER that I have to JOIN the INSURED ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA. Come to see me at once. Your INTEREST protected as never before. JULIAN F. DRINKARD. Ivy 5330. Candler Bldg.

S. W. WILBORN

THE BARBER, formerly with Journal Way Barber Shop, is now located at 36 North Forsyth. Drop in to see me.

ARE your keys worth a quarter? Then send 25c for silver key tag, with your name and address on it. Razor Shop, 55 Peachtree st.

WEAVER—Ladies' and men's uniform maker; tailor and furrier. 216 McKenzie bldg.

RANDOLPH BEAUTY PARLORS, 58½ Whitehall st. Best work in all lines.

SMOKE EE-M Tobacco for catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and colds, 15c bags. Your druggist or EE-M CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike; limited number patients cared for. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 22 Windsor St.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

BLACKSMITH and woodworkers, first-class, wanted. Call Main 164.

BOY—White, wanted at once, 12 to 14 years of age, to assist in wrapping. Apply J. Eiseman Sons Co., No. 1 Whitehall street.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, at once by large wholesale house, young man experienced bookkeeper; excellent chance for promotion and good salary to start; place must be filled immediately, as man holding position has been drafted. Address P-46, Constitution.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS
BLOUNT CARRIAGE AND BUGGY CO., East Point, Ga.

CARPENTERS—If you can do carpenter work call Ivy 495.

FURNITURE salesman, secretary and grocery clerk wanted. 704 Silvey bldg.

HOTEL CLERK—Experienced hotel clerk, young man. 1018 Atlanta National Bank building.

LINEMEN—Wanted, 10 first-class electric light linemen, colored men preferred, to work in Philadelphia, where homes are plentiful and living is cheap. Wages 46 cents per hour, 9 hours per day, steady work all year around. Transportation will be paid after reporting for work. Apply to Wm. Foster, 1208 No. 31st St., Phila., Pa.

MEN—Yes, we give you a complete course, No. 1 set of tools, paying position in our chain of shops, for $26.50. Atlanta Barber College, 31 South Pryor street.

MEN—Learn barber trade. Positions waiting, city or country. Big wages. Call or write. Moler Barber College, 61 N. Forsyth.

MEN wanted by the Chattanooga Railway and Light Company for conductors, motormen and shopmen. Having had a strike of its employees, it is changing the personnel of its men, and will employ men between the ages of 18 and 45 years, sufficient to operate and maintain its cars. Steady work and good wages. Appear in person or address letter to J. R. Anderson, Supt. of Railway Dept., Third and Market sts., Chattanooga, Tenn.

MECHANICS—WANTED, SEVERAL A-1 AUTO MECHANICS; MUST KNOW YOUR BUSINESS. ANSLEY GARAGE CO., 26 JAMES STREET.

MEAT CUTTER WANTED; APPLY IN PERSON TO MR. WALKER, C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO., 492-498 PEACHTREE.

MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS—Experienced, wanted. Ad. Box 453, city.

OFFICE BOY WANTED
AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

OFFICE BOY for dental laboratory. Call 11 to 12 a.m. See Mr. Carnes, 830 Healey Bldg.

SALESMEN to sell extensively advertised line to drug and general store trade. Call 915 Austell building.

SALESMEN to call on professional men. Established trade; steady, permanent income; also one for outside city; state age, experience. P. O. Box 121, Philadelphia, Pa.

SUPERINTENDENT—For peanut oil and cattle feed mill wanted. Write P. O. Box 1443.

SOLICITORS—WANTED, SEVERAL EXPERIENCED NEWSPAPER SOLICITORS AT ONCE. APPLY AT CITY CIRCULATION DEPT., CONSTITUTION.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, a good male stenographer and typewriter; immediate employment. Apply with credentials Room 406, Postoffice building.

WAITERS—FOUR A-1 COLORED CAFE WAITERS, $30 PER MONTH. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

WANTED—Alert, ambitious young men for training, with one of the largest electrical manufacturing corporations in its telephone switchboard installation department. Give your telephone number if you have one when replying. "Electrical," Box P-17, care Constitution.

WANTED—Manager for an industrial town, comprising some 500 to 600 houses, part white and part colored. The manager will be expected to look after the collection of house rents, water rents and electric light rents, and of the renting of the houses. Also he would have the responsibility of employing the police force and seeing to it that it does its duty. He would also be expected to do some welfare work in the town, or at least to plan for that work. The conditions almost demand that the applicant should be a southerner and have had considerable experience in handling men, particularly colored men. The applicant should be at least 35 years old and have had some experience in municipal affairs. In replying, please state salary expected. Box 389, Constitution.

YOUNG MAN, news agent railroad train service, good pay. 34 E. Hunter street.

YOUNG MAN stenographer by large corporation; good opportunity. 1333 Candler Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—Wanted, who can run a Ford and care for it; must furnish $100 bond, not necessarily cash; this is to insure his honesty. Must furnish references. Good wages to men who can qualify. Call 107 Ivy street, room 21, between 7:30-9 p. m.

YOUNG MEN—Two, neat-appearing, wanted to call on the best people in Georgia, $18 per week to those that qualify. Call between 8:30 and 9 a. m. and from 3 to 4 p. m. Mr. Hall, 407 Austell bldg.

YOUNG MEN—Wanted, to get in touch immediately with several bright young men between ages of 17 and 20 to do special outside work. Common school education and neatness required. Call Main 4797 at once.

YOUNG man as news agent on railroad trains; long runs; good pay. Union News Co., 3½ Madison ave.

WANTED—Mattress stitchers. Can find regular employment in the most sanitary and up-to-date factory in the south. Highest wages paid. Apply to J. E. Ferguson, 831 North 24th street, Birmingham, Ala.

WANTED—Experienced railroad telegraph operators for stations in Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Wages from $80 to $95 per month. Good climate. Homestead opportunities. Free transportation from points on this line. Apply to General Superintendent, St. Louis; General Agents at Kansas City or Denver, or Employment Department, Chicago. C., B. & Q. R. R.

LIVE COLLECTOR—Under 40; country route; bond. Apply Monday, 2 to 3. 923 Austell Bldg.

WANTED—Hotel clerk with some experience. Address S., care Constitution.

WANTED—Retail shoe salesman. Young man not over 30, with good references, who has had some shoe experience; one who has been with present employers at least a year will be given preference; best of chance for promotion, provided he is an earnest worker. Must be willing to be transferred out of Atlanta if occasion demands. Answer by letter, inclosing references; strictly confidential. Address P-44, care Constitution.

WANTED—At once, wagon driver and auto truck driver. Apply Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company, 6 Walker street.

WANTED—At once, good male stenographer and all-round office assistant, high school graduate preferred; state salary and experience. Address P-49, care Constitution.

WANTED—Experienced nurse with reference to care for two children. Apply 239 Edgewood avenue today between 3 and 5:30 p. m.

HELP WANTED—Female

COOK—Wanted, first-class, settled couple preferred, that could milk. I. 3498.

COMPETENT stenographer, salary $75 or $80. Bellamy Business Agency, 1226 Candler building.

DRESSMAKER—If you can instruct others, and would like to secure an interest in an established business, write to Box P-21, Constitution.

GIRLS—Why not learn millinery? Prepare now for fall season. Complete course $20. Ideal Millinery School, 98½ Whitehall st.

LADIES to solicit; good pay; work at your convenience. Call at 412 Austell Bldg.

NURSE—Wanted, all or part of day, for small baby. Mrs. G. S. Alexander, 389 Hill street; up stairs.

SALESLADY—Wanted, experienced, for a 5c and 10c store. Apply 248 Peters street.

STENO - BOOKKEEPER — Wanted, young lady; beginner preferred. 704 Silvey Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, experienced lady stenographer at once. Permanent. Must have good education; one who has had newspaper office experience preferred. State experience, give reference and salary expected. Address O-992, Constitution.

TAILORESS—Wanted, to work on coats. Apply 100½ Spring st.

WAITRESS—Wanted, two experienced. Apply 161 Peachtree street.

WANTED—Lady barber, white, $20 per week; come quick; wire. R. H. Miles, Washington, N. C. P. O. Box 373.

WANTED—Saleswomen; three, experienced in dry goods. Apply to F. O. Watson, Pryor and Decatur streets.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

CHAUFFEUR, hotel maid, cook, porter, janitor, nurse, butler, waiter. 704 Silvey.

WANTED — A few good families of spinners and spoolers for our Payne Mill. Best of wages paid, cheap house rent in our own village. Address W. R. Moody, Supt., Crumps Park, Macon, Georgia.

WANTED—A reliable couple to care for country home. Woman must be good cook, man must know how to care for garden, cows, chickens. White or colored. Apply J. G. Morrison, seventh floor Grand Opera building.

WANTED — FOR THE NEW PORTERDALE MILL, SPINNERS, SPOOLERS, DOFFERS, CARD ROOM HELP. ADDRESS W. A. WOODRUFF, SUPERINTENDENT, BIBB MFG. CO., PORTERDALE, GA.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

TWO reliable hardworking salesmen to travel in southern territory by automobile accessory manufacturer; attractively permanent position for right men. Decatur 221-X2.

LIVE solicitor, salary; chance for advancement; references. Call 12 to 1, 5 to 6, Plaza Hotel. E. Bradley.

SALESMEN wanted by old established firm to sell direct to farmers. Prefer men with own rig or auto. Regular weekly salary paid. Give age, previous experience and references in first letter. Address District Manager, P. O. Box 227, Birmingham, Ala.

AGENTS

NEW!—Agents wanted for new style ready-made fancy display signs for retail stores; big profit. Address Sign Shop, 929 Second avenue, New York.

WANTED—Colored agents everywhere, sell Royal Hair Pomade, 25 cents. Royal Hair Pomade Co., 228 Houston St., Atlanta.

WANTED—TEACHERS

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Unique methods, best service, most liberal terms. Ivy 7098. 1233 Healey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

GOOD openings yet. Foster's Teachers' Agency, 505 Grant Bldg. Ivy 8812-L.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

COMPETENT bookkeeper and comptometer operator wants extra work from 5 p. m. and Saturday afternoons; thoroughly reliable and high-class ref. O-50, Constitution.

OFFICE MAN—Thoroughly competent and experienced, familiar with all wholesale and retail work, from shipping and receiving clerk to accounting department, bookkeeping, billing, etc. Box P-28, Constitution.

POSITION—EXECUTIVE, SALES OR ACCOUNTING POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG MAN WITH CHARACTER, PERSONALITY AND ABILITY, 26 YEARS OLD, MARRIED AND HAVE FAMILY. WILL ACCEPT POSITION AS OFFICE MANAGER, CHIEF CLERK, CITY OR TRAVELING SALESMAN WITH SOME GOOD, RELIABLE COMPANY WHERE HARD WORK AND MERIT COUNTS. ADDRESS P-47, CONSTITUTION.

YOUNG attorney desires connection with representative law firm, capable of managing any branch of law practice. Phone Ivy 7741.

YOUNG MAN—Office work, between 3 and 6 p. m. and Saturdays; experienced, quick and accurate at figures. P-45, care Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED nurse would like to care for an invalid; can give good references. V. D., 108 Church street, Americus, Ga.

WANTED—Position as companion to lady of refinement; state requirements. Address Presbyterian Widow, care Constitution.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS

ALL KINDS, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented; non-visible, 3 months for $5; visible, 3 months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-70. American Writing Machine Co., 18 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

MEDICAL

MEN'S DISEASES CURED

OR no charge for services. PILES without the knife and blood diseases. Women's diseases without operation. Finest equipment. Low prices. Consultation and X-Ray examination free. Everything confidential. Dr. Holbrook, American-European Specialist in all Chronic Diseases, 512 Austell Bldg.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

LIGHTFOOT'S
(BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES)
REAL ESTATE—LOANS.
317-318 Peters Bldg. Bell Phone Main 517.
AT YOUR SERVICE.
We Analyze Every Business and List Only "REAL OPPORTUNITIES."

WE HAVE MANY excellent Business Openings for both large and small capital and it will obligate you in no way to call at our office and find out what "REAL OPPORTUNITIES" are knocking at YOUR door today.

GROCERY STORE—Splendid location. Cash business. Good residence section. Making money. Price, $600.

$150 A MONTH CLEAR—14-room hotel, filled with good patronage, and the operating expenses are unusually light. Price $800, on terms of $250 cash and balance $25 per month. Act fast on this, or it will be gone.

ROOMING HOUSE (16 rooms), near heart of Atlanta. Price $800. Terms.

$200 A MONTH CLEAR—Soda and Cigar Business, Peachtree street. Fine corner location. Fine future. Light operating expense. Price open. Investigate at once if you mean business.

PARTNER would consider taking on one with a few hundred to invest who is capable of managing business and honest. Business is not peanut affair; has a record to be proud of; has always declared most excellent dividends. Address P-23, Constitution.

MITCHELL CAFE

GOOD paying restaurant. Established ten years; good reason for selling; bargain. George Mitchell, 11 West Mitchell.

$500 BUYS half interest in good paying business; business worth $2,000. Ill health reason for selling. Box O-878. Constitution.

WONDERFUL opportunity to buy established talking machine business in Atlanta. Very valuable franchises. No such chance ever offered before, especially with holiday season near. P. O. Box 203, Atlanta.

PARTNER would consider asking someone with a few hundred to invest who is sapable of managing business and honest. Business is not peanut affair; has a record to be proud of; has always declared most excellent dividends. Address P-23, Constitution.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY.

FORTUNES have been made by the Coca-Cola and Red Rock bottling plants in Atlanta. There is room for another. We are organizing a branch bottling plant for bottling well-known soft drinks. Capital stock will be $50,000. Highest reference given and required. Send in your application now, subject to acceptance after you have made full investigation. Address Investment, care Piedmont Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

MUSIC AND DANCING

LANE'S 217½ Peachtree street, two ball rooms; can be used as one. Dancing space for 500. Will rent by hour, day or night for practice or private dances. Private lessons any hour by appointment. Night classes. Practice in dancing afternoon and night. Free to pupils. Others may attend. Small fee. Write or phone Ivy 5786 for descriptive folder.

BUSINESS CARDS

ALTERING AND REPAIRING.

ALTERING, repairing, pressing that satisfies, for ladies and gentlemen. Sam Cohen, Haynes bldg., rm. 201, 2½ Auburn Av.

ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.

J. I. LINLER CLOCK SPECIALIST. 25 South Broad St.

BICYCLES AND SUPPLIES.

SOUTHERN CYCLE AND SUPPLY CO. 64 N. Pryor. Repairing. Ivy 3572.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

INVESTIGATE OUR PLAN. Murphy Door Bed Co., 311 Trust Co. of Ga. building.

CONTRACTORS AND REPAIRS.

CONTRACTING, building, repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk, 910 Austell building. Main 4247.

DENTIST.

DR. H. JENSEN, Expert Dentist. Painless extraction. 78½ Whitehall street.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRIC WIRING.

CAPITAL CITY ELECTRIC CO. Inc. Main 2493.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery 58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1788.

EYEGLASSES AND SPECTACLES.

MISS A. M. COLE, LICENSED OPTICIAN. Reasonable prices; terms. 6th flr. 4th Nat.

FURNACE REPAIRING.

FURNACES
REPAIRED—Also tin and slate roofs. 117 Piedmont. W. J. Milam. Ivy 993.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING

STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON
Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

HAT CLEANING.

OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST

JEWELRY REPAIRING.

McDuffie WATCH, clock, jewelry repairing. 148 Peachtree.

KEYS, LOCKS, SAFES, GUNS.

C. C. DOWNS Expert. 13 W. Alabama. Main 2146. Atlanta 4922.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

ATLANTA MATTRESS CO.
OUR work is above the average. 174 Piedmont ave. Ivy 3847. Atlanta 4847.

OPTICIAN.

EYES tested and glasses correctly fitted. E. A. Morgan, 10 E. Hunter. Main 1812.

EYES correctly fitted, lenses accurately ground. Silveus Optical Co., 19 S. Broad. Main 601.

PAINTING AND TINTING.

PAINTING CHEAP—Rooms tinted $2.50 up; leaks stopped. Call 6:30 to 7:30 p. m. West 630-J.

HOUSE painting and tinting. W. M. Carroll, M. 2980. 251 E. Ga Ave. Work guaranteed.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

CAPITOL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES.

PICTURES framed to order; factory prices, we do it for less. Binder Picture Frame Mfg Co., 86 North Pryor st. Ivy 8978.

ROOFING.

FLEX A TILE WE carry all styles asphalt shingles and roll roofing. Call us for prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Co. 56 West Mitchell street. Main 681.

ROOF REPAIRING.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds; 12 mos. guarantee. Reas'ble. Hem. 1056.

IF your roof leaks, call W. 416. No money required until roof stops leaking.

SCALE REPAIRING EXPERT.

R. JACKSON, 174 Gilmer street, scale and cotton beam man. Main 3987.

SHOE REPAIRING.

Shoe Renury WORK called for and delivered. 2 Auburn. Ivy 2310. Atlanta 1493. 815 Peachtree.

SHOES HALF-SOLED SEWED. 50c UP
GWINN'S Rubber heels, 25c up. 6 Luckie St., 2 S. Pryor St. While you wait 10 minutes.

TRUNKS, BAGS & SUIT CASES REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S WHITEHALL STREET. Phone—Bell Main 1576.

WALL PAPERING

QUICK Wall Paper Company, 51 Carnegie Way. Ivy 6733.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

ACID PHOSPHATE, GUANO.
Nitrate Soda, C. S. Meal, Hulls, Coal, Agl Limestone; car lots. W. E. M'CALLA, Atlanta National Bank bldg.

Bibles and Religious Books
ON sale by Hopkins Book Concern, 144 Auburn avenue, corner Piedmont.

CASH PAID for old furniture. Dixie Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth St.

FOR SALE—In car lots or more
BULK ACID PHOSPHATE
Nitrate Soda, Cotton Seed Meal, Tankage, Ground Limestone, Bags, Potash. A. D. Adair & McCarty Bros., Inc., brokerage department. Phone Ivy 7235.

FOR SALE—Three Carver linters and one Carver saw filer. E. W. Menefee, Raymond, Ga.

FURNITURE OLD furniture taken in payment for new. Jordan Fur. Co., 39 E. Hunter. Both phones.

FURNITURE—For sale, second-hand office furniture; everything complete for single office. Apply 1116 Healey Building between hours of 11 and 12.

FURNITURE—Household furnishings for sale, splendid range, half price. Call I. 967.

LETTER HEADS
FAMOUS Hammermill Bond, 500, $2; 1,000, $3.50, postpaid. Orders filled same day received. Cash with order. Times, Chatsworth, Ga.

Fancy Rabun County, Georgia, Apples! Apples! Apples!
STANDARD BUSHEL BOXES.
WILL ship by express, prepaid, one box or more of fancy eating apples at $2.50 per box; quality and condition guaranteed. A. F. Dechman, Mountain City, Ga.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and wood. M. 666-J. Teams for heavy hauling. G. T. Hutt, proprietor.

JUPITER LIGHTING PLANT FOR COUNTRY HOMES.
ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CO.
60 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

McDuffie WATCH, clock, jewelry repairing. 148 Peachtree.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS bought, sold, rebuilt, exchanged. A. E. Harless, Agt., 54 North Pryor. Phone Ivy 8443.

PECANS, Variety Frotcher, selected and polished, 50 cents per pound delivered. Sample sent on request. A. G. Robinson & Co., Thomasville, Ga.

PIANO—Kranich & Bach, second-hand, in good condition; bargain. Walter Hughes, 88 North Pryor street.

PECANS—Southwest Georgia paper shell pecans for sale. Varieties, Stuart, Frotcher, Schley and others; 50 cents per pound f. o. b. Box 845, Albany, Ga.

RUBBER stamps, seals, stencils. Bennett's Ptg. and Stamp Co., 25 S. Broad.

SAFES ATLANTA SAFE CO., 65 W. Mitchell. Main 4601.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Nat. Bk.

SCALES—SAFES THE Howe Scale Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

Soda Founts NEW and used; easy terms. 34 Madison.

TYPEWRITER—For sale, bargain; 1 Remington typewriter, No. 10, perfect condition, $27.50. Apply 58 W. Mitchell street.

TWO very large, 4 large and several medium and small safes. A few new safes. R. J. Wiles, 13 E. Alabama street.

WE call your attention to ad. under heading of "Business Opportunities," under title of "Another Opportunity."

WANTED—Miscellaneous

CASH PAID for used furniture. S. M. Snider, 21 Peters St. M. 2610.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

CASH paid for old clothes and shoes. Drop card. We will call. 150 Decatur St.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

FURNITURE WANTED FOR CASH. Swift Furniture Company, Main 2769.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR SCRAP IRON, OLD BOILERS, CARLOAD LOTS. WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS. K. KOPLIN, 852-870 MARIETTA ST.

HIDES ATLANTA HIDE AND TALLOW CO., 140 Peters St. M. 2731.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES
PAID for second-hand furniture. Atlanta Rebuilt Furniture Exchange, 108 S. Forsyth.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay highest cash prices for pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell st. M. 2424.

PAPER and magazines help feed widows and orphans. Friend's Rescue Mis. M. 1197.

WANTED MOORE airtight heater in first-class condition. Call Hemlock 1504-J.

We Buy Second-Hand Clothes
HIGH prices for men's clothing only. M. 2335.

WE BUY or handle on commission, your poultry, eggs, apples, sweet potatoes, country produce. Write or wire for quotations. O. C. Gossett & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—To buy for cash, second-hand sectional bookcases. Address Box 202, Franklin, Ga.

WE call your attention to ad. under heading of "Business Opportunities," under title of "Another Opportunity."

Use Constitution Want Ads.

THE FANCIERS' DEPARTMENT

COWS.

COW — Fine Jersey, fresh in milk. 10 Racine street. West 1265-J.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

APPLER SEED OATS, $1.50 bu.; Fulghum oats, $1.75 bu.; Georgia rye, $2.50 bu. Abruzzi rye, $3.65 bu. Seed wheat, Blue Stem and Red May, $3.25 bu. Everett Seed Company, Atlanta, Ga.

CABBAGE plants 25c 100; 500, $1; 1,000, $1.65; onion sets, white, $2.85 bu.; reds and yellows $2.60; seed rye, oats and wheat. Parker Seed and Plant Co., 33 South Broad street.

GEORGIA RYE, bu., $2.75; 5-bu. lots, $2.65 bu.; Abruzzi rye, bu., $3.75; 5-bu. lots, $3.65 bu. Everett Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—Sound pr. mules, $125; large pair, $150; 15 mules at all prices. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

LIVE STOCK

CATTLE.

FEEDERS AND STOCKERS
WE can furnish in car load lots, high-class grade heifers of these well-known breeds: Short Horns, White-Face, Red Poles, Black Angus. Also heifers and yearlings of Jersey type. Write or wire us if in the market. There is big demand for all these. A. L. Suttles & Co., Miller-Union Stock Yards, Atlanta, Ga.

SEVERAL fine Shorthorn cattle calves for sale. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

HOGS

HOGS
BEAUTIFUL young Duroc Jersey sows, bred to best Duroc sire, $20, delivered near Atlanta; only 4 left. Telephone Herbert B. Davis, M. 2557.

AUCTION SALES

B. BERNARD, at 86 South Pryor, will either pay cash for your housefurnishings or sell them for you. Phone Main 2306.

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S

HE'LL SURELY BE A *DEAR* PIGGIE NOW! : : : : : : BY WELLINGTON



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ONE JUDICIOUS INVESTMENT IS EQUAL TO A LIFETIME OF HARD WORK--LOOK OVER THE REAL ESTATE AND FARM ADS FOR INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping car on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 88 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 194; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
22 West Pt..	8:30 am	35 New Or..	5:55 am
18 Columb's	10:55 am	19 Columbus	7:10 am
38 New Or..	11:20 am	33 Montgo'y	9:10 am
40 New Or..	1:45 pm	39 New Or..	2:00 pm
34 Montgo'y	6:40 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Columbus	7:50 pm	37 New Or..	6:50 pm
36 New Or..	11:35 pm	41 West Pt..	6:00 pm

City Ticket Office. 80 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway. "The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah..	6:15 am	Savannah..	8:00 am
Thomasville	6:15 am	Albany....	8:00 am
Albany.....	6:15 am	Macon.....	12:30 pm
Macon.....	3:15 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville.	6:53 am	Jacksonville	8:25 pm
Jacksonville.	7:40 am	Valdosta...	8:25 pm
Macon.....	10:45 am	Savannah..	10:15 pm
Macon.....	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah..	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:50 pm
Albany.....	8:10 pm	Albany.....	11:50 pm

City ticket office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Main 490; Atlanta phone 55.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives From—		Departs For—		Arrives From—		Departs For—
3:35 a	New York	12:01 a		1:00 p	New York	2:00 p
1:10 p	Chicago	6:20 a		8:25 p	Chatta.	3:00 p
3:55 p	Kan. City	6:25 a		8:10 a	Toccoa	4:45 p
3:35 a	Chatta.	6:50 a		11:20 a	Cincinnati	4:55 p
2:40 p	Richmond	10:35 a		10:55 a	Columbus	5:10 p
10:10 p	Columbus	7:20 a		11:15 a	Memphis	5:20 p
7:50 p	Bruns'k	7:50 a		10:50 a	Ft. Valley	5:20 p
5:30 p	New York	11:35 a		10:30 a	Macon	5:30 p
8:40 p	Charlotte	6:30 a		5:55 a	Jaxville	10:05 p
1:40 p	Macon	12:20 a		7:25 a	Charlotte	10:40 p
1:40 p	Bir'ham	1:15 p		6:10 a	Jaxville	11:20 p
9:00 p	Greenville	12:15 p		7:45 a	Shreve't	11:30 p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. "The Progressive Railway of the South." Effective November 4, 1917.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 N. Y.	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm	6:30 am
11 Norfolk..	6:20 am	30 Monroe..	6:40 am
11 Washin'n	6:20 am	6 N. Y. ...	12:40 pm
11 Portsm'h	6:20 am	6 Washi'n	12:40 pm
17 Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk..	12:40 pm
6 Memphis	12:30 pm	6 Portsm'h	12:40 pm
6 Birmi'm.	12:30 pm	6 Richm'd	12:40 pm
33 Pied't,Ala	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala	3:15 pm
5 N. Y. ...	4:40 pm	5 Birmin'm	4:50 pm
2 Washin'n	4:40 pm	5 Memphis	4:50 pm
18 Norfolk..	4:40 pm	18 Abbe,S.C.	4:50 pm
5 Portsm'h	4:40 pm	12 N. Y. ...	8:20 pm
12 Birmin'm	8:00 pm	12 Norfolk..	8:20 pm
29 Monroe..	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h	8:20 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St. Telephone—Ivy 2845.

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.

*Daily except Sunday.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Charles'n	6:10 am	2 Augusta and East...	6:45 am
3 Wilmin'n	6:10 am	6 Augusta	12:10 pm
*11 Conyers..	7:35 am	8 Augusta	3:25 pm
*13 Union Pt.	9:40 am	*14 UnionPt	6:30 pm
1 Augusta..	1:15 pm	4 Charles'n	8:35 pm
5 Augusta and East.	4:35 pm	4 Wilmin'n	8:35 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:20 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov 21—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville....	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest		
Cincinnati and Louisville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Blue Ridge accommodation.	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 9:55 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville	6:25 am	94 Chicago..	8:15 am
73 Rome...	10:25 am	2 Nashville..	8:30 am
93 Memphis.	11:55 am	92 Memphis.	4:55 pm
1 Nashville	6:25 pm	72 Rome....	5:15 pm
95 Chicago..	8:05 pm	4 Nashville.	8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal station.

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
BELLE ISLE
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE. IVY 5190.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
I. 1548 — 12 LUCKIE — I. 322

COFER BROS., TAXICABS
MAIN 1034. 20 Marietta. MAIN 1035

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR SALE.

MARMON TOURING CAR FOR SALE, FOUR CYLINDER, FIRST-CLASS RUNNING CONDITION. IVY 7050.

APPERSON—Roadster, newly painted, new top, splendid condition; almost good as new. Buick, 1916, 6-cylinder roadster, in very good condition. National roadster, 12-cylinder, almost new, perfect condition. Velie, 5-passenger, newly painted, good condition. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree street.

1917 DODGE

5-PASSENGER CAR, in first-class condition; four new, nonskid tires; one extra bumper, spot light, motormeter, top cover, Warner lights. Extra set spark plugs, etc. Looks good and is good. One best Dodges ever built, $750. Apply 416 Fourth Natl. Bk. Bldg.

OAKLAND, 1913—Electric lights, self-starter, $200. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta street.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO.—Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

USED CARS
1917 Light Overland Roadster
1917 Light Overland, 6-cylinder.
Maxwell Touring Car.
Chevrolet Touring Car.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc
USED CAR DEPT.
236 PEACHTREE ST.

FORD, 1917—Looks like new; 1 5-passenger Overland; prices right. 127 Marietta st.

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR SALE.

REAL BARGAINS
In Used Cars

WE have a limited number of used cars that are mechanically good—overhauled, with new paint and tops.

One Chalmers, 1916.....$650

One Buick, 7-passenger, a pick-up at $550

One Premier, 7 passenger, a pick-up at $400

One Buick roadster, a real car at a price that will move it immediately: only $350

Also a number of other real bargains.

HAYNES AUTO CO.
181 PEACHTREE STREET.
ATLANTA.

BELLE ISLE
AGENT
FORD CARS
CASH OR TERMS.
IVY 166. IVY 2772. IVY 293.

Dodge, 1917 touring.
Hudson, 1915.
Ford truck, 1916.
All in perfect condition.

J. M. WALLACE GARAGE
697 Marietta St. Main 5301-L.

OVERLAND—Country club model, 1917, for sale; excellent condition. Driven less than 5,000 miles, cash or terms to responsible party. Phone Ivy 406 or write 28 Walton street.

FORDS
AUTHORIZED SALES AND SERVICE
Prichard-Orr Sales Co.
West End — Gordon and Lee. Phones West 95.
East Point — Main Street. East Point 133.

HUBBELL-OAKES MOTOR CO., 1513 Candler bldg. Special bargains in used cars.

HUDSON—Limousine, latest style and make, in first-class order; no use for it. Price $450, part cash. Also Pierce-Arrow limousine body, newly painted. Call at 127 Walton street.

NATIONAL—1917 6-cylinder touring roadster: can be seen at Cain st. garage; immediate disposal necessary account owner's enlistment in army. Address A. H. Blalock, Cain Street Garage.

OVERLAND—5-passenger, $175; Ford truck, $210. 127 Marietta street.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 181 Peachtree. Ivy 5161.

BEAUDRY MOTOR COMPANY
Authorized Ford Dealers
169-171 Marietta St.
118-120 Walton St.
Full Line Ford Parts.

No wait necessary for commercial bodies. Styles meeting all requirements in stock.

We are equipped to repaint, recover and upholster.

Radiators rebuilt; also any other Ford repair work.

We employ experienced men and give prompt service.

Phones — Bell 1123-2245-4285; Atlanta 1426.

WHY NOT SAVE MONEY ON THE FOLLOWING CARS:
4 1917 FORD TOURING CARS
HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE, $15.00.
ATLANTA AUTO EXCHANGE
40 WALTON ST. MAIN 3185

USED CARS SPECIAL bargains. Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 316-13 Peachtree St.

WANTED.

WANTED—To rent second-hand Ford car for the purpose of demonstrating a self-starter. Apply immediately, 95 N. Forsyth st., next Patterson's undertaking parlors.

WANTED—Second-hand automobiles, any Make. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta St.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES

SUPPLIES.

3,500 to 6,000-MILE TIRES, 35 to 50 per cent discount; fresh stock. McPherson Rubber Co., No. 64 North Forsyth street.

REPAIRING.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. Magnetos sold, exchanged and repaired; all kinds of magnetos and electric starting repaired, all work guaranteed. E. H. Odom Bros. Company, 43 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 900. Bell phone Main 1622.

FORD SPECIALISTS.
REPAIRING. All work guaranteed. Phone us and we will pull in cars.
127 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 3809

THE WRIGHT AUTO SHOP
FORD REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
251 Marietta St. Main 3955.

WELDING.

YOUR broken castings welded, good as new; gear teeth built up also. The Metal Welding Company, 130 South Forsyth. M. 3613.

VULCANIZING.

FOR the BEST vulcanizing at the most moderate price; also new and used tires, see TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn ave. Ivy 2238.

MONEY—On Real Estate.

MONEY TO LOAN
$1,000—$1,250—$1,500—$2,000—$2,500—$3,800—$6,000
To lend on improved property in Atlanta or suburbs.
W. O. ALSTON
1203 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076.

MONEY for salaried people on their own name. Irene, Box 522, City.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS; QUICK, CONFIDENTIAL, EASIEST REPAYMENT PLAN; SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. HUDSON & CO., 313-314 PETERS BLDG. Phone Main 4842.

MONEY—On Personal Property

LOANS ON FURNITURE
$25 UPWARD
AT LOW LAWFUL RATES.

By a new system of rates, a policy of giving SERVICE has established the Citizens' Loan Company's business on a broader plane of usefulness; making personal loans in sums of $25 upward on short notice and without publicity.

The CITIZENS' LOAN COMPANY has gained the respect, confidence and favorable consideration of the public through a conscientious endeavor to render SERVICE satisfactory to the community by higher standards and by inspirations to be helpful and keep abreast of the times.

Easy Payments
$ 25 Loan Pay $2 Per Mo. and Interest
$ 50 Loan Pay $4 Per Mo. and Interest
$100 Loan Pay $8 Per Mo. and Interest

Our service is always at your command. We want you to feel free to come here for advice and help with your money troubles. We can help you.

CITIZENS' LOAN CO.
401 PETERS BLDG.
MAIN 3771. ATLANTA 677

MONEY—On Real Estate.

WE LOAN MONEY to rebuild in the burned district. Thomas J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

FUNDS on hand for loans at current rates; also for purchase money notes. Milton Liebman with A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

LOANS ON
Atlanta Real Estate, Farms anywhere, or well improved Small town property. Made promptly.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY
TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 1216 Empire bldg. I. 8269.

LOANS MADE ON CITY PROPERTY AND FARM LANDS. SEE OR WRITE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NAT'L BANK BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidental attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN. EMPIRE BLDG.

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY ON FARM LANDS WRITE OR SEE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

MONEY on hand to lend on Atlanta real estate; no delay. If you want a loan we can make it. Geo. P. Moore, 16 Auburn ave.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES.
On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points.
Quick Action. Write for Application.
Mortgage Loan Department.
PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO.,
1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK
BROAD and ALABAMA STS.
LOANS made on real estate, at lowest rates, repayable in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. 4% PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS. "SIGN O' THE CLOCK."

LOANS
ON ATLANTA, suburban and Decatur realty, repayable in 1, 2, 3 or 5 years, or in small
MONTHLY PAYMENTS
We buy purchase money notes.
EISEMAN & WEIL INVESTMENT CO.
Atlanta Nat. Bk. Bldg. Bell Phone M. 3016.

FIRST and second mortgage loans made promptly. A. G. Smith, 311-312 Connally building. Main 2940.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes or business property at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Bldg.
Broad and Marietta Streets.

$500, $700, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

MONEY—On Real Estate.

MONEY

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY
IS NOW making loans on high-class improved property in Atlanta and Decatur. Lowest interest rates. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK
LOAN AGENT.
210-11 EMPIRE BLDG.—PHONE IVY 111

6 AND 7 per cent money in any amts.; quick action. Fitzhugh Knox, 1207 Candler bldg.

QUICK LOANS
$2,000 TO $50,000 OR MORE
MADE on Atlanta property at lowest current rates. Loan agents of the
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF VIRGINIA
Have local funds in bank for small loans.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5678.

MONTHLY PAYMENT MONEY
AT SIX PER CENT, payable $2.16 per month on the hundred dollars, which includes interest. Will lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, first mortgage.
BROWN-FOSTER-ROBSON CO.,
210 Flatiron Building.

MONEY—Wanted

A MINING company producing a war-time necessity needs additional capital temporarily; will pay 8 per cent for $3,000, secured by plant and equipment worth $10,000. Address O-862 care Constitution.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON is the only system of shorthand taught in the public schools of Atlanta. We teach Paragon. Night and day classes at the school. Mail instructions for those who cannot come. Write us or phone Main 4445. Simplex Shorthand School, 336 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

LANIER UNIVERSITY
NIGHT CLASSES in conversational Spanish and French and business-building English for both men and women. Correspondence courses. Call Ivy 5631.

PARAGON SHORTHAND—Touch typewriting guaranteed. Expert in visual and kinesthetic development as applied to typewriting. Just from New York. Temporary location, Ivy 1637. Want nine more pupils to complete class of 20.

WILL coach pupils in art on Saturday for $2 per mo. 30 Park St., or call West 202-X1.

SPANISH taught by Castilion instructor, who has taught for years abroad and is now in charge of the chair of Spanish at one of your best and oldest colleges. Beware of those so-called native teachers. For further information address J. A. Compoamer, Room 401 The Grand building.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

BOARD AND ROOMS

PEACHTREE. 220—The Wilton; steam heat, good table, quick service; near in. I. 5795.

PEACHTREE PL. 23 LARGE heated room, board. Ivy 2978-J.

PEACHTREE ST., 710—Large front room, connecting bath. Ivy 4562.

FIRST-CLASS room and board, walking distance; ref.; rates reas. M. 3449-J.

ROOMMATE—Wanted for young man in home, north side, walking dist. I. 8756-L.

PONCE DE LEON, 52—Room, board, bath; a few table boarders. Ivy 6454.

ROOM and board, or room with light housekeeping privileges. Call W. 278.

EXCELLENT BOARD and room for couple; mod. north side home; reas. Ivy 5212-J.

HOTEL PEACHTREE
63½ PEACHTREE ST., has clean rooms at 50c a day and up or $3 a week and up.

DESIRABLE large front room with dressing room, excellent table, refined home, best residential section. Juniper St. Ivy 5684-J.

E. BAKER, 19—Two nice rooms and board for four young men. Mrs. Milner.

FORREST AVE., 93—Room with board for couple or two young men. Ivy 3639-X2.

FORREST AVE., 172—Nice room, good board; furnace heat, good location. I. 8617.

LARGE steam-heated room, adjoining bath, corner Third and Spring. Ivy 1522.

SPRING ST., 70—4 lovely furnished rooms with board; home cooking. Mrs. C. L. Saterfield. Ivy 2425.

20 E. BAKER Heated room, board; 1 or 2 gentlemen. I. 1984-J.

NICELY furnished front room, connecting bath, shower; steam heat; excellent table; refined home; near Georgian Terrace. I. 6261.

PEACHTREE PL., 93 LARGE heated room, board. Ivy 2978-J.

FINE location, new home, best board, refined private family. W. 1507-J.

NORTH SIDE—Nice furnished, steam-heated room, couple or 2 gentlemen. I. 6849-J.

FIRST-CLASS room and board in private West End home. West 1378-J.

PEACHTREE, 362—Choice front room for gentlemen or couple, fine table board.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED.

LARGE ROOM
STEAM heat, every convenience; close in; gentlemen or business couple. Ivy 2141.

TO business man, large, steam-heated room; all conveniences. West End. West 599-J.

W. PEACHTREE, 585—Furnished room, private bath, furnace heat. $18. Hemlock 1269.

COURTLAND, 315—One furnished room, hot water, electricity. Call Ivy 9455.

PEACHTREE, 790—Lovely rooms, conva.; pri. family, garage; ref. Hemlock 1392.

PEACHTREE ST., 321—Nicely-fur. rms., $5 per week and up. Phone Ivy 67.

FOR ladies or couple; heat and all conveniences; meals near. Ivy 4363-J.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

FURNISHED, steam-heated room, connecting bath, private family, gentlemen only. Main 5197.

PEACHTREE INN
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, 50 CENTS TO $1 PER DAY, $3 TO $5 PER WEEK. 391 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 67.

CONE ST., 34—A beautifully furnished room, close in, all conveniences. Ivy 2309.

CAPITOL AVE., 147—Furnished rooms, two upstairs housekeeping rooms for rent.

NICELY furnished, all conveniences, large room and kitchenette, 310 South Pryor street. Atlanta 6146-B.

PARK ST., 30—One large, well ventilated front room. Call West 202-X1.

W. PEACHTREE, 198—Furnace heat, every convenience; walking distance; no children.

ADOLF 10½ East Harris, bachelor rooms; cool, quiet; reasonable, every convenience de luxe. Ivy 3071-J.

WOLCOTT HOTEL
CAN ACCOMMODATE a few regular roomers; rates $2 per week and up.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

THE MARTINIQUE
(ELLIS AND IVY)
OPERATED under the best management. Each room connected with bath and kept in excellent condition. Hotel service $1 per day.

UNFURNISHED.

WITH couple, two connecting front rooms, with kitchenette and hall, lights and water, second floor, $10 per month. 210 Pulliam St.

CENTRAL AVE., 401—Two connecting rooms, private entrance.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

TWO rooms to quiet couple; references. Decatur 744-J.

WANTED—Rooms

FURNISHED.

ONE or two gentlemen or business ladies can get nicely furnished room, all conveniences, Gordon street; owner's home, reasonable; meals across the street. Phone West 83.

TWO furnished light housekeeping rooms, with kitchenette, by refined young couple; beginning Dec. 1; furnace heat and private bath desired. In answering give location and price. Address P-19, Constitution.

YOUNG MEN desire room close in; must be easy walking distance and reasonable terms; state all particulars in answer. Address P-3, Constitution.

UNFURNISHED.

FORREST AVE., 156—Attractive 5-room apartment; adults. Phone Ivy 6473-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

THE PICKWICK
FAIRLIE ST. 77, NEAR ANSLEY HOTEL.
10 stories, fireproof; splendid bath privileges.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms.

UNFURNISHED.

PEACHTREE, 514—Lovely housekeeping rooms, with private bath.

ONE large room and kitchenette, walking distance, unfurnished; good location. 417 Piedmont ave.

WANTED—Housekeeping Rooms.

WANTED—By refined couple without children, 2 or 3 fur. rooms for light housekeeping or board in private family; references. Ivy 6422.

WANTED—Roommate.

ROOMMATE wanted for nice young lady. Call Ivy 2579.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms.

FURNISHED.

LUCILE AVE.—Two furnished housekeeping rooms, with use of phone, to couple with references. West 762.

UNFURNISHED.

E. ELEVENTH, 118—Two rooms and sleeping porch; several large closets connecting. Hemlock 388-L.

TWO desirable rooms, $1.75 and $2.50 per week. Ivy 3473-J.

WOODWARD AVE., 179—Nice, large, unfur. room; kitchenette, sink. M. 2584-J.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

THREE rooms and bath and kitchen, gas and electric lights; hot and cold water; new house; second floor. With Owner, 183 Hill street.

APARTMENT of three or four rooms and bath; good condition. Rose Terrace, 503 Central avenue. Owner, 403 Equitable.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

DECATUR—Best residence street, 3 or 6 rooms, big yard, wide porch, modern conveniences. Decatur 776-J.

ATTRACTIVE, modern apartment, beautiful College Pk., with owner; reas. E. P. 326-L.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

8-ROOM furnished home for rent, 17 E. Ninth street, near Myrtle; may be seen by appointment. Call Ivy 6502.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Seven-room dwelling, sleeping porch; north side. Hemlock 929.

Consult Our Rent Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.
CALL FOR OUR RENT BULLETIN.
BENJ. D. WATKINS & CO.

7-ROOM house, 5 Wade avenue, Kirkwood. $35. L. C. Green Co., 607 Empire Bldg.

$60 HURT ST., INMAN PARK—Beautiful 9-room house, very modern throughout, hardwood floors, three baths. Will rent at reduced rate of $50.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1208 CANDLER BUILDING

FOR RENT—90 Park lane, Ansley Park, beautiful home, 7 rooms and sleeping porch; reasonable.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOR results list your property with Sharp Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

IF YOU have a bungalow or apartment for rent on north side see us at once. We have a tenant. Burdett Realty Company, 116 Candler building.

FOR RENT—Offices.

CANDLER BUILDING, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Desirable offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste, hot and cold water in all offices; all-night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 3970. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

CENTRAL BUILDING—Offices for rent. Corner Alabama and Pryor sts. Main 535.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

I WILL exchange good investment property on north side worth $6,000, rent $670 per annum, for small home in Florida, near Tampa, St. Petersburg or Miami. Must have house and few acres cultivated. "S. J. H.," Box O-972, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Nice 6-room house in a nice location, clear title, no loan, or will exchange for smaller house. Main 3561.

FOUR unincumbered lots in Birmingham and half interest in Marietta street property to exchange for north side residence. Will assume loan. P. O. Box 209, Atlanta.

DRUG STORE, $2,500 stock; 6-room bungalow attached; will trade or sell at bargain. Address O-994, Constitution.

WE SELL AND RENT REAL ESTATE
B. M. GRANT-A. S. ADAMS CO.
Grant Bldg. Ivy 4385.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

7-ROOM BUNGALOW
ON NORTH SIDE—With two tile baths, three bedrooms, sleeping porch, furnace, tile veranda, cement basement, servant's room, etc. Lot 50x180; side drive and garage; $7,500. Carl Fischer. Main 4876.

PRICE REDUCED FROM $14,000 TO $6,750. BIG sacrifice on Highland avenue, Druid Hills section; strictly modern, up-to-date 9-room home; three bedrooms, living room, dining room, kitchen, breakfast room, sleeping porch, sun parlor; corner lot, east front, 180x237 feet to alley; dandy garage and servants' quarters; no loan. Owner has refused $12,000 cash; price now $6,750.
J. H. M'NESSER,
215 Empire Bldg. Ivy 8197.

BRICK VENEER, 6-room, north side bungalow, with stone front, tile bath, hardwood floors, furnace, etc.; on lot 45x200, for $4,800. Carl Fischer. Main 4876.

WEST PEACHTREE—A magnificent 10-room, two-story, steam heated residence, near Fourth St., for $12,000, worth $15,000. Owner leaving city, must be sold at once. Let me show it to you, if it suits I want a proposition. E. L. Harding, 815 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 1287.

ANSLEY PARK bungalow, six rooms, deep lot, garage, fruit, garden, etc., on one of the most exclusive streets. Call Hemlock 892-J.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

MISCELLANEOUS.

VIRGIN timber for sale, 1,560 acres, known as Nut-All-Rise property. Estimated to cut 8,000,000 feet hardwood, pine and cypress, 80 per cent hickory, white oak, ash, water oak and red gum, balance original growth pine and cypress; excellent logging, 5 miles from transportation now with new railroad survey through property. Richest kind of hammock land; best game and fish preserve in Florida; 12-cent freight rate to Atlanta; good title, $2.50 per 1,000 or $12.50 per acre in fee simple. Reason for selling have joined the army. Act quick, if interested. J. W. Oglesby, Jr., Quitman, Ga.

FOR SALE—Lot 50x82, East Pine st.; just inside the burned district. A bargain. Address Owner, 407 Caring ave., Macon, Ga.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Georgia lands. Thomas W. Jackson, 1018-19 Fourth National Bank building.

FINE building lot in Decatur, $1,200. Will build on it if desired. Bargain. W. H. S. Hamilton, 204 Equitable, Ivy 5234.

M. L. THROWER has a few bargains in nice homes for sale.

FOR results list farms and city property with James L. Wright, 606 Empire.

CHARLES P. GLOVER REALTY CO.—1168-1169 Third National Bank building.

FARM LANDS

FOR RENT.

A FULL 2-horse farm near Stone Mountain, good buildings, pasture, standing rent. Grossman, 670 Washington street.

FOR SALE.

TWO IDEAL FARMS
FOR SALE
BY OWNER

ONE 750-acre farm in Gilmer county, 3½ miles from Ellijay, on Carter Kay river, about one-half in cultivation, balance in oak, hickory and poplar timber. Land is very productive, 75 acres rich bottom land; one 7-room residence with bath, six good tenant houses, one very large barn and three smaller ones; running spring water through residence and barns. Price $15,000. Terms if desired.

ALSO 750 acres in south Georgia, in Early county, 5 miles from Blakely, on chetted road; rich mulatto land with red clay subsoil; lies level; can cultivate with machinery. One-half in open land, balance in oak, hickory, poplar, cypress and other timber. Will sell for $25.00 per acre; terms if desired. If you are in the market for good farms it will pay you to see these before buying. Either farm is worth twice what I ask.

C. H. ARNOLD
Care Marion Hotel Atlanta, Ga.

IF you can't fight do your bit—buy a farm

Will mail upon request descriptive bulletin of 50 good farms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Telephone E. P. 416.

200 ACRES—In sight of railroad and depot; 3 houses, 40 acres in bottom land, 10 acres in pasture, 25 acres in timber. The crop on this place will bring more than we are asking for this tract. Price $55 per acre. Terms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell Phone East Point 416.

WANTED
FARMS WANTED

LIST your acreage with us at once, we have buyers. Wight Real Estate Co., 214 Empire bldg.

50 FARMS for sale. If interested will be glad to mail complete descriptive bulletin. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone E. P. 416.

$50 ACRE 400 acres in Colquitt county, under fence. Cash or trade. Near Moultrie. A. Graves, 12½ Wall st.

WE have farms for all purposes; improved and unimproved; stock, grain, cotton and truck. Shewmake Bros. Company, 1217 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone M. 4224.

$6,500 FOR desirable farm, 35 acres, new house and barn, 14 miles from Atlanta, 1 mile from railroad station. Box 126, Route 1, Smyrna, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

15% INCOME

GOOD section, main thoroughfare, on large corner lot, we have six negro houses producing the above income. Price, $4,500.00 on terms.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
208 EMPIRE BUILDING.

GRASP THIS—LAND IS SAFE

GRASP THE OPPORTUNITY, when it presents itself, as it does HERE.

In 3 MILES OF AUSTELL, GA., 100 acres fine, strong land. Soil is a mixture of gray, red pebble and mulatto. Very rich and productive. Sweet-water creek runs entire length on rear this land. Owner is not able to look after this splendid farm and has instructed us TO SELL.

Improvements: 2 houses and barns. Finest place in Cobb County for small stock farm.

We will sacrifice this land and make easy terms.

JUMP ON THIS QUICK—IT'S A BARGAIN

SEE US

L. C. GREEN COMPANY
607 Empire Building

YOU SAVE MONEY BUYING NOW

$7,000 BUYS A VERY CHOICE, full 7-room brick-veneer bungalow, new and up-to-date. It has hardwood floors, furnace, tile bath, concrete front porch, cement basement and driveway; nice, level lot, 50x180; near Druid Hills, on first-class street. Reasonable terms.

$23,500 BUYS A BEAUTIFUL Druid Hills home. It is a brick-veneer, 9 rooms, 2 tile baths, 3 lavatories, servant quarters complete, large garage and a very large, beautiful lot, and in the very best part of Druid Hills. If you want to buy the classiest little home out there, see us for terms.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
3RD. NATL. BK. BLDG. IVY 1276.

ANSLEY PARK LOT, $1,875

THIS LOT was taken for a debt, which will explain the low price; situated close to Piedmont avenue car line; desirable location for a home, or good investment. Easy terms.

HENRY B. SCOTT
IVY 3717. 214 EMPIRE BUILDING.

CHINA PROTESTS TO UNITED STATES

Against the Agreement Between This Country and Japan in Regard to Future of China.

Washington, November 12.—Formal protest against the agreement between the United States and Japan regarding China was lodged at the state department today by Dr. K. Wellington Koo, the Chinese minister, on instructions from his government.

The text of the document left by the minister was not made public, but it is understood that China objects to any such action affecting its interests without reference to the wishes of the Chinese people themselves. News that a similar protest had been filed at Tokio reached here unofficially yesterday.

It is probable that while the state department and the Japanese foreign office will respond at an early date with explanations and declarations of the absence of any sinister designs upon China, there will be no extended diplomatic exchanges on the subject of the protests.

Behind the Chinese objection to the manner in which the American-Japanese understanding was negotiated is the view that it is an unjust and dangerous theory that any nation has a right to assert a claim to special interests in another country without the latter's consent. Secretary Lansing, in announcing the agreement by which Japan's special interest in China is recognized and both countries re-affirm the "open door" policy and pledge the independence and territorial integrity of China, made it clear that the United States always has recognized and has itself asserted special interests in another country based upon propinquity. The Chinese government, however, is understood to be unwilling to subscribe to such a doctrine.

Intimations from Pekin that the legality in point of international law of this agreement might be called in question because it had not been submitted to the American senate in the form of a treaty, have made little impression upon officials here, who are satisfied that the understanding is of the same nature as the adjustment of the ugly questions arising from the immigration into the United States of Japanese coolie labor. This agreement never was submitted to the senate, nor will that made by Mr. Lansing and Count Ishii be laid before that body except perhaps for information.

DUTCH SHIPS AVAILABLE FOR USE BY THE ALLIES

An Atlantic Port, November 12.—Indications that a satisfactory arrangement has been concluded between the American and The Netherlands government officials whereby the more than 100 Dutch ships which have been tied up in United States ports for several months will be made available for use by the allies, were seen today in an announcement of the sailing late last week of the first of these ships. With a cargo of coal she is en route to South America, her articles of release requiring that she return with freight to an American port.

Neutral vessels lying idle in American ports are estimated to represent from 300,000 to 400,000 tons.

METHODISTS MAKE BUT FEW CHANGES

Continued From First Page.

C. V. Weathers; supplied, G. W. McElroy, one to be supplied; Atlanta, Grant Park, B. F. Pim, Jr.; Atlanta, Lakewood Heights and South Bend, S. H. Belk; Atlanta, Martha Brown Memorial and Marvin, J. O. Brand; Atlanta, Nellie Dodd, J. P. Wofford, supply; Atlanta, Park Street, Fletcher Walton; Atlanta, Saint John, W. H. Cooper; Atlanta, Saint Luke, A. D. Echols; Atlanta, Saint Paul, R. A. Edmondson; Atlanta, Trinity, C. O. Jones; Atlanta, Walker Street and Asbury, A. E. Sansburne, one to be supplied; Austell, J. E. Russell; Douglasville, A. Earnest; Douglasville circuit, G. P. Braswell, supply; East End circuit, C. P. Marchman; Fairburn and Bethany, J. A. Quillian; Hapeville, W. W. Clark; Jonesboro, W. J. Debardeleben; Kirkwood, J. W. King; Oakland City circuit, T. W. Darnell, one to be supplied; Stockbridge, W. A. Wells, one to be supplied; Union City, W. W. Cash; assistant editor of Wesleyan Christian Advocate, B. F. Eakes, Park Street, Q. C.; army Y. M. C. A. secretaries, J. C. Atkinson and C. L. Bass; district commissioner of education, Fletcher Walton; book editor, H. M. DuBose, Trinity, Q. C.; chaplain federal prison, J. A. Sewell.

Augusta District.

W. T. Irvine, presiding elder.

Augusta, Asbury, H. D. Pace; Augusta, Broadway, O. M. Hawkins; Augusta, St. James, A. M. Pierce; Augusta, St. John, J. S. Jenkins; Augusta, St. Luke and mission, A. F. Nunn; Augusta, Woodlawn, R. B. O. England; Culverton, W. W. Watkins; Dearing, G. C. Knowles; Devereaux, H. L. Hendrix; Gracewood, W. S. Gaines; Grovetown, E. A. Ware; W. C. Davis, junior preacher; Hancock, A. E. Silvey; Harlem, A. W. Quillian, Hepzibah and Blythe, B. H. Trammell; Mayfield, C. A. Hall; Messena, G. T. Shell; Norwood, W. O. Butler; Sparta, W. S. Robison; Thomson Station, Felton Williams; Thomson circuit, J. H. Farr; Warrenton, K. Read; vice president Paine college, R. L. Campbell; district commissioner of education, A. M. Pierce; conference secretary of missions, J. S. Jenkins.

Dalton District.

S. B. Ledbetter, presiding elder.

Adairsville, T. H. Maxwell; Calhoun, J. M. Radford; Calhoun circuit, J. J. M. Mize; Cartersville, S. A. Harris; Chatsworth, H. T. Smith; Chickamauga, F. G. Spearman; Dalton First church, J. D. Hammond; Dalton, Hamilton Street, D. A. McBreyer; Emerson, G. Speer; Eton, J. G. Lups, supply; Fairmount, W. C. Fox; Kingston, A. E. Scott; Lafayette and Rock Springs, J. A. Partridge; Lafayette circuit, N. A. Parsons; Lyerly, L. H. Green; Ringgold, J. S. Hill; Stilesboro, B. S. Fleming; Subligna, Nelson Hinesley; Summerville, J. E. Parker; Tilton circuit, V. B. Harrison; Trion, J. B. Gresham; Tunnel Hill, J. A. Griffies; Varnell circuit, F. R. Smith; White, L. M. Davidson; district commissioner of education, S. A. Harris.

Elberton District.

G. F. Venable, presiding elder.

Bowman circuit, J. C. Adams; Carnesville, H. M. Strozier; Center circuit, I. J. Lovern; Comer, W. D. Spence; Commerce, V. P. Scoville; Danielsville, M. A. Franklin. Elberton First church, J. G. Logan. Elbert circuit, C. N. Hays. Hart circuit, W. D. Stephenson; Hartwell, W. R. Foote; J. D. Turner supernumerary; Homer, L. L. Landrum; Lavonia, C. A. Norton; Lincolnton, H. O. Green; Maysville, G. L. King; Middleton, W. T. Watkins; Royston, T. M. Sullivan; South Lincolnton, S. A. Bales; Toccoa, J. E. Ellis. Toccoa circuit, G. H. Bailey. District commissioner of education, J. G. Logan.

Gainesville District.

J. W. Quillian, presiding elder.

Belton, T. M. Lee; Bethlehem, J. W. Brinsfield; Buford, G. W. Duval; Clarkesville and Demorest, L. B. Linn, and one to be supplied by G. T. Chandler. Clayton, A. P. Watkins and one to be supplied; Cleveland and mission, S. D. Cherry and one to be supplied by R. P. Etheridge; Cornelia, E. P. Eubanks; Dacula, J. A. Sprayberry; Dahlonega, W. M. Barnett; Duluth, T. L. Rutland; Flowery Branch, W. Greenway; Gainesville First church, G. M. Eakes; Gainesville, St. Paul, O. M. Ponder; New Holland, O. P. McDerment, supply. Hall circuit, R. T. Harrison; Hoschton, C. M. Verdel; Jefferson Station, V. E. Lanford. Jefferson circuit, D. B. Cantrell. Lumpkin circuit, Robert Stuard supply. Monroe circuit, W. M. Jones; Monroe Station, H. L. Edmondson. Pendergrass circuit, Z. V. Hawks; Winder, J. H. Mashburn. District commissioner of education, G. M. Eakes.

Griffin District.

W. L. Pierce, presiding elder.

Barnesville, Frank Quillian; Culloden and Yatesville, G. W. Tumlin; Fayetteville, J. D. Milton; Flovilla circuit, J. J. Copeland; Forsyth station, Olin King; Forsyth circuit, R. P. Tatum; Griffin First church, W. P. King; Griffin, Hanleiter Firley Baum; Griffin Third church and Kincaid, A. W. Conway, supply; Griffin circuit, A. B. Sanders; Hampton, W. D. McMullan; Inman, C. D. Read; Jackson, S. R. England; Jenkinsburg, J. P. Jones; Locust Grove, H. L. Bird; Milner, G. W. Hamilton; McDonough and Turners, H. S. Smith; The Rock, L. E. Wright; Thomaston, R. M. Dixon; Thomaston circuit, J. R. Turner; Zebulon, Arthur Maness; district commissioner of education, W. P. King; Army Y. M. C. A. secretary, N. B. Thompson.

LaGrange District.

B. P. Allen, presiding elder.

Bullochville circuit, W. R. England, and one to be supplied by Oscar Bulloch; Chipley, M. M. Walraven; Franklin, J. W. Bailey; Glenn circuit, S. R. Bracher; Grantville and Loneoak, P. A. Kellett; Greenville and Trinity, J. T. Eakes; Hogansville, Irby Henderson; LaGrange First church, S. E. Wasson; LaGrange, St. John, T. E. Fuller, supply; LaGrange Unity, B. L. Betts; Manchester, L. W. Collins; Moreland and Luthersville, H. H. Jones; Mountville, D. S. Patterson; Newnan, L. G. Johnson; Lovejoy Memorial circuit, J. G. Davis; Palmetto circuit, J. O. Pettis; Primrose circuit, W. E. Brown; Senoia, W. A. Maxwell; South LaGrange circuit, T. Z. B. Everton; Turin circuit, G. T. Sorrells; West Point station, W. G. Crawley; West Point circuit, A. M. Sprayberry; Woodbury circuit, E. D. Hale; district commissioner of education, S. E. Wasson.

Marietta District.

J. P. Ervin, presiding elder.

Acworth, S. H. Dimon; Alpharetta, C. F. Hughes; Blairsville, J. A. Chandler; Blue Ridge, J. H. Couch; Canton, M. B. Sams; Cumming, J. W. Gober; Dawsonville, C. G. White; Ellijay, F. C. Owens; Holbrook, R. I. Johnson, supply; Holly Springs, J. H. Bailey; Marietta, R. G. Smith; Marietta circuit, J. M. Crowe; Powder Springs, F. E. Jenkins; Roswell, W. J. Culpepper; Smyrna, V. L. Bray; Tate circuit, H. C. Emery; Wale-Ska, A. A. Sullivan; Woodstock, W. W. Gaines; Young Harris, W. E. Purcell; Young Harris college, J. L. Hall, president; E. M. Stanton, Jr., and A. O. Baggerly, professors; Reinhardt college, T. Hind, professor; A. A. Sullivan, financial agent; district commissioner of education, R. G. Smith.

Oxford District.

B. F. Fraser, presiding elder.

Baldwin, A. A. Tilly; Conyers Station, L. M. Twiggs; Covington, T. J. Christian; Eatonton and Mills, E. W. Jones; East Putnam, F. D. Cantrell; Gray, G. W. Barrett; Jones circuit, to be supplied; Lithonia, L. W. Rivers; Mansfield, W. A. Simmons; Midway, A. Warwick; Milledgeville, T. R. Kendall, Sr.; Milstead, B. P. Read; Monticello Station, W. R. Mackay; Monticello circuit, W. M. Twiggs; Newborn, J. F. Davis; Newton circuit, J. W. O. McKibbon; Oxford and North Covington, M. S. Williams; Porterdale and Liberty, W. A. Woodruff; Salem circuit, J. S. Strickland; Shadydale, B. F. Mize; Social circuit and Jersey, J. T. Robins; West Putnam circuit, J. M. Fowler; Emory university, E. F. Dempsey, professor; Emory University academy, A. M. Hughlett, head master; district commissioner of education, A. M. Hughlett; missionary to Hebrews, J. M. Agath; Sunday school field secretary, W. B. Dillard, Oxford Q. C.; student Emory university, C. P. Parris, Oxford, Q. C.; student Columbia university, R. H. Blackshear.

Rome District.

J. R. King, presiding elder.

Aragon, R. F. Elrod; Armuchee, G. B. Barton; Bowdon and Shiloh, M. K. Patillo; Bowdon circuit, G. A. Chambers; Buchanan and Bremen, J. W. Veatch; Carrollton Station, W. T. Hamby; Carrollton circuit, C. T. Ivey; Cave Springs, J. H. Hardy; Cedartown station, W. T. Hunnicutt; Cedartown circuit, W. R. Kennedy; Dallas, Thomas M. Elliott; Draketown, J. B. Legg supply; Lindale, J. E. Cline; North Rome circuit, G. L. Chastaine; Rockmart, W. S. Branham; Rome, First church, T. R. Kendall, Jr.; Rome, Second Avenue, G. M. Acree; Rome, South Broad, L. W. Browder; Rome, Trinity, W. P. Carmichael; Rome circuit, J. T. Pendley; Roopville circuit, Lucien Roper; Tallapoosa, H. L. Thomson; Villa Rica and Wesley chapel, T. J. Branson; Waco, J. M. Cook, supply; Whitesburg and mission, J. R. Speer; district commissioner of education, W. T. Hamby; army Y. M. C. A. secretary, C. L. Middlebrooks.

Transferred—To South Georgia conference, A. S. Truelock; to North Arkansas conference, S. B. Wiggins; to Tennessee conference, W. C. Folks; to the Louisville conference, V. P. Henry.

ARMY OF HUNTERS BAG ONE 'POSSUM

Continued From First Page.

of the party ran a close second. Perched in the top of a lean, brachless sapling was B'er 'Possum. A very young brother he was, and about the forlornest-looking creature in the world. But a 'possum he was, and just to prove that the hunters actually captured the quarry the sapling was bent down by two buck negroes, while everybody crowded around and had their picture made by flash-light with the 'possum in the middle. Shaw reached up and with a motion quick as lightning nabbed him by the back of the neck and stuffed him in a sack.

Once more the dogs "treed" and made a water haul. A third time they set up a yelp and this time had the real goods, but they had to cut the tree down and B'rr 'Possum made good his escape.

Ends With Prayer.

While they waited for the dogs to find another trail a fire was built in the woods, and everybody sang tabernacle songs, Rody told stories and Billy Sunday made a short talk. The dogs didn't seem to be able to produce again, however, and Ma Sunday dismissed the camp fire meeting with prayer.

The crowd trudged back to "Pine-Hurst" as happy as if they had caught every 'possum in Upson county, and Mrs. McConnell found more food from some mysterious and apparently inexhaustable source.

Billy Picks Cotton.

Bob Matthews took his seat at the piano and Rody got out his trombone, and everybody had a regular old-fashioned singing.

Billy Sunday thought that 'possum hunting was great sport and said he hoped he'd have another chance at it before he leaves Georgia. In fact, Billy had a great time all afternoon and night. He put on overalls and old straw hat in the afternoon and picked cotton. "Ma" Sunday tried her hand at picking cotton, too, but unintentionally picked more cockle burs than she did cotton. The whole party had a fling at about every kind of work and fun that a real southern plantation affords.

The party broke up about 11 o'clock and everybody hit the hay, and "believe me," after that tramp, through the woods, up hill and down dale for more than two hours in the dark, they hit the hay an awful wallop. The party expects to get back to Atlanta Tuesday morning at 10:45 o'clock.

PROBLEM OF TAXES WILL BE DISCUSSED

Continued From First Page.

lenced and hampered by the lack of any means by which the states may deliberate and act together.

He said that legislative powers in this country are divided between the national government and the states on the principle "that the national government should deal with those departments of national life in which like conditions throughout the country require uniform and centralized legislation, whereas the states should control those departments in which variety of legislation is required to properly meet unlike local conditions. Our present difficulties are due to the failure to apply this principle to the ever-changing conditions of national life."

The root of the matter, he says, lies in the lack of any agency by which the states may act together either to enact uniform laws, where uniformity is required in the public interest, or to keep decide what is the best separation of functions between the states and the national government.

As a result, some things are being handled by the states, he said, which would be better taken care of by the national government, and the whole nation suffers from adverse and contradictory state laws in matters where the public welfare requires uniformity.

This lacking agency for united expression and action by the states, Professor Fairchild called "the missing wheel in our machinery of government." He hinted that the present conference might possibly be the first step towards supplying the missing wheel.

Warns Delegates.

Professor Fairchild took occasion to warn the delegates against approaching their tasks in a spirit of rivalry between the states and the nation. He said that the ordinary citizen has little interest in such a contest. He is a citizen of both state and nation, and is interested simply in having the public business done efficiently and economically. He also warned against doing anything that would duplicate or hamper the work of other organizations working along these lines, such as the uniform law commission and the National Tax association.

A motion at the end of the list of speakers to appoint a committee of nine delegates for permanent organization was unanimously indorsed. Likewise a motion to appoint a credentials committee of seven members, was passed. The motion to appoint a resolutions committee, consisting of seven members, was introduced by Professor Fairchild, and passed after some discussion. All of the committees will make their report at the Friday afternoon session, the next meeting of the council.

All of the delegates will attend the sessions of the National Tax association, which holds its first session this morning.

MORTUARY

Rowena Dean McGaughey.

Rowena Dean McGaughey, the 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carroll B. McGaughey, died last night at the residence, 302 Moreland avenue.

Thomas F. Kennedy.

Thomas F. Kennedy, 78 years old, died Monday morning at the Soldiers' home. A son, Dr. Kennedy, of Cooledge, Ga., survives him. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Rand Taylor.

Rand Taylor, 23 years old, died last night at 10 o'clock at the military base hospital at Fort McPherson. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

D. O. Keefe.

D. O. Keefe, 62 years old, of Birmingham, Ala., died Monday morning at a private hospital. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

Mrs. E. B. Wortham.

Mrs. E. B. Wortham, 28 years old, of Luthersville, Ga., a niece of Colonel John F. Methvin, of Atlanta, died last night at a private hospital. She is survived by her husband and five children. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Georgia Rosa Hughes.

Georgia Rosa Hughes, 2-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hughes, died Monday morning at 4 o'clock at the residence on McDonough road. Besides her parents, she is survived by one sister. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

R. A. Wethington.

R. A. Wethington, 35 years old, died last night at 9:40 o'clock at the residence, 301 Cheney street, East Point. He is survived by his wife, one son, R. A. Wethington, Jr., and three daughters, Misses Thelma, Grace and Catherine Wethington.

John Lane, Valdosta.

Valdosta, Ga., November 12.—(Special.)—John Lane, a prominent farmer, died suddenly Sunday evening at his home three miles north of the city, of heart disease. Mr. Lane was 55 years old, a son of the late R. Y. Lane. He is survived by his aged mother, Mrs. Tilman Lane; a son and by four brothers, W. T. and Ben L. Lane, of Valdosta; M. B. Lane, of Savannah, and Edward W. Lane, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. S. E. Tebow.

Mrs. S. E. Tebow, 67 years old, died Monday morning at her home in College Park. She is survived by three sons, J. E. and A. L. Tebow, of Atlanta, and O. E. Tebow, of Appalachicola, Fla.; four daughters Miss Emma Tebow, of Atlanta; Mrs. J. R. Gilland and Mrs. J. W. Reeves, of College Park, and Mrs. C. C. Freeman, of College Park, and one sister, Mrs. T. J. Langley, of Camp Hill, Ala. The body was removed to the chapel of Awtry & Lowndes.

MISS LOUISE JENKINS DIES IN NEW YORK CITY

News was received in Atlanta Monday of the death of Miss Louise Jenkins in New York. She was the daughter of Judge and Mrs. James Jenkins, formerly prominent residents of Atlanta. Judge Jenkins, 10 years ago, was appointed as a judge of the first instant in the Philippines, which position he held until a few months ago, when he resigned and moved with his family to New York.

Miss Jenkins was a granddaughter of the late Colonel W. L. Scruggs, of Atlanta. She was a first honor graduate of the Girls' High school of this city, and has many friends who will be grieved at the news of her death in New York.

She is survived by, in addition to her parents, three sisters, Mrs. W. L. Meadows, of Atlanta, and Misses Eunice and Susie Jenkins, of New York; also by three brothers, William, of Atlanta, and Carl and Theodore Jenkins, of New York.

CARUSO AND STARS FURNISH A THRILL NOT DOWN ON BILL

New York, November 12.—The Metropolitan opera season opened tonight with a thrill not on the bill. The curtain had fallen on the second act of Verdi's masterpiece, "Aida," and the audience, which packed the historic opera house from pit to topmost gallery, was thundering its applause when the curtain arose again and the throng was hushed.

Out from the wings single file, led by Enrio Caruso, marched five of the world's greatest singers—Pasquale Amato, Claudio Muzio, Margareto Matzenauer and Basil Ruysdael. Back of them all the members of the great chorus took their places.

Then as Ruysdael unfolded a large American flag the magnificent orchestra, led for the first time by Roberto Moranzoni, broke into the strains of the "Star Spangled Banner." Caruso, singing in English for the first time on the stage of the Metropolitan, and the other members of the quinted took up the words of the national anthem and the chorus swept into the refrain.

Rising with the first strains of the anthem, the great audience waited until the final notes and then burst into a veritable frenzy of patriotic cheer.

Men and women in the glittering horseshoe vied with those in the galleries far above their heads in their applause.

Grant opera began paying toll to the federal war chest tonight. General Director Gatti-Cassa believes the weekly tax will approximate $2,000. Treble this amount would have been collected had not the treasury department ruled that season subscriptions paid for prior to November 1 were exempt from taxation.

"The great war has not affected the interest in music," said the director. "In fact our receipts for this season were $30,000 greater this year than last, which was our record season. Opera lovers appear to pay the tax cheerfully and gladly."

FLA. SENATOR INDICTED FOR OPPOSING DRAFT

Pensacola, Fla., November 12.—The federal grand jury here today returned an indictment against State Senator J. L. Sheppard, of Gadsden county, Florida, charging him with opposing the army draft law. The indictment charged Senator Sheppard introduced a resolution at a farmers' meeting in Gadsden county condemning the draft law and expressing determination to resist it, claiming it was unconstitutional.

It also was charged that during the last session of the Florida legislature in Tallahassee Sheppard declared he did not intend to permit his son to register under the selective draft law and would forcibly resist any attempts to compel his son to register.

Chaloner Wins Libel Suit.

Washington, November 12.—The District of Columbia court of appeals today reaffirmed a verdict of the district supreme court, rendered nearly two years ago awarding John Armstrong Chaloner, of Merry Mills, Va., $10,000 in a libel suit against The Washington Post. Chaloner sued for $50,000. The suit grew out of an account of the shooting of John Gillard, an Englishman, on the Chaloner estate in Virginia.

TWO ATLANTA MEN GET COMMISSIONS

Jefferson E. Brown Is Appointed First Lieutenant and Roscoe J. Spence Is Made Second Lieutenant.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 12.—(Special.)—The board of signal corps officers sent from Washigton to the reserve officers' training camp at Fort Oglethorpe to pass upon the qualifications of candidates for commissions in the signal officers' reserve corps today announced the following commissions:

First Lieutenants—George A. Hulbert, St. Elmo, Tenn.; Cabriel B. J. Duval, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Edward E. G. Roberts, Anniston, Ala.; James W. Riser, Birminghan, Ala.; Thomas Donaldson, Raleigh, N. C.; Matt M. Bries, Wilkinsburg, Pa.; Henry Louis Rogers, Memphis, Tenn.; Frank H. Blythe, Philadelphia, Pa.; Henry T. Ross, Brunswick, Ga.; Arthur B. Gabel, Lancaster, Pa.; Jefferson E. Brown, Atlanta; Robert O. Robinson, Pittsburg.

Second Lieutenants—Andrew P. Monroe, Philadelphia; Roscoe J. Spence, Atlanta; Clyde A. Byrd, Arcadia, Fla.; James H. Carpenter, Frankfort, Pa.; Benjamin Franklin, Jr., Philadelphia; William W. Wood, Birmingham; Henry Daniels, Pittsburg, Pa.

According to unofficial, but authentic information received at Fort Oglethorpe, the efficiency board is authorized to commission 21 majors of infantry, 40 captains and 702 first lieutenants for active service. The artillery regiment is apportioned eight majors, 35 captains and 190 first lieutenants. The second lieutenants commissioned and assigned to regular army organizations will number 100 infantry, 25 cavalry and 50 field artillery. Orders have been received by the efficiency board to complete its work Wednesday.

Jefferson E. Brown, who was appointed a first lieutenant, comes of a family of fighters. He is the son of the late Jefferson E. Brown, who ran away from school during the civil war to join the forces of the confederacy. He served during the war as courier for General Longstreet.

Mr. Brown was in the employ of the Southern Bell Telephone company in Henderson, N. C., and later in Atlanta, prior to entering the army training camp.

He was born in Newberry, S. C., and moved to Atlanta about two years ago, living with his mother at 142 West Peachtree street. He is a nephew of the late Colonel P. Bates, of Edgefield, S. C., who was killed at Green Pond, S. C., and is a cousin of J. Epps Brown, of Atlanta.

Billy Sunday Will Celebrate His 55th Birthday on Monday

The Rev. Billy Sunday was born on November 19, 1862. That makes him exactly 55 years old next Monday. In one important respect this is the most important birthday he has ever had, because it is the first he ever spent in Atlanta.

No special celebration has yet been announced for the occasion, unless the fact that Billy is going to break over his rule of making Monday his day of recreation and speak to a big meeting for colored people on that day, is a celebration. Maybe it is, because Billy's notion of things is generally a little different from the average man's, and it is possible he thinks working a little harder is a good way to celebrate. The way he works every time he gets up on that platform, though, would make any harder work a subject for celebration as an achievement of the impossible.

Latimer Appointed To Represent Lyman In Fight for Liberty

W. Carroll Latimer was yesterday appointed by Judge W. T. Newman, in the United States court, to act for Mrs. John Grant Lyman in the fight she has started to secure her husband's release from the federal prison through habeas corpus proceedings. Dr. Lyman was convicted of two charges of misuse of the mails, and how that he has completed one term, claims that the sentences were concurrent and that he has served his time.

The hearing of the petition was postponed until Mr. Latimer has had time to familiarize himself with the facts in the case and can prepare an amendment to her petition.

MORE POWER IS GIVEN TO I. C. COMMISSION

Washington, November 12.—The interstate commerce commission, the supreme court held today, has authority to compel railroads to establish through routes and joint rates in connection with other carriers.

LODGE NOTICES

The regular communication of Gate City Lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred by the senior warden. J. Albert Woolley. A special musical program has been arranged. All qualified and sojourning brethren are cordially and fraternally invited.

By order of
JOHN W. BACHMAN, W. M.
H. W. DENT, Secretary.

The regular communication of Capital City Lodge, No. 642, F. & A. M., will be held in Fraternity hall, 423½ Marietta street, this (Tuesday) evening, November 13, 1917, commencing at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The Master Mason degree will be conferred. Candidates for examination and advancement are requested to present themselves promptly. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of
W. W. WAITS, W. M.
ED T. MINCEY, Secretary.

A regular convention of Uniform Lodge, No. 123, Knights of Pythias, meets tonight (Tuesday) at 8:00 o'clock in Pythian Castle Hall, ninth floor Forsyth building, corner Forsyth and Luckie streets. All qualified Pythians are cordially invited to attend. By order of
M. M. BOYD, C. C.
B. L. OWENS, K. R. & S.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

HUGHES—The friends of Georgia Rose Hughes, the two-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hughes; Mrs. Lyda Neltner, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. McWethey, Mrs. Sara J. Hughes, are invited to attend the funeral of Georgia Rose Hughes this, Tuesday, afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence on McDonough road, Rev. William Kershaw will officiate. Interment West View cemetery. Greenberg & Bond Co., funeral directors in charge.

MCGAUGHEY—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Carroll B. McGaughey, Mr. Frank S. McGaughey, Sr., Mr. Frank S. McGaughey, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Howell M. McGaughey, of Kansas City, and Mrs. Al Yeager are invited to attend the funeral of Rowena Dean McGaughey this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, 303 North Moreland avenue. The following named gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at 2 o'clock: Messrs. C. J. Hill, R. H. Park, C. [illegible] ppan and M. G. Couch. Interment (private) in West View cemetery.

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Will offer for sale GRIFFIN HARDWARE CO. stock, amounting to Thirty-Eight Thousand ($38,000.00) Dollars, at Rome, Georgia, on Broad Street, between 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., November 20th, 1917, at public outcry.
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For full information, apply to
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BIDS WANTED
Contract for furnishing this institution with four hundred barrels (400) Best Patent Flour in Wood will be awarded Wednesday, November 21. All information concerning this award will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.
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ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
GEORGIA Fulton County—
By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county granted at the January term, 1916, there will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property of the estate of Walter L. McGill, deceased, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, in land lot number fifty (50) of the fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the east side of Courtland street one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, more or less, north of the northeast corner of Pine street and Courtland street or Courtland avenue; thence north along the east side of Courtland street fifty-two and one-half (52½) feet to a 16-foot alley; thence running east along the south side of said alley one hundred and forty-two (142) feet; thence south 52½ feet; thence west one hundred and forty-two (142) feet to the beginning point on Courtland street, or Courtland avenue, and being known as No. 451 Courtland street.
Terms one-fourth cash, balance in one, two and three years with interest at seven (7) per cent from date.
CHARLES D. M'KINNEY,
Administrator.
GREEN, TILSON & M'KINNEY, Attorneys.

NOTICE is given of the intention of the RHODE ISLAND HOSPITAL TRUST COMPANY, as Administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Julia Grinnell, to transfer to Miss Mary Grinnell three shares of the preferred capital stock of Georgia Railway and Electric Company, represented by Certificate G-934, standing in the name of said Julia Grinnell.

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